# Financial Statements and Supplemental Data

Year Ended June 30, 2007

(With Independent Auditors' Report Thereon)

# Financial Statements and Supplemental Data

Year Ended June 30, 2007

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Board of Directors Indio Redevelopment Agency Indio, California

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Indio Redevelopment Agency (Agency), a component unit of the City of Indio, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007, which collectively comprise the Agency's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Indio Redevelopment Agency. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. The prior year partial comparative information has been derived from the financial statements of the Indio Redevelopment Agency for the year ended June 30, 2006 and, in our report dated October 13, 2006, we expressed an unqualified opinion on those financial statements.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Indio Redevelopment Agency as of June 30, 2007, and the respective changes in financial position, of the Indio Redevelopment Agency for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The Agency has not presented management's discussion and analysis that the Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined is necessary to supplement, although not required to be a part of, the basic financial statements.

The information identified in the accompanying table of contents as required supplementary information is not required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Board of Directors Indio Redevelopment Agency Page Two

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 14, 2007, on our consideration of the Indio Redevelopment Agency's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit preformed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Mayer Hoffman Mc Cann P.C.

Irvine, California December 14, 2007

# INDIO REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY Statement of Net Assets

June 30, 2007

	Governmental Activities		
	<u>2007</u>	2006	
Assets:			
Cash and investments (note 3)	\$ 15,492,189	8,770,908	
Cash and investments with fiscal agent (note 3)	9,631,282	13,029,326	
Accounts receivable	2,592	-	
Due from other governments	551,934	262,545	
Interest receivable	89,631	25,951	
Notes receivable (note 8)	1,783,242	144,220	
Prepaid items	-	163,901	
Deferred charges	1,064,986	1,103,021	
Land held for resale	28,762,082	26,210,461	
Total assets	57,377,938	49,710,333	
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable	139,118	358,784	
Accrued liabilities	3,932	10,906	
Pass-through payable	2,282,370	1,819,886	
Interest payable	2,001,389	1,792,922	
Long-term liabilities (notes 4 and 5):			
Due within one year	1,195,000	830,000	
Due in more than one year	40,086,584	41,274,842	
Total liabilities	45,708,393	46,087,340	
Net assets (deficit):			
Restricted for:			
Low and moderate housing	6,738,894	4,553,706	
Economic development	7,094,833	10,281,671	
Debt service	3,368,806	5,449,293	
Unrestricted	(5,532,988)	(16,661,677)	
Total net assets (deficit)	\$ 11,669,545	3,622,993	

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

## Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2007

		P	rogram Reveni			
			Operating	Capital		
		Charges for	Contributions	Contributions	Governmenta	l Activities
	Expenses	Services	and Grants	and Grants	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
Governmental activities	:					
Community						
development	\$ 1,912,989	-	-	~	(1,912,989)	(162,688)
Low and moderate						
housing	163,598	-	•••	-	(163,598)	(57,447)
Interest and other						
fiscal charges	2,678,294		_		(2,678,294)	(2,781,555)
Total governmental						
activities	\$ 4,754,881	_	_	_	(4,754,881)	(3,001,690)
		General reve	enues:			
Taxes:						
Tax increment 9,5						6,609,108
		Investmen	nt income	1,062,356	1,076,583	
		Rental inc	come		445,359	413,213
		Sale of pr	operty		1,411,937	-
		Miscellen	eous revenues		342,610	602,842
		Tota	l general reven	ues	12,801,433	8,701,746
		Char	nge in net asset	S	8,046,552	5,700,056
						,
		Net assets (	deficit) at begin	ning of year	3,622,993	(2,077,063)
		`	, 2	<i>-</i> ,		
Net assets at end of year				\$11,669,545	3,622,993	

#### Governmental Funds

# Balance Sheet June 30, 2007

_	Special Revenue Low and Moderate	Debt Service Redevelopment Debt	Service Projects edevelopment Redevelopment		tals
_	Housing	Service	Projects	<u>2007</u>	<u>2006</u>
<u>Assets</u>					
Assets:					
Cash and investments (note 3)	\$ 4,479,374	2,953,906	8,058,909	15,492,189	8,770,908
Cash with fiscal agent (note 3)	339,083	9,292,199	-	9,631,282	13,029,326
Accounts receivable	-	~	2,592	2,592	-
Due from other governments	110,387	441,547	-	551,934	262,545
Interest receivable	31,271	58,357	3	89,631	25,951
Notes receivable (note 8)	1,783,242	<u>~</u>	~	1,783,242	144,220
Prepaid items	-	-	-	-	163,901
Land held for resale	-	_	28,762,082	28,762,082	26,210,461
Total assets	\$ 6,743,357	12,746,009	36,823,586	56,312,952	48,607,312
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ . 531	-	138,587	139,118	358,784
Accrued liabilities	3,932	-	_	3,932	10,906
Pass-through payable	-	2,282,370	_	2,282,370	1,819,886
Total liabilities	4,463	2,282,370	138,587	2,425,420	2,189,576
Fund balances:					
Reserved for:					
Encumbrances	-		102,853	102,853	29,776
Debt service	-	3,368,806	-	3,368,806	5,449,293
Prepaids	-		-	-	163,901
Construction projects	-	7,094,833	-	7,094,833	10,281,671
Notes receivable	1,783,242	•	-	1,783,242	144,220
Land held for resale	-	-	28,762,082	28,762,082	26,210,461
Low and moderate housing	4,955,652	-	-	4,955,652	4,409,486
Unreserved, reported in:					
Capital projects fund	-	•	7,820,064	7,820,064	(271,072)
Total fund balances	6,738,894	10,463,639	36,684,999	53,887,532	46,417,736
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 6,743,357	12,746,009	36,823,586	56,312,952	48,607,312

# INDIO REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY Governmental Funds

# Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Fund balances of governmental funds

\$ 53,887,532

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Assets are different because:

Long term liabilities that have not been included in governmental fund activity:

Loans payable	(7,495,000)
Bonds payable	(31,905,000)
Unamortized bond issuance costs	1,064,986
Advances from the City of Indio	(1,881,584)

Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on bonds payable has not been reported in the governmental funds.

(2,001,389)

Net assets of governmental activities

\$ 11,669,545

# INDIO REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY Governmental Funds

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Special	Debt	Capital		
_	Revenue	Service	Projects		
	Low and	Redevelopment	Redevelopment		
	Moderate	Debt	Capital	Tot	als
	Housing	Service	Projects	<u>2007</u>	2006
Revenues:					
Tax increment	\$ 2,437,065	9,748,261	-	12,185,326	8,976,030
Investment income	206,198	842,552	13,606	1,062,356	1,076,583
Rental income	-	-	445,359	445,359	413,213
Sale of property	-	-	1,411,937	1,411,937	-
Miscellaneous	33,427	_	309,183	342,610	602,842
Total revenues	2,676,690	10,590,813	2,180,085	15,447,588	11,068,668
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Community development	364	700	1,912,289	1,912,989	2,845,990
Low and moderate income housing	163,598		, ,	163,598	57,447
Debt service:				·	,
Principal	-	445,000	378,258	823,258	765,158
Interest and fiscal charges	-	2,431,792	41,742	2,473,534	2,586,894
Pass-through payments	-	2,646,155	-	2,646,155	2,068,019
ERAF payment		_	-	_	298,903
Total expenditures	163,598	5,523,647	2,332,289	8,019,534	8,622,411
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	2,513,092	5,067,166	(152,204)	7,428,054	2,446,257
Other financing sources (uses):					
Interfund transfers in (note 6)	_	327,904	10,662,395	10,990,299	12,834,645
Interfund transfers out (note 6)	(327,904)	•	-	(10,990,299)	(12,834,645)
Issuance of advances	-	-	41,742	41,742	44,842
Transfers to City of Indio	-	-	,	-	(117,621)
Transfers from City of Indio		_	-	_	2,756,081
Total other financing sources (uses)	(327,904)	(10,334,491)	10,704,137	41,742	2,683,302
Net change in fund balances	2,185,188	(5,267,325)	10,551,933	7,469,796	5,129,559
Fund balances at the beginning of year	4,553,706	15,730,964	26,133,066	46,417,736	41,288,177
Fund balances at the end of the year	\$ 6,738,894	10,463,639	36,684,999	53,887,532	46,417,736

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

# INDIO REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2007

Net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$	7,469,796
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities is different because:		
Repayment of outstanding debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Assets.		
Loans payable		210,000
Bonds payable		235,000
Advances from the City of Indio		378,258
Bond issuance costs are amortized in the Statements of Activities, but are not		
reflected in the governmental funds.		
Bond issuance costs		(38,035)
Accrued interest expense related to long-term liabilities. This amount is the		
difference between the amount of interest paid and the amount of interest		
incurred on long-term liabilities.		(208,467)
Changes in net assets of governmental activities	<u>\$</u>	8,046,552

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies of the Indio Redevelopment Agency (Agency):

#### (a) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The basic financial statements of the Agency are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to the basic financial statements

#### Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government (including its blended component units), as well as its discretely presented component units. The Indio Redevelopment Agency has no business-type activities or discretely presented component units. Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by function to which they were allocated). However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the Agency.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. The basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

Program revenues include charges for services and payments made by parties outside of the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

#### (a) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, (Continued)

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as expenditures.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the Agency is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are presented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. Fiduciary statements include financial information for fiduciary funds and similar component units. Fiduciary funds primarily represent assets held by the Agency in a custodial capacity for other individuals or organizations. The Agency has no nonmajor funds, enterprise funds, or fiduciary funds.

#### Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds and agency funds are presented using the *modified-accrual basis of accounting*. Their revenues are recognized when they become *measurable* and *available* as net current assets. *Measurable* means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. *Available* means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The Agency uses a sixty day availability period.

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

#### (a) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, (Continued)

Revenue recognition is subject to the *measurable* and *available* criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. *Exchange transactions* are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services provided). *Locally imposed derived tax revenues* are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. *Imposed non-exchange* transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. *Government-mandated and voluntary non-exchange transactions* are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

In the fund financial statements, government funds are presented using the *current financial resources measurement focus*. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Non-current portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus. Special reporting treatments are used to indicate, however, that they should not be considered "available spendable resources," since they do not represent net current assets. Recognition of governmental fund type revenues represented by noncurrent receivables are deferred until they become current receivables. Noncurrent portions of long-term receivables are offset by fund balance reserve accounts.

Because of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect net current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as *expenditures* in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an *other financing source* rather than as a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

#### (a) Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus, (Continued)

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are combined in a fund, expenditures are considered to be paid first from restricted resources, and then from unrestricted resources.

#### (b) Major Funds

The following funds are presented as major funds in the accompanying basic financial statements:

<u>Special Revenue</u>, <u>Low and Moderate Housing Fund</u> – To account for the required 20% set aside of property tax increments that is legally restricted for increasing or improving housing for low and moderate income households.

<u>Redevelopment Debt Service Fund</u> – To account for the accumulation of resources for the payment of debt service for bond principal, interest and trustee fees.

<u>Redevelopment Capital Projects Fund</u> – To account for the bond proceeds, interest and other funding that will be used for development, planning, construction and land acquisition.

#### (c) Relationship to the City of Indio

The Indio Redevelopment Agency is an integral part of the reporting entity of the City of Indio. The funds of the Agency have been included within the scope of the comprehensive annual financial report of the City because the City is financially accountable. Only the funds and account groups of the Agency are included herein and these financial statements, therefore, do not purport to represent the financial position or results of operations of the City of Indio, California.

#### (d) Tax Increment Revenue

The Agency has no power to levy and collect taxes, and any legislative property tax de-emphasis might necessarily reduce the amount of tax revenues that would otherwise be available to pay the principal of, and interest on loans from the City of Indio ("City"). Broadened property tax exemptions could have a similar effect. Conversely, any increase in the tax rate or assessed valuation, or any reduction or elimination of present exemptions would necessarily increase the amount of tax revenues that would be available to pay principal and interest on tax allocation bonds or loans from the City.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### (1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, (Continued)

#### (e) <u>Investments</u>

Investments are reported in the accompanying balance sheet at fair value.

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment income* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment income* includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

The Agency pools cash and investments of all funds. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as *cash and investments*. Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance.

#### (f) Land Held for Resale

Land held for resale consists of property acquired by the Agency and intended to be sold to private developers. Land held for resale is valued at the lower of cost or market.

#### (g) Budgetary Reporting

The budgets of the Agency are primarily long-term budgets which emphasize major programs and capital outlay plans extending over a number of years. Because of the long-term nature of the projects, annual comparisons are not considered meaningful and, accordingly, no budgetary information is included in the accompanying financial statements.

#### (h) Comparative Data

Selected information regarding the prior year has been included in the accompanying financial statements. This information has been included for comparison purposes only and does not represent a complete presentation in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the Agency's prior year financial statements, from which this selected financial data was derived. Certain minor reclassifications of prior year data have been made in order to enhance their comparability with current year figures.

#### (i) Deferred Charges

Bond discounts and issuance costs are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which materially approximates the effective interest method. Bond discounts are presented as a reduction of the face amount of the bonds payable whereas issuance costs are recorded as an asset, unamortized bond issuance costs.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### (2) Creation of the Indio Redevelopment Agency

The Indio Redevelopment Agency was formed in 1962 to initiate and implement two federally funded urban renewal projects – "Indio Centre" and "Mecca Vineyards". Both of these projects have completed their obligations under the federal contracts.

In 1981, the City Council re-activated the Agency under State Community Redevelopment Law and four survey areas were approved and considered for redevelopment activity. In July, 1981, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 862, "Indio Centre Project Amendment No. 4" which expanded the Indio Centre Project from 57 acres to 909 acres.

A second project area of approximately 1,715 acres called the "Date Capital Redevelopment Project Area" was established in 1985. In July 1985, the City Council adopted Ordinance No. 923, "Redevelopment Enabling Plan for the Date Capital Redevelopment Project". The first tax increment revenue from this new project area was received in Fiscal Year 1986-1987.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2000, the Board of Directors passed a resolution merging the two existing project areas together to form one merged project area called the "Merged Area".

#### Goals and Objectives

The Redevelopment Project Area within the City of Indio includes a number of conditions which are specified in the California Health and Safety Code as characteristic of blight.

The general objectives of the Enabling Plans include eliminating such conditions of blight by providing needed public improvements; by encouraging rehabilitation and repair deteriorated structures; by facilitating land assembly and private development which will result in employment opportunities and an expanded tax base; and by promoting development in accordance with General Policies and Development Plan of the City of Indio.

More particularly, redevelopment seeks to forge partnerships between the public and private sectors in an effort to reach overall objectives, in a process that requires cooperation and participation among residents, business persons, community organizations, and public agencies in the revitalization of the merged project area. The partnerships may be ad hoc, formal or informal. Civic involvement in the redevelopment process is an underlying priority of the Indio Redevelopment Agency.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### (3) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2007 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net assets:

Cash and investments Cash and investments held by bond trustee	\$15,492,189 <u>9,631,282</u>
Total cash and investments	\$25,123,471

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2007 consist of the following:

Investments	\$25,123,471
Total cash and investments	\$25,123,471

#### Investments Authorized by the California Government Code

The authority has funds that are included as part of the City of Indio investment portfolio. The funds deposited within the City's investment portfolio are subject to the City's investment policy. Disclosures regarding the City's investment portfolio are included in the City's Annual Audited Financial Report.

#### Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

Investment of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the Agency's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum <u>Maturity</u>	Percentage Allowed	Investment In One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	270 days	None	None
Investment Contracts	30 years	None	None
***	•		

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### (3) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

#### Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the Agency manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the Agency's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the Agency's investments by maturity:

		Remaining Maturing (in Months)			
Investment Type	<u>Total</u>	12 Months Or Less	13 to 36 Months	36 to 60 Months	More Than 60 Months
City investment pool State Investment Pool	\$ 7,372,234 8,119,955	7,372,234 8,119,955	<u>-</u>	-	-
Held by bond trustee: Money market funds	9,631,282	9,631,282	***		
Total	<u>\$25,123,471</u>	<u>25,123,471</u>		-	-

#### Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the Agency's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of year end for each investment type.

		Minimum	Exempt	Rating	g as of	Year End Not
Investment Type	Total	Legal <u>Rating</u>	From <u>Disclosure</u>	AAA	<u>Aa</u>	Rated
City investment pool	\$ 7,372,234	N/A	<u></u>	-		7,372,234
State Investment Pool	8,119,955	N/A	900	ma	~	8,119,955
Held by bond trustee: Money market funds	339,083	AA	-	339,083	-	
Money market funds	9,292,199			9,292,199		<b>***</b>
Total	\$25,123,471			9,631,282	SAME AND STREET AND STREET AND STREET	15,492,189

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

### (3) Cash and Investments, (Continued)

#### Custodial Credit Risk

The Agency does not have significant separate certificates of deposit or demand accounts held by bond trustee that are subject to disclosable custodial credit risk (as defined by GASB Statement No. 40). The Agency does not have direct investments in securities subject to disclosable custodial credit risk (as defined by GASB Statement No. 40).

For the investments held by bond trustee, the bond trustee selects the investment under the terms of the applicable trust agreement, acquires the investment, and holds the investment on behalf of the reporting government.

#### Investment in State Investment Pool

The Agency is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the Agency's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the Agency's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

#### (4) Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2007 was as follows:

	Balance at July 1, 2006	Additions	Reductions	Balance at June 30, 2007	Amount due within one year	Amount due beyond one year
Advances from the City of Indio Loans from the Indio	\$ 2,259,842	-	(378,258)	1,881,584	420,000	1,461,584
Public Financing Authority 1999 Revenue	7,705,000	-	(210,000)	7,495,000	220,000	7,275,000
Refunding Bonds	3,620,000	-	(140,000)	3,480,000	145,000	3,335,000
2004 A Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds	9,665,000	-	(95,000)	9,570,000	100,000	9,470,000
2004 B Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds	18,855,000		_	18,855,000	310,000	18,545,000
Totals	\$42,104,842		( <u>823,258</u> )	41,281,584	1,195,000	40,086,584

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### (4) Long-Term Liabilities, (Continued)

#### Loans from the Indio Public Financing Authority

The loans payable outstanding aggregating \$7,495,000 at June 30, 2007 are as follows:

#### Taxable Loan, Series A - \$1,105,000

On August 1, 1997, the Authority loaned \$1,105,000 to the Agency. The loan accrues interest at 7.48% with the principal amount maturing on August 15, 2019. With respect to the repayment of the Taxable Loan, the Agency has pledged certain tax increment revenues. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2007 was \$840,000.

#### Taxable Loan, Series B - \$7,935,000

On August 1, 1997, the Authority loaned \$7,935,000 to the Agency. The loan accrues interest at rates ranging form 3.90% to 5.35% with the principal amount maturing on August 15, 2027. With respect to the repayment of the Loan, the Agency has pledged certain tax increment revenues. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2007 was \$6,655,000.

#### Reserve Requirements

The Authority issued certain bonds to provide funds to make certain loans to the Agency. As required in those official statements, each bond issue is required to maintain a reserve fund. Since the Agency has pledged revenues which, in turn, are to be used to pay debt service on the bonds, the Agency is maintaining those reserve funds.

The required amount of the reserve fund for the Series B Bonds was \$290,175. At June 30, 2007, the actual reserve for Series B was \$290,175. In the case of the Series A reserve fund and a portion of the Series B reserve fund, the Authority substituted a reserve facility in place of making a cash deposit to such reserve funds. The indentures provide that in lieu of a cash deposit, the Authority may satisfy the reserve requirements by means of a qualified reserve fund credit instrument, which consists of a quality surety bond, insurance policy or similar financial undertaking. The Authority deposited a Financial Guaranty Insurance Policy issued by MBIA Insurance Corporation in the reserve fund for the Series A Bonds and in the reserve fund for the Series B Bonds relating to that portion of the Series B reserve fund to be funded by the Indio Centre Parity Loan.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### (4) Long-Term Liabilities, (Continued)

#### 1999 Housing Set-Aside Revenue Refunding Bonds

On May 5, 1999 the Redevelopment Agency issued \$4,445,000 of Housing Set-Aside Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1999. The proceeds were used to enable the Agency to pay the Agency's 1992 Housing Loan to the Indio Public Financing Authority. The bonds are payable solely from housing set-aside tax increment revenues of the Redevelopment Agency.

These bonds consist of \$1,420,000 of serial bonds and \$3,025,000 of term bonds. The serial bonds accrue interest at rates ranging from 3.35% to 5.00%. Principal payments are due each August 15 in amounts ranging from \$100,000 to \$160,000, with the final principal payment on August 15, 2009. The term bonds accrue interest at a rate of 5.375% maturing on August 15, 2022. The term bonds are subject to mandatory redemption from sinking account payments prior to their maturity in principal amounts ranging from \$165,000 to \$315,000, as outlined in the bond indenture. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2007 was \$3,480,000.

As required in the official statement, a reserve fund is required to be maintained. The amount to be maintained in the reserve fund is an amount equal to or greater than the maximum annual debt service on the bonds. The required amount of the reserve fund was \$332,350. At June 30, 2007 the actual reserve amount was \$332,350.

#### Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004A and B

In July 2004, the City of Indio Redevelopment Agency issued \$9,760,000 Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2004A and \$18,855,000 Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2004B. The proceeds were used to finance redevelopment activities of the Agency and to advance refund Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds 1997 Series C. \$2.4 million of the net proceeds (after payment of \$1.1 million in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$3 million of 1997 Series C sinking fund monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the bonds. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide statement of net assets.

The 2004A bonds consist of \$500,000 of serial bonds and \$9,260,000 of term bonds. The serial bonds accrue interest at rates between 4.125% and 5.00% and the principal amounts mature between August 15, 2005 and August 15, 2009 in amounts ranging from \$95,000 to \$110,000. Term bonds of \$645,000 accrue interest at 5.60% and mature on August 15, 2014, and bonds of \$8,615,000 accrue interest at 6.30% and mature on August 15, 2033.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### (4) Long-Term Liabilities, (Continued)

#### Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004A and B, (Continued)

The 2004B bonds consist of \$1,975,000 serial bonds and \$16,880,000 of term bonds. The serial bonds accrue interest at rates between 3.75% and 5.75% and the principal amounts mature between August 15, 2007 and August 15, 2017 in amounts ranging from \$140,000 to \$230,000. Term bonds of \$1,870,000 accrue interest at 6.25% and mature on August 15, 2024, bonds of \$3,620,000 accrue interest at 6.375% and mature on August 15, 2033, and bonds of \$11,390,000 accrue interest at 6.50% and mature on August 15, 2034.

The Series 2004A term bonds maturing in the years 2014 and 2033 are subject to mandatory sinking account redemption on each August 15, commencing on August 15, 2010 and August 15, 2015, respectively, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof together with accrued interest, without premium.

The Series 2004B term bonds maturing in the years 2024, 2033 and 2034 are subject to mandatory sinking account redemption on each August 15, commencing on August 15, 2018, August 15, 2025, and August 15, 2007, respectively, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof together with accrued interest, without premium.

Per the terms of the bond indenture, the Series 2004A and Series 2004B are required to maintain a reserve in the amount of 10% of the original proceeds, 125% of the average annual debt service for that every subsequent bond year, or 10% of the issue price of the bonds held in the Special Escrow Fund. At June 30, 2007, the reserve was fully funded and the outstanding balances of the Series 2004A and Series 2004B bonds were \$9,570,000 and \$18,855,000, respectively.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

## (5) Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual requirements to amortize outstanding long-term liabilities of the Agency as of June 30, 2006 are as follows:

Year Ending	Loans	Payable	Refundi	Refunding Bonds		
<u>June 30</u>	<b>Principal</b>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>		
2008	\$ 220,000	408,911	555,000	1,962,704		
2009	235,000	396,850	575,000	1,934,359		
2010	240,000	384,050	615,000	1,905,097		
2011	255,000	370,494	645,000	1,872,249		
2012	270,000	355,855	680,000	1,835,747		
2013	285,000	340,168	720,000	1,797,090		
2014	300,000	323,356	760,000	1,755,897		
2015	320,000	305,387	800,000	1,711,764		
2016	335,000	286,428	850,000	1,665,007		
2017	355,000	266,426	905,000	1,613,713		
2018	380,000	245,061	950,000	1,559,396		
2019	400,000	222,332	1,015,000	1,501,998		
2020	425,000	198,293	1,075,000	1,439,449		
2021	440,000	174,143	995,000	1,373,363		
2022	465,000	152,934	1,055,000	1,320,151		
2023	490,000	124,388	1,005,000	1,255,050		
2024	370,000	101,382	1,065,000	1,187,043		
2025	395,000	80,919	1,135,000	1,122,968		
2026	415,000	59,251	1,135,000	1,055,050		
2027	440,000	36,380	1,205,000	982,254		
2028	460,000	12,305	1,275,000	904,963		
2029	-	₩	1,855,000	822,543		
2030	•	-	1,970,000	704,148		
2031	-	-	2,095,000	578,409		
2032	-	<b>144</b>	2,230,000	444,696		
2033	-	₩	2,375,000	302,360		
2034	-		1,990,000	150,766		
2035	•	uu .	375,000	24,375		
	\$7,495,000	4,754,313	31,905,000	34,782,609		

#### Prior Year Defeasance of Debt

In prior years, the Agency defeased the \$2,585,000 1997 Series C Tax Increment Revenue Bonds placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the Agency's financial statements. On June 30, 2007, \$2,280,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### (6) Interfund Transfers

Transfers in and out for the year ended June 30, 2007 were as follows:

<u>Transfers from</u>	Transfers to	Amount
Redevelopment Capital Project	Redevelopment Debt Service	\$10,662,395 (a)
Redevelopment Debt Service	Low and Moderate Housing	327,904
	Total	<u>\$10,990,299</u>

(a) \$10,662,395 was transferred from the RDA Debt Service Fund to the RDA Capital Project Fund for the purpose of acquiring property and land held for resale for the Agency.

## (7) Revenue Tax Sharing Agreement

In March 1997, the City entered into an agreement with the County of Riverside in order to obtain the County's cooperation to annex property in the unincorporated County area with the intention of developing a relocation site for the new and used auto dealers of the City of Indio. The development of the Desert Cities Auto Center and its annexation into the City of Indio is expected to generate significant sales and use taxes as well as property taxes from the improved site. In return, the City agrees to provide maintenance of certain County facilities. In return for the County's cooperation in approving the Desert Cities Auto Center site plan and its annexation into the City of Indio, this agreement provides that the City of Indio will dedicate 25% of sales and use taxes derived from the annexed property to the County for the remainder of a thirty-year period ending in the year 2027. Upon expiration of the term of the agreement and upon payment by the City to the County of the sum of \$1, the County shall convey fee title to the County Improvements. During fiscal year 2006-2007, payment in the amount of \$454,518 was made to the County.

#### Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

#### Year Ended June 30, 2007

(8)	Notes Receivable	Outstanding at June 30, 2007
	Various first time home buyer notes were issued to homeowners. Horizons at Indio senior housing project.	\$ 115,079 _1,668,163
	Total	\$1,783,242

#### (9) Contingent Liabilities

#### Normal Course of Operations

The Agency is a defendant in certain legal actions arising in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, any liability resulting from actions do not have a material adverse effect on the Agency's financial position.

#### (10) Unrestricted Net Assets

GASB Statement No. 34 requires that local governments record in the Statement of Net Assets the local government's liability for debt issued to finance the construction of infrastructure and other assets owned by other parties. This is an integral part of the normal operation of a redevelopment agency and is necessary to produce the redevelopment benefits for which the Agency was established. GASB Statement No. 33 and 34 do not permit the recognition of assets for future tax increment revenues that are pledged for the annual retirement of bonded debt issuances. The negative equity resulting from the Agency's liability for this debt is required by GASB No. 34 to be reported as unrestricted net assets.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# INDIO REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY Low and Moderate Housing Special Revenue Fund

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Year Ended June 30, 2007

	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Prior Year <u>Actual</u>
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ 1,584,000	1,584,000	2,437,065	853,065	1,795,206
Investment income	32,000	32,000	206,198	174,198	95,459
Miscellaneous	-	´-	33,427	33,427	120,982
Total revenues	1,616,000	1,616,000	2,676,690	1,060,690	2,011,647
Expenditures: Current:					
Low and moderate housing	1,031,608	1,031,608	163,598	868,010	57,447
Total expenditures	1,031,608	1,031,608	163,598	868,010	57,447
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	584,392	584,392	2,513,092	1,928,700	1,954,200
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers out Transfers to City of Indio	(454,268)	(454,268)	(327,904)	126,364	(338,238) (23,504)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(454,268)	(454,268)	(327,904)	126,364	(361,742)
Net change in fund balance	130,124	130,124	2,185,188	2,055,064	1,592,458
Fund balance at beginning of year	4,553,706	4,553,706	4,553,706		2,961,248
Fund balance at end of year	\$ 4,683,830	4,683,830	6,738,894	2,055,064	4,553,706

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information

Year Ended June 30, 2007

#### (1) Budgetary Reporting

The Agency adopted an annual budget prepared on the modified accrual basis for the Special Revenue Fund, which is consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds budgets were not presented because these funds of the Agency are primarily "long-term" budgets which emphasize major programs and capital outlay plans extending over a number of years. Because of the long-term nature of projects, annual budget comparisons are not considered meaningful and, accordingly, no budgetary information is included in the accompanying financial statements.



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Board of Directors Indio Redevelopment Agency Indio, California

# REPORT ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Indio Redevelopment Agency ("Agency") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2007 and have issued our report thereon dated December 14, 2007. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States of America.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Agency are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contract and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. Such provisions included those provisions of laws and regulations identified in the *Guidelines for Compliance Audits of California Redevelopment Agencies*, issued by the State Controller and as interpreted in the *Suggested Auditing Procedures for Accomplishing Compliance Audits of California Redevelopment Agencies*, issued by the Governmental Accounting and Auditing Committee of the California Society of Certified Public Accountants. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that was required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Agency's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Agency's internal control over financial reporting.

Board of Directors Indio Redevelopment Agency Page Two

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or a combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management and the State Controller and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Irvine, California

December 14, 2007

Mayer Hoffman Mc Can P.C.