

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL PUNANCIAL REPORT





For The Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2014

CITY OF INDIO, CALIFORNIA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Prepared by FINANCE DEPARTMENT



Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
INTRODUCTORY SECTION: Letter of Transmittal Listing of City Officials Organizational Chart GFOA Certificate of Achievement	i ix x xi
FINANCIAL SECTION: Independent Auditor's Report	1
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Required Supplementary Information)	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	13 14
Fund Financial Statements: Governmental Funds: Balance Sheet Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	16 19 20 22
Proprietary Funds: Statement of Net Position Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Statement of Cash Flows	23 24 25
Fiduciary Funds: Statement of Net Position Statement of Changes in Net Position	26 28
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	29
Required Supplementary Information: General Fund: Schedule of Revenues – Budget and Actual Schedule of Expenditures – Budget and Actual Notes to Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Funding Progress- Other Post-employment Benefits	79 80 81 82

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS, (CONTINUED)

	<u>Page</u>
Required Supplementary Information: (Continued) Schedule of Funding Progress- California Public Employees Retirement System	83
Supplementary Schedules:	
Non-Major Governmental Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	85
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances	86
Non-Major Special Revenue Funds:	
Combining Balance Sheet	90
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual:	96
Gas Tax	102
Traffic Safety	103
Public Safety	104
Supplemental Law Enforcement	105
Proposition 1B	106
Local Law Enforcement Block Grant	107
Homeland Security	108
Abandoned Vehicle	109
Unclaimed Property	110
Measure A	111
Article 3 (SB 821)	112
NPDES	113
Air Quality (AB2766/CMAQ)	114
Department of Conservation Recycle Grant	115
Lighting and Landscape	116
Asset Forfeiture	117
Community Development Block Grant	118
HBRRP	119 120
Indian Gaming SB 621 Weste Recycling A B030	120
Waste Recycling AB939 Community Facilities District	121
Cal Grip	123
COPS Hiring Recovery	123
Neighborhood Stabilization Grant 1	125
Neighborhood Stabilization Grant 2	126
Neighborhood Stabilization Grant 3	127
Energy Efficient and Conservation Block Grant	128
Public Education Government Channel	129
Smart Policing Grant	130
Simulation of the second secon	

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS, (CONTINUED)

	Page
Non-Major Special Revenue Funds: (Continued) Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual: (Continued)	
Emergency, Abandoned and Recalcitrant Congestion Management Air Quality Donations	131 132 133
Non-Major Debt Service Fund: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual: General Debt Service	135
Major Capital Projects Funds: Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual: Capital Projects Assessment District Capital Projects	137 138
Non-Major Enterprise Funds: Combining Statement of Net Position Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Combining Statement of Cash Flows	140 141 142
Internal Service Funds: Combining Statement of Net Position Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Combining Statement of Cash Flows	144 146 148
Fiduciary Funds: Combining Statement of Net Position Combining Statement of Changes in Net Position Combining Statement of Asset and Liabilities Combining Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities	153 155 156 158
STATISTICAL SECTION: Statistical section table of contents Net Position by Component Changes in Net Position Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	161 162 163 165

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

TABLE OF CONTENTS, (CONTINUED)

STATISTICAL SECTION: (CONTINUED)

	Page
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	166
Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	167
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates	168
Principal Property Tax Payers	169
Property Tax Levies and Collections	170
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	171
Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding	172
Direct and Overlapping Debt	173
Legal Debt Margin Information	174
Pledged-Revenue Coverage	175
Demographic and Economic Statistics	176
Principal Employers	177
Full-time and Part-time City Employees	178
Operating Indicators	179
Capital Asset Statistics	180
Water Sold by Type of Customer	181
Water Rates	182
Water Customers	183





December 31, 2014

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the City Council, and Citizens of the City of Indio:

I am pleased to submit the City of Indio's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2014. In compliance with City Council policy, a licensed certified public accountant conducted the audit and validated the complete set of financial statements. The financial statements are presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and the audit was conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards. The financial report includes all funds of the City of Indio and its component units for which the City is financially accountable. The report is intended to provide relevant financial information to the citizens of the City, creditors, investors, and other concerned readers. Readers are encouraged to contact the Finance Department with any questions or comments concerning the report.

GAAP requires that City management include a narrative introduction, an overview, and analyses with the financial statements in order to help the reader interpret the data. That commentary is titled Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report.

Responsibility for the accuracy of the data in the CAFR and the objectivity of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures, rests with the City. I am confident that the data and material presented in this report are accurate. Statements and disclosures necessary for the reader to obtain a thorough understanding of the City's financial activities have been included. Financial operations of the City occur within an internal control framework that is designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to aid in the compilation of reliable statistics in order to prepare financial statements that are accurate and conform to GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City's framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatements.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Moss, Levy & Hartzheim, LLP, Certified Public Accountants. The goal of their independent audit is to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City, for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2014, are free of material misstatements and conform to GAAP. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation to provide a reasonable

basis for their opinion. The audit also included assessing the accounting principles used and the significant financial estimates made by City management.

Based upon the audit, the independent auditors concluded that there was reasonable basis for rendering an "unqualified opinion," which means that the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 do fairly represent the City's financial position. The unqualified opinion expressed by the auditor indicates that the City is in compliance with Governmental Auditing Standards and that the City's financial statements are presented fairly in all material respects.

The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component within the financial section of this report.

The report is divided into three sections:

I. Introductory Section

- Letter of Transmittal
- List of Officials
- City Organizational Chart
- Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

II. Financial Section

- Independent Auditor's Report
- Management's Discussion and Analysis
- Basic Financial Statements
- Required Supplementary Information
- Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

III. Statistical Section

 Pertinent financial and non-financial data that presents historical trends and facts about the City

PROFILE OF THE CITY OF INDIO

Incorporated in 1930 as a general law city, Indio provides municipal services that include public safety, public works, community development, and culture and leisure. With a population nearing 83,000, Indio is the largest city in the Coachella Valley, covering approximately a 33 square-mile area. The City is the geographic midpoint of both Riverside County and the Coachella Valley, and is about 75 miles north of the California-Baja California Mexican border and 125 miles east of the center of the Los Angeles metropolitan complex. The City is the alternate county seat for Riverside County and contains a large county administration and services complex, which also serves as the alternate emergency operations center for the county. The City has many golf and retirement communities that appeal to senior citizens and retirees, in addition to a sizable population of families that enjoy the benefits of the City's dedication to parks, recreation, and youth programs. Known as the "City of Festivals," the City hosts multiple annual festivals which draw more than one million people annually to events held in the City. The City hosts the Coachella Valley Music and Arts Festival (Coachellafest), the Stagecoach Country Music Festival, Riverside County Fair & Date Festival, Palm Springs Kennel Club Dog Show, Southwest Arts Festival, Indio

International Tamale Festival and others. The Coachellafest and Stagecoach Music Festival have been held in the City since 1999 and 2007, respectively. The City's ability to draw and host worldwide festivals is based on being home to the Riverside County Fairgrounds and Empire Club Polo Grounds (site of Coachellafest) which are large-scale, outdoor entertainment venues which are unique to the City within the Coachella Valley.

The Indio City Council consists of five members, elected at-large to four-year overlapping terms. Council members must be residents of the City. The positions of Mayor and Mayor Pro Tem are chosen by the City Council through policy direction determined by the City Council. The Mayor conducts the Council meetings and represents the City on ceremonial occasions. The City Council serves as the legislative board for the municipality and establishes policy, passes local ordinances, adopts annual appropriations, and sets priorities for the City. In addition to serving as the policy makers, the City Council is responsible for numerous land use decisions within the City's borders, including the General Plan.

The City has a council-manager form of municipal government, which means the Council appoints a professional manager, the City Manager, to oversee the administrative operations and implement its policies. The City Council also appoints the City Attorney and members of advisory boards and commissions.

COMPONET UNITS

Component units are legally separate organizations from the City of Indio, but because their operations are closely tied to the City's, their financial activities must be included as part of the City's financial report. The categories that qualify a separate legal entity as a component unit are: 1) the separate organization's ultimate authority is significantly compliant to the City Council, 2) the separate organization is fiscally dependent on the City or 3) excluding the separate organization's finances would result in misleading financial information. The following organizations are component units of the City of Indio:

- The Indio Water Authority
- The Housing Authority of the City of Indio
- The Indio Public Financing Authority
- The Indio Financing Authority
- The Industrial Development Authority of the City of Indio

BUDGET PROCESS OF THE CITY

The City's fiscal year begins on the first day of July and ends on the last day of June, the following year. Usually in April, the City Manager and key staff members review revenue estimates and expenditures projections for each department, for the ensuing fiscal year. Prior to the beginning of each fiscal year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a budget proposal. In at least one public meeting, more commonly over three to four, the City Council considers the proposed budget and makes revisions that it deems appropriate. On or before June 30, the City Council adopts the budget with revisions, if any, by the affirmative vote of at least three of the five members. Upon approval of the budget by the City Council, the expenditure levels and revenue assumptions stated as proposed become adopted and are appropriated at the many agency, department, and unit levels for the objects and purposes authorized. During the fiscal year, the City Manager may transfer appropriations from one

object or purpose to another without seeking City Council approval, but only within a divisional budget unit. All appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year to the extent that they have not been expended or lawfully encumbered.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City on Indio is experiencing an economic rebound, driven by strong growth in sales tax and development-related revenue. Fiscal Year 2013-14 was Indio's fourth year of sales tax growth of at least 10 percent. The opening of a new super Walmart in October 2014 and the expected ground breaking of a new auto dealership in early 2015 are expected to prolong this positive trend. Sales tax makes up about 18 percent of all general purpose revenue and is expected to total \$10.4 million in fiscal year 2014-15. Revenue generated through development services, specifically building permit revenue, has tripled since a development lull experienced in fiscal year 2011-12. Development-related revenue is expected to total almost \$3 million in fiscal year 2014-15 and maintain that level for several future years. Additionally, local property values continue to grow. Fiscal year 2014-15 property values are expected to increase 8.2 percent, according to the County Assessor, bringing the City's net taxable value up to \$6.67 billion.

In the November 2014 general election, 79 percent of the voting electorate approved a three percent increase in the local Transient Occupancy Tax rate for timeshares, short-term renters, campers, and lodging facilities with less than 50 rooms. The effective tax rate for most lodging facilities is now 13 percent. The tax increase is expected to generate about \$500,000 in additional discretionary revenue per year. This tax does not have a sunset. Lodging facilities with more than 50 rooms are already assessed three percent, to support regional business improvement efforts, and are currently exempt from the three percent tax increase.

The City's continues to proactively manage its recovery after being pummeled by the Great Recession. The City ended fiscal year 2013-14 with an unrestricted General Fund reserve balance of \$12.6 million (committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). The previous year's unrestricted balance was \$5.8 million, yielding a one-year increase of \$6.8 million. This financial improvement can be attributed to conservative budgeting, strong fiscal management (spending controls), and collaborative collective bargaining. The City remains steadfast in its commitment to rebuild reserves, while systematically enhancing service levels.

Over the past five years, City General Fund expenditures were reduced by over 18 percent from approximately \$54.9 million in fiscal year 2009-10 to \$44.8 million in fiscal year 2011-12 (excluding an expense recognizing a capital project loan liability). Fiscal year 2014-15 expenditures are expected to total about \$55.4 million, representing the restoration of expenditures and revenue to pre-recession levels.

Over the past five years the City has implemented a number of fiscal-minded actions to achieve, maintain, and restore its fiscal stability. Some measures will continue to produce long-term benefits, while other measures have been rescinded after serving their purpose. While the economy is improving, the City stands prepared to redeploy measures necessary to maintain its fiscal viability.

LONG-TERM FINANCIAL PLANNING

The City plans to incrementally expand service-levels, while building up general fund reserves. The City will grow smartly by adhering to consensus-based strategic recovery plans and filling only essential positions, which will be filled at lower pay levels whenever practical. The City also plans to continue to increase its volunteer and unpaid intern programs. As revenue grows, the City's top priority is to build up the reserve level to the benchmark target (15 percent of general fund revenue). In order to reach the benchmark, the City will have to set aside \$1.5 million this year and next, thereby bring the reserve level up to about \$8.5 million. Once the benchmark is met, the City anticipates dedicating those revenues to debt service, through the sale of bonds issued to expand and renew the existing police and fire headquarter-facility.

The City utilizes a planning model that forecasts general fund revenue as well as future-year expenditures for five years. The model serves as a financial tool that reflects potential budget surpluses as well as possible budget deficits, allowing for advance planning. The model incorporates conservative revenue assumptions, all known expenditure obligations, and is published three times a year. Over the past three years, revenue has grown about nine percent per year, but future growth is not assumed to grow so robustly. Known cost increases include; labor, retirement, and payments for debt (as explained above). The model, as currently built, predicts some budgetary challenges ahead, indicating that revenue growth will have to be more than the three percent assumed in order to avoid withdrawals from reserves or reducing expenditure levels.

The biggest financial pressure on the City is the potential for increased pension costs. Generous increases in local pension benefits implemented throughout the state over the last 14 years, coupled with poor earnings by CalPERS, and increases in retirements have pushed costs skyward. CalPERS has adopted a more conservative investment strategy and already told member agencies to expect increases in their mandatory contributions to underwrite its immense unfunded pension liability. Based on their new approach, pension costs are expected to climb by up to 50 percent by the end of a five-year phase-in period, starting in fiscal year 2015-16. This increase could cause years of fiscal distress from rapidly rising pension costs. The City has accounted for this increase in its multi-year plan, but the real impact won't be known until CalPERS annually discloses the City's required contribution rate.

RELEVANT FINANCIAL POLICIES

The City continues to review, update, and draft polices that are relevant, ensure honest stewardship of the City's resources, and pilot long-term financial stability. In the last three years, the City has implemented or updated the following policies:

Procurement Card Policy

In 2010, the updated Procurement Card policy reiterated and clarified the proper use of City procurement cards and included timely reporting as well as public disclosure requirements. The City continues to post procurement card statements on its website for public review.

Reimbursement for Travel and Necessary Expenses Policy

In 2010, the updated Reimbursement for Travel and Necessary Expenses Policy, among other stipulations, limited reimbursements for lodging, travel, and meals, when traveling on City business. The purpose of the policy is to insure the City's fiscal prosperity by minimizing costs, while being certain that City officials are able to perform their duties as efficiently and effectively as possible.

Financial and Budget Management Policy

In 2010, the Financial and Budget Management Policy was adopted to promote sound and consistent financial management in all fiscal and budgetary matters and to ensure adequate funding for the services, public facilities, and infrastructure necessary to meet the community's present and future needs. Among other things, the financial budget management policy outlines a number of contingency and reserve goals and policies. Among such contingencies and reserves, the City endeavors to:

- Budget in the General Fund a contingency at a level equal to five percent of the General Fund's operating discretionary revenue, which shall be used for City Council approved expenditures not previously appropriated during the annual budget process, to cover unanticipated revenue shortfalls, as a funding source for interfund loans and other loans or advances from the General Fund as approved by the City Council, and in situations of extreme physical or financial emergency (with the approval of the City Council);
- Maintain a General Fund emergency reserve at a level equal to 10 percent of the General Fund's annual discretionary revenue, to be used only for qualifying emergencies as declared by the Mayor and/or City Council;
- Maintain a compensated absences reserve in the General Fund in anticipation of funding disbursements of terminated or retired employees for accrued vacation and sick leave;
- Maintain a workers' compensation reserve at a level deemed adequate to meet projected liabilities; and
- Maintain a retirees' health insurance reserve.

To the extent a reserve is below the minimum of the target range, the policy provides that a solution to replenish the reserve over a one to three year period shall be structured. To the extent a reserve is below its midpoint target balance, the policy provides that a solution to replenish the reserve over a three to five year period shall be structured. To the extent a reserve is below 75 percent of the target balance, the policy provides that a solution to replenish the reserve over a five to seven year period shall be structured. The General Fund reserve for economic uncertainty at the end of fiscal year 2012-13 was about \$5 million, which is 60 percent of the target emergency reserve level of \$8 million. Therefore, the City currently is structuring its budgets to build the General Fund emergency reserve to the requisite level over a one to three year period.

Rent Defaults Under Leases Policy

In 2011, the City adopted the Rent Defaults Under Leases Policy to ensure equitable management of delinquent lease payments for City and Redevelopment Agency owned property. This policy created incremental notifications and penalties for misuse of public property.

Fund Balance Policy

In 2013, the City adopted a Fund Balance Policy that establishes procedures for financial reporting of fund balance classifications and the hierarchy for spending fund balance. The policy authorizes and directs the Finance Director to prepare financial reports which accurately categorize fund balance as per Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions.

MAJOR INITIATIVES FOR THE FUTURE

The City has initiated a comprehensive economic development and recruitment program to bolster the City's commercial critical mass and overall business offerings within City boundaries. This strategic initiative is deemed to be crucial and timely in order to re-establish Indio as a significant commercial market within the vibrant Coachella Valley and to provide the commensurate level of economic and job growth to the significant population increase that is occurring within the City. As a foundational element to the overall program, an economic development expert was retained to conduct a series of focus groups and interviews with City residents, influential developers and brokers. The results, findings, and directional input from that initial round of public consultations formed the basis for a citywide commercial demand and preferences survey, ascertaining the general commercial needs and aspirations of the population base. Over the coming years, the City will review, update and amend its existing economic development plan, define key development goals and segment them into immediate, short-term, and medium-term objectives, and make the City of Indio a target market for retailers and businesses across the nation.

AWARDS AND ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to City of Indio for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013. This was the seventh consecutive year that the City received this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. I am confident that our current comprehensive annual financial report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and I am submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Preparation of this report was accomplished by the combined staff efforts of the Finance Department, the City Manager's Office, as well as many other City departments. I appreciate the high level of professionalism and dedication that these staff members bring to the City. I would also like to thank the members of the City Council for their leadership and the opportunity to serve the residents of the City.

CONCLUSION

There has been notable improvement in the City's financial position over the past couple years, reflecting the City's adoption and implementation of prudent financial policies and practices. The City has planned and managed its recovery prudently, resulting in the restoration of adequate unrestricted reserves, improved liquidity, balanced budgets, and a third consecutive year of positive operating performance in fiscal year 2013-14. Fiscal year 2014-15 marks the second year of solid gains in assessed values, driven by continued development in a quickly growing city and an improving housing market. Operational objectives are changing. While recovery was the focus for the past two years, expansion and economic development are now main objectives. Several major development complexes have broken ground this past year. Walmart, Applebee's, Arco AMPM, and IHOP are just a few of the new retailers. The City is keenly aware of its fiscal state of affairs and is dedicated to using the economic momentum to achieve an even higher reserve level and to improve its credit rating, all to provide the highest and most professional level of service to its residents.

Respectfully submitted,

Dan Martinez City Manager

Prepared by:

Rob Rockwell Assistant City Manager/ Finance Director CITY OF INDIO City Officials as of June 30, 2014

CITY COUNCIL

Mayor Michael Wilson
Mayor Pro Tem Ascencion "Sam" Torres
Councilmember Lupe Ramos Watson
Councilmember Glenn Miller
Councilmember Elaine Holmes

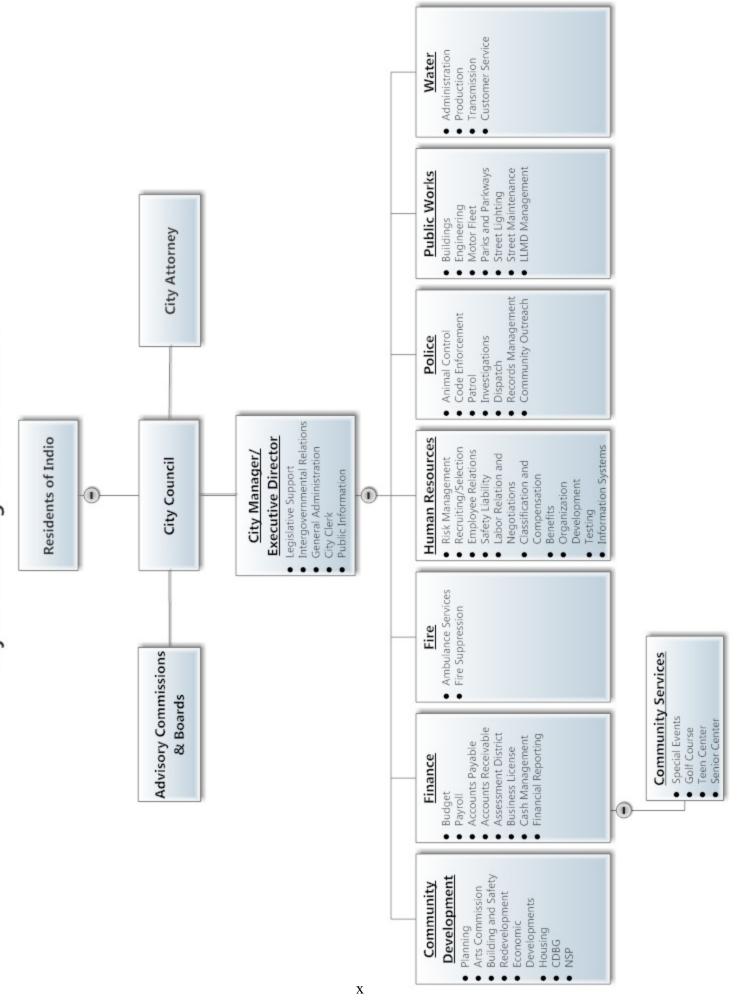
OTHER ELECTED OFFICIALS

Cynthia Hernandez, City Clerk Sharon Ellis, Treasurer

EXECUTIVE TEAM

Dan Martinez, City Manager
Mariano Aguirre, Director of Housing & Development
Jason Chan, Principal Management Analyst
Jim Curtis, Community Services Manager
Grant Eklund, Director of Public Works / City Engineer
Jesus Gomez, Housing Program Manager
Joe Lim, Director of Development Services
Jasmin Loi, Director of Human Resources / Risk Management
Brian Macy, IWA General Manager
Rob Rockwell, Director of Finance
Jeff Stowells, Fire Chief
Richard Twiss, Police Chief

City of Indio Organizational Chart





Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Indio California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2013

Executive Director/CEO











PARTNERS RONALD A LEVY, CPA CRAIG A HARTZHEIM, CPA HADLEY Y HUI, CPA COMMERCIAL ACCOUNTING & TAX SERVICES 433 NORTH CAMDEN DRIVE. SUITE 730 BEVERLY HILLS, CA 90210 TEL: 310.273.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com

GOVERNMENTAL AUDIT SERVICES 5800 HANNUM, SUITE E CULVER CITY, CA 90230 TEL: 310.670.2745 FAX: 310.670.1689 www.mlhcpas.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

City Council City of Indio Indio, California

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Indio (City), California, as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not

for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Indio, California, as of June 30, 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matter

Change in Accounting Principles

As discussed in Note 1 of the notes to the basic financial statements, effective July 1, 2013, the City adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities, Statement No. 66, Technical Correction-2012, Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and Statement No. 70, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Financial Guarantees. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 5 through 12, budgetary comparison information on pages 79 and 80, the schedule of Postemployment Retiree Benefits Funding Progress on page 82, and the schedule of Funding Progress – California Public Employees Retirement System on page 83, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquires of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquires, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provided any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor governmental, enterprise, and internal service fund financial statements, major capital projects budgetary schedules, and statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds, fiduciary funds, internal service funds, and the major capital project budgetary financial statements and schedules are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, The combining and individual nonmajor governmental funds, nonmajor enterprise funds, fiduciary funds, internal service funds, and the major capital project budgetary financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 16, 2014 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and do not provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited the City's June 30, 2013 financial statements and our audit report dated December 27, 2013, expressed an unmodified opinion on those financial statements. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2013, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Mus, Leng V shatishin

Moss, Levy & Hartzheim, LLP Culver City, California December 22, 2014







MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This discussion and analysis of the City of Indio's financial statements provides a narrative overview of the City's financial activities for the fiscal year that ended June 30, 2014. Please read this analysis in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter, the financial statements, and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Citywide:

At the close of the 2013-14 fiscal year, the City's assets exceeded its liabilities by \$603.3 million. Of that amount, \$14.6 million was unrestricted, \$561.9 million was net investment in capital assets, and \$26.8 million was restricted for specific use. The City's unrestricted net position increased \$10.6 million this past year, while its position related to net investment in capital assets, decreased \$13.6 million. The City's restricted net position increased \$1.1 million. Overall the City's total net position decreased \$1.8 million, about 1 percent. Total assets decreased \$6.9 million and liabilities decreased \$5 million. This outcome was mainly driven by a decrease in asset value, due to depreciation.

The City's total long-term debt decreased \$3.7 million. Increases in other postemployment benefit liabilities (\$1.5 million) and capital leases (\$551,772) were partially offset by reductions in claims payable (\$2.4 million), water bond debt (\$1.5 million), notes payable (\$1.1 million) and various other debts (\$693,234).

Within the Governmental Fund Group:

At the close of the fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$41.3 million, a year-over-year increase of \$3.3 million. Approximately 32 percent (\$13.1 million) of the \$41.3 million was available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned, assigned, or committed). Fund balance in the City's General Fund increased \$6.3 million. In the Other Governmental Funds group, fund balance increased \$1.9 million. Capital project fund balance decreased \$4.9 million and assessment district fund balance was drawn down \$99,837.

Within the Major Fund Group:

At the close of the fiscal year, the City's General Fund reported a combined ending fund balance of \$16.1 million, up \$6.3 million in comparison with the prior year. Approximately, 78 percent (\$12.6 million) of the \$16.1 million was available for spending at the government's discretion (unassigned, assigned, or committed). Unassigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$4.5 million, an increase of \$223,431 from the prior fiscal year. This increase was due to the continued implementation of cost controls while the City recognized additional revenue. Assigned fund balance in the General Fund was \$6.9 million, an increase of \$6.1 million from the prior fiscal year. The increase was the result of the City setting aside funds for land and other land improvements, specifically to stimulate additional economic development. Committed fund balance in the General Fund totaled \$1.1 million. These funds finance general operations between large revenue remittances and serve as a contingency against future tribulations caused by economic downturn.

The Capital Project Fund group accumulated \$2.3 million in fund balance at the end of the fiscal year, a decrease of \$4.9 million over the previous year. Revenue exceeded expenditures by \$3.5 million, however, interfund transfers out exceeded interfund transfers in by \$8.4 million. Within the Capital Project Fund group, fund balance related to the various assessment and community facility district infrastructure improvements, where obligation improvement bond proceeds are used, fund balance decreased \$99,837. The decrease was mainly associated with legal and administrative expenditures incurring within one community facilities district (CFD 2004-3).

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City of Indio's basic financial statements incorporate three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements. Financial statements separate governmental activities from business-like activities for the City and its component units. Component units are other governmental entities where the City's governing authority, the City Council, has majority influence (51 percent or more) over the entities' operations. Components units in the City of Indio's financial statements include the Indio Water Authority, the Housing Authority, the Indio Public Financing Authority, the Indio Financing Authority, and the Industrial Development Authority.

Government-Wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements present the financial picture of the City from the economic-resources-measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. Two statements are designed to provide the reader with a broad overview of the City's finances. Both the statement of net position as well as the statement of activities and changes in net position report information about the City in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position provide insight into whether the City's financial health is improving or deteriorating. The statement of activities presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported regardless of when cash was received or disbursed. Thus, revenue and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused employee vacation leave.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenue (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, community development, and community services (recreation). Property taxes, sales taxes, utility users' taxes, service fees, interest income, and state and federal grants finance these activities. The business-type activities of the City include a Water Authority, a golf course, and solid waste. The Water Authority, although legally separate, functions for practical purposes as a department of the City, and therefore has been included as an integral part of the primary government.

The governmental-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13-15 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements:

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds for the City are divided into one of three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Governmental activities within the governmental fund group are calculated using the current financial-resources-measurement focus and modified on the accrual basis of accounting. Proprietary activities are calculated using the economic-resources-measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary activities are calculated using the economic-resources-measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the City as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law or by bond covenant. However, management establishes many other funds to help control and manage resources collected for particular purposes. Funds are created to isolate certain taxes, grants, and other legally restricted resources from general purpose resources. Reconciliation of the fund financial statements to the government-wide financial statements is provided to help explain the differences created by this integrated reporting approach.

Governmental Funds:

The City's basic services are reported in the governmental fund group. Governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term flows of spendable resources in and out of various funds and the balances left at year-end that remain available for spending in the future. Such information is useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources available to be spent in the future to finance City's programs. The differences between the governmental fund financial statements and those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following the governmental fund financial statement on pages 19 and 22.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers might better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The City maintains 128 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, a capital project fund, and an assessment district capital project fund, which are considered to be major funds. Within the capital project fund, 16 individual capital funds are aggregated in that major fund group. Within the assessment district capital project fund, 17 funds are aggregated into that major fund group. Data from the other 94 governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these 94 nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with the fiscal year's budget.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found of pages 16-22 of this report.

Proprietary Funds:

City charges for specific services, whether to outside customers or to other internal governmental units of the City, those services are generally reported within the proprietary fund group. The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds: enterprise funds and internal service funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same function presented as business-type activities in the governmental-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water Authority, a golf course, and solid waste services. Internal service funds are an accounting devise used to account for its management of its fleet of vehicles, vehicle replacement, risk, central services, building maintenance, and information systems. Because these six services predominantly benefit government rather than business-type functions, they have been included within the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water Authority. The golf course and solid waste are aggregated and reported as non-major funds and reported individually elsewhere in this report. Only the Water Authority is considered to be major proprietary fund of the City. Conversely, the internal service funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements. Individual fund data for the internal service fund group is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Fiduciary Funds:

Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for the fiduciary fund financial statements is

much like that used for the proprietary funds. The City's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net position. The City is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes and are kept separate from City resources.

Notes to the Financial Statements:

These notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 29-78 of this report.

Other Information:

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the City's progress in funding its obligations to provide retiree health and pension benefits to its employees. Also a budget to actual comparison schedule is provided from the City's general fund. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 79-83 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (95 percent) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, building, machinery, and equipment) less any related debt still outstanding, used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not spendable resources. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources.

	Governmen	tal activities	Business-Ty	pe activities	Total			
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Current and other assets	\$ 56,561,294	\$ 57,473,722	\$ 21,242,556	\$ 11,868,565	\$ 77.803.850	\$ 69,342,287		
Capital assets	484,905,966	491,663,506	192,730,562	199,842,032	677,636,528	691,505,538		
Other noncurrent assets	9,071,510	9,780,563	192,730,302	751,518	9,071,510	10,532,081		
			213,973,118					
Total assets	550,538,770	558,917,791	213,973,110	212,462,115	764,511,888	771,379,906		
Deferred loss on								
refunding of debt			689,239		689,239			
Total deferred outflows		-	689,239	_	689,239			
Long-term liabilities								
outstanding	84,843,919	89,361,451	57,318,158	58,119,187	142,162,077	147,480,638		
Other liabilities	15,083,563	16,933,522	2,382,636	1,807,002	17,466,199	18,740,524		
Total liabilities	99,927,482	106,294,973	59,700,794	59,926,189	159,628,276	166,221,162		
Unamortized gain on								
refunding of debt	2,259,944	-	-		2,259,944			
Total deferred inflows	2,259,944	-	-		2,259,944	-		
Net position:								
Net investment in								
capital assets	425,454,625	432,106,381	136,333,813	143,310,776	561,788,438	575,417,157		
Restricted	26,841,674	25,715,300	_	-	26,841,674	25,715,300		
Unrestricted	(3,944,955)	(5,198,863)	18,627,750	9,225,150	14,682,795	4,026,287		
Total net position	\$ 448,351,344	\$ 452,622,818	\$ 154,961,563	\$ 152,535,926	\$603,312,907	\$ 605,158,744		

Governmental Activities:

Expenses for Governmental Activities total \$84.3 million. This is an increase of \$3.8 million over the prior fiscal year. This is due mostly to increases in expenses in public safety.

Governmental revenue is broken down into program revenues and general revenues. Program revenue totals \$35.9 million, which is \$5.1 million less than last fiscal year due to decreases in operating contributions and grants of \$7.2 million. Capital contributions and grants total \$8.8 million and is \$847,653 less than what was received in the prior fiscal year. This decrease is due to less public works revenue. General revenue totals \$42.4 million and was \$2.7 million more than prior fiscal year revenues. The increase in general revenue is due to a combination of decreases in property taxes (\$373,532) and other taxes (\$21,519). These decreases were offset by

increases in sales taxes (\$972,229), transient occupancy taxes (\$257,492), franchise fees (\$248,521) and other revenue (\$1.2 million).

City programs include the General Government, Public Safety, Public Works, Community Development, and Human Services. Each program's net costs – total cost less revenues generated by the activities – are presented below.

Business-type Activities:

The cost of all business type activities is \$24.5 million. The majority of the costs, \$23.6 million, are for water activities, an increase of \$1 million from the prior fiscal year, and an increase in golf activities of \$91,973 to \$942,499.

Total revenue is \$21.4 million, an increase of \$2.5 million over last fiscal year which was due to increases in charges for services (\$2.2 million), capital grants and contributions (\$712,048), and a decrease in others (\$425,542).

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Totals		
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Revenues:							
Program Revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 21,092,237	\$ 19,058,462	\$ 18,887,305	\$ 16,657,502	\$ 39,979,542	\$ 35,715,964	
Operating grants and contributions	14,846,912	21,959,243	-	-	14,846,912	21,959,243	
Capital grants and contributions	8,841,075	9,688,728	2,479,583	1,767,535	11,320,658	11,456,263	
General Revenues:							
Property taxes	12,999,966	13,373,498	-	-	12,999,966	13,373,498	
Other taxes	24,174,874	22,718,151	-	-	24,174,874	22,718,151	
Other	5,175,187	3,583,753	70,433	494,975	5,245,620	4,078,728	
Total revenues	87,130,251	90,381,835	21,437,321	18,920,012	108,567,572	109,301,847	
_				-			
Expenses:							
General government	6,534,935	7,004,841	942,499	850,526	7,477,434	7,855,367	
Public safety	47,339,078	32,930,354	-	-	47,339,078	32,930,354	
Public w orks	16,018,521	22,945,862	23,562,832	22,562,294	39,581,353	45,508,156	
Community development	8,709,976	8,653,360	-	-	8,709,976	8,653,360	
Human services	2,664,569	2,693,193	-	-	2,664,569	2,693,193	
Interest expense and other charges	3,013,214	6,234,934	-		3,013,214	6,234,934	
Total Expenses	84,280,293	80,462,544	24,505,331	23,412,820	108,785,624	103,875,364	
Change in net position before transfers	2,849,958	9,919,291	(3,068,010)	(4,492,808)	(218,052)	5,426,483	
Transfers	(6,245,165)	(15,000)	6,245,165	15,000	-		
Change in net position	(3,395,207)	9,904,291	3,177,155	(4,477,808)	(218,052)	5,426,483	
Net Position - beginning of fiscal year	452,622,818	447,022,783	152,535,926	157,013,734	605,158,744	604,036,517	
Prior period adjustments	(876,267)	(4,304,256)	(751,518)	_	(1,627,785)	(4,304,256)	
Net Position - beginning of fiscal year, restated	451,746,551	442,718,527	151,784,408	157,013,734	603,530,959	599,732,261	
Net Position - end of fiscal year	\$448,351,344	\$452,622,818	\$154,961,563	\$152,535,926	\$603,312,907	\$605,158,744	

Cash Management:

To obtain flexibility in cash management, the City employs a pooled cash system (reference Note 2 in the notes to the financial statements). Under the pooled cash concept, the City invests the cash of all funds with maturities planned to coincide with cash needs. Idle cash is invested in certain eligible securities as constrained by law and further limited by the City's Investment Policy. The goals of the City's Investment Policy are safety, liquidity, and then yield.

Debt Administration:

Debt considered a liability of governmental activities is \$84.8 million, a decrease of \$2.2 million from the prior fiscal year. Capital lease obligations increased \$863,436, and other postemployment benefit (OPEB) liability increased by \$1.5 million. These increases were offset by a combination of \$1.9 million in scheduled debt service payments, the decreases in claims payable (\$2.4 million), compensated absences (\$71,359) and the CalPERS retirement side fund (\$129,438). Debt considered a liability of business-type activities was \$57.1 million, a decrease of (\$1.5 million) from prior fiscal year, due to scheduled debt service payments (\$763,592) and a

decrease in compensated absences (\$37,437). Fiscal-year activity for outstanding debt is represented in the chart below. Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in notes 7 through 14 on pages 50-59.

City of Indio's Outstanding Debt

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Totals				
		2014		2013	2014		2013		2014		2013
Claims Payable	\$	4,474,337	\$	6,905,093				\$	4,474,337	\$	6,905,093
Lease Revenue Bonds		40,165,000		40,165,000					40,165,000		40,165,000
Water Bonds					57,085,988		58,569,588		57,085,988		58,569,588
Capital Lease		2,411,808		1,860,036					2,411,808		1,860,036
Certificates of Participation		5,005,000		5,460,000					5,005,000		5,460,000
Notes payable		11,048,842		12,130,994					11,048,842		12,130,994
PERS side fund		4,111,192		4,240,630					4,111,192		4,240,630
Post employment benefit		15,607,841		14,151,986					15,607,841		14,151,986
Compensated absences		2,019,899		2,091,258	232,170		269,607		2,252,069		2,360,865
Total	\$	84,843,919	\$	87,004,997	\$ 57,318,158	\$	58,839,195	\$	142,162,077	\$	145,844,192

Capital Assets:

The capital assets of the City are those assets used in the performance of the City's functions and include infrastructure assets. Net capital assets of governmental activities totaled \$485 million and the net capital assets of the business-type activities totaled \$193 million. The City's total net capital assets decreased by \$13.9 million from the prior fiscal year.

Fiscal-year activity is presented in the chart below. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on pages 47-49.

City of Indio's Capital Assets

	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Ty	pe Activities	Totals			
	2014	2013	2014	2013	2014	2013		
Land	\$ 40,811,973	\$ 40,978,405	\$ 2,168,969	\$ 2,168,969	\$ 42,980,942	\$ 43,147,374		
Right of way	54,434,282	54,293,654			54,434,282	54,293,654		
Structures and improvements	32,911,564	32,574,657	15,258,474	15,249,734	48,170,038	47,824,391		
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	16,736,923	16,722,922	4,354,382	4,130,694	21,091,305	20,853,616		
Infrastructure	533,816,627	531,983,932	277,347,706	277,347,706	811,164,333	809,331,638		
Construction in progress	23,846,053	18,467,727	848,718	484,989	24,694,771	18,952,716		
Capital Assets	702,557,422	695,021,297	299,978,249	299,382,092	1,002,535,671	994,403,389		
Accumulated depreciation	217,651,456	203,357,791	107,247,687	99,540,060	324,899,143	302,897,851		
Net Capital Assets	\$ 484,905,966	\$ 491,663,506	\$ 192,730,562	\$ 199,842,032	\$ 677,636,528	\$ 691,505,538		

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The Indio City Council establishes an annual budget that serves as the City's operational plan. The City's adopted budget sanctions appropriate use of the City's resources through transparent practices that convey the highest degree of constituent confidence. When adopting a budget, the City Council assures that service costs and debt obligations do not exceed, in any one year, anticipated revenue plus any resources held over from a prior period. Department managers, with assistance from finance staff, monitor expenditures and publicly report irregularities to the Council on a quarterly basis. Even though the City Council adopts a line-item budget, which identifies expenditure at a micro level, spending controls are maintained at a program's appropriation level (public service type). This level of control is believed to be more cost effective and, along with quarterly departmental reporting requirements, strengthens cost-controls and allows early detection of potential fiscal irregularities. On occasion, expenditures exceed budgeted appropriation levels. Those overruns are reflected on page 66.

The 13/14 General Fund Budget:

The fiscal year 2013-14 originally-adopted general fund budget authorized \$49.04 million in expenditures, supported by \$47.68 million in expected general fund revenue. The budget as finally adjusted near the end of the fiscal year authorized \$55.89 million in expenditures, supported by \$50.65 million in revenue. The original budget included \$350,000 from fund balance to complete the first half of a new City general plan, which is its constitution for development. The final budget reflected a \$5.2 million draw from fund balance, which included \$3.85 million for the purchase of land to be sold as part of a comprehensive economic development effort. During the fiscal year, the budget was adjusted, per City Council direction, to reflect changes in revenue projections and department spending levels. The Indio City Council largely appropriates newly identified general fund resources in a budgetary account called Appropriations for Contingencies, thereby maintaining balance between resources and appropriated for a specific purpose, but rather earmarked by the City Council for various purposes and priorities like bolstering city reserves. When resources from the contingency account are needed, formal action is taken by the City Council to decrease appropriations within the contingency account and increase authorized spending limits within the appropriate department budget.

At fiscal year-end, general fund expenditures totaled \$48 million and general fund revenue total \$52.38 million. During the fiscal year, the City continued its fiscal stabilization efforts by incrementally increasing expenditures, while purposely dedicating growing revenue to reserves. These efforts contributed to the net \$8.75 million in budgetary savings. The most significant source of savings was associated with the deferral of a land purchase that resulted in savings of \$3.8 million. Also, the receipt of more-than-expected park and building capital impact revenue, which is used to pay bond debt, relieved the general fund by about \$700,000. Additionally, \$2.95 million in funds set aside by the City Council in the account for contingency resulted in savings, as planned. While not all departments were able to adhere to their spending targets, overall, department savings contributed \$1.3 million toward the overall savings total.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates:

The City adopted the fiscal year 2014-15 budget in June after multiple public sessions. When adopted, the citywide budget authorized \$221.06 million in appropriations, funded with \$215.46 million in expected annual revenue; however, a significant portion of the budget is predicated on the construction of various capital projects (\$112.12 million) which might take multiple years to complete. The City's general fund budget authorized \$55.37 million in expenditures, supported by \$55.02 million in expected general fund revenue. The General Fund budget included \$350,000 from fund balance to pay for a new City general plan.

The City of Indio is experiencing an economic rebound, driven by strong growth in sales tax and development-related revenue. Fiscal year 2013-14 was Indio's fourth year of sales tax growth of at least 10 percent. The opening of a new super Walmart in October 2014 and the expected ground breaking of a new auto dealership in early 2015 are expected to prolong this positive trend. Sales tax makes up about 18 percent of all general fund revenue and is expected to total \$10.4 million by the end of fiscal year 2014-15. Revenue generated through development services, specifically building permit revenue, has tripled since a development lull experienced in fiscal year 2011-12. Development-related revenue is expected to total almost \$3 million in fiscal year 2014-15. Permit demand is up across most categories including: building, electrical, mechanical, pool, and plumbing. Based on current trends, fiscal year 2014-15 development activity is expected to exceed the previous-year's level. Based on the increased demand for inspections, the City has recently added staff within the Community Development Department.

Anticipating growth in general fund discretionary resources, the City Council reviewed a list of strategic recovery objectives and directed funding for the following priorities for fiscal year 2014-15:

Police services: \$572,645Fire services: \$406,514

• Economic development: \$203,671

• City marketing: \$150,000

• A new principal civil engineer: \$152,230, hiring delayed until 10/1/14, saving \$34,351

- A new management aide: \$89,712, hiring delayed until 10/1/14 to saving \$18,684
- A new senior fleet mechanic: \$103,176, hiring delayed until 10/1/14 to saving \$21,579
- Public facility maintenance: \$105,212
- Citywide fleet maintenance: \$109,000
- Citywide vehicle and equipment replacements: \$500,000
- A ballot measure to raise Transient Occupancy Tax: \$85,000
- Increased election costs: \$4,500
- Landscape and Lighting District support: \$9,962
- Artistic city entry monuments: \$275,000
- Retiree healthcare trust deposit: \$200,000
- Laserfiche, geographical information system, police mobile data computers: \$90,000
- Public Works office assistant: \$61,349
- Upgrading a finance cashier position from part-time to full-time: \$20,943
- Chamber of Commerce/City of Indio collaborative marketing efforts: \$40,000
- \$944,322 will be appropriated within the account for contingencies and earmarked for the following city council priorities:
 - o To bolster city reserves: \$500,000
 - o For a new city general plan: \$350,000
 - o For future unforeseen needs: \$94,322
- The recommended budget supports 216 full-time, 7 elected, 32 appointed, and 26 part-time positions.
- The budget incorporates a reduction in medical-benefit contributions consistent with the terms agreed upon by the City and various labor unions or as directed by the city manager for executive and unrepresented staff. Medical contributions made by the city will be reduced July 1, 2014 by \$50 per month to \$1,225 per month for 134 (62 percent) of the 216 full-time employees. The expected annual savings is \$80,400. Medical-benefit contributions for most police department staff remain at \$1,325 per month.
- For most full-time employees (94 percent), merit increases have been suspended. Only 16 full-time employees, members of the Service Employees International Union (SEIU), will receive merits during the fiscal year consistent with the terms of their labor agreement. A merit increase is a five percent performance-based salary increase awarded on an employee's anniversary date. Citywide, SEIU merits are expected to cost \$56,729.

In the November 2014 general election, 79 percent of the voting electorate approved a 3 percent increase in the local Transient Occupancy Tax rate for timeshare, short-term renters, campers, and all lodging facilities with less than 50 rooms. The local effective rate is now 13 percent and expected to generate about \$500,000 per year.

Contacting the City's Finance Department:

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the City's finances and to show the City's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, separate reports of the City's component units, or need any additional financial information, contact the Finance Department at 100 Civic Center Mall, Indio, California, 92201, phone (760) 391-4115, www.finance@indio.org.





CITY OF INDIO Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2013

	Primary G							
	Governmental Business-Type			Totals				
	Activities	Activities		2014	otais	2013		
Assets:		Tietrvities		2011		2013		
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$ 36,588,724	\$ 20,290,895	\$	56,879,619	\$	47,553,976		
Cash and investments with fiscal agent (note 2)	4,899,853			4,899,853		5,584,505		
Deposits with other agencies	809,523			809,523		51,534		
Accounts receivable, net	3,671,545	2,636,305		6,307,850		6,769,240		
Interest receivable	12,770	5,224		17,994		17,227		
Notes receivable (note 4)	5,777,030			5,777,030		5,395,599		
Due from other governments	2,663,700			2,663,700		2,749,707		
Internal balances	2,111,341	(2,111,341)						
Prepaid items	26,808	206,342		233,150		732,824		
Inventory		215,131		215,131		159,424		
Deferred charges		ŕ		,		1,627,785		
Advance to private-purpose trust funds	5,496,151			5,496,151		5,496,151		
Property held for resale	66,662			66,662		227,699		
Land held for resale (note 5)	3,508,697			3,508,697		3,508,697		
Capital assets, not depreciated (note 6)	111,735,107	2,776,151		114,511,258		116,393,744		
Capital assets, depreciated, net (note 6)	373,170,859	189,954,411		563,125,270		575,111,794		
Total assets	550,538,770	213,973,118		764,511,888		771,379,906		
Deferred Outflows of Resources:								
Deferred loss on refunding of debt		689,239		689,239		720,008		
Total deferred outflows of resources		689,239		689,239		720,008		
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	5,673,008	1,031,744		6,704,752		6,610,306		
Accrued payroll	1,343,836	255,804		1,599,640		1,572,740		
Deposits payable	5,329,812	400,829		5,730,641		6,472,952		
Interest payable	394,618	683,009		1,077,627		1,063,585		
Retentions payable	126,331	11,250		137,581		295,943		
Unearned revenue	2,215,958	11,230		2,215,958		2,724,998		
Long-term liabilities (notes 7 to 14):	2,213,730			2,213,730		2,721,550		
Portion due within one year	6,785,752	1,712,902		8,498,654		10,025,768		
Portion due in more than one year	78,058,167	55,605,256		133,663,423		135,818,424		
Total liabilities	99,927,482	59,700,794		159,628,276		164,584,716		
Deferred Inflows of Resources:						<u> </u>		
Unamortized gain on refunding of debt	2,259,944			2,259,944		2,356,454		
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,259,944			2,259,944		2,356,454		
	2,200,011		-	2,237,711		2,330,131		
Net position:	425 529 220	127 222 912		5(1.9(2.142		575 417 157		
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	425,528,330	136,333,813		561,862,143		575,417,157		
Public works	7,293,319			7,293,319		6,345,052		
Assessment districts	1,439,723			1,439,723		1,539,560		
Housing	8,825,449			8,825,449		8,852,164		
Community development	6,190,744			6,190,744		6,298,895		
Debt service	2,470,796			2,470,796		2,075,403		
Public safety	621,643			621,643		604,226		
Unrestricted (deficit)	(4,018,660)	18,627,750		14,609,090		4,026,287		
Total net position	\$ 448,351,344	\$ 154,961,563	\$	603,312,907	\$	605,158,744		
Tomi net position	Ψ 110,331,377	Ψ 15 1,701,505	Ψ	005,512,707	Ψ	005,150,777		

Statement of Activities

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Totals for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

		Program Revenues					
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Contributions and Grants	Capital Contributions and Grants			
Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 6,534,935	\$ 10,519,818	\$ -	\$ -			
Public safety	47,339,078	2,316,053	5,270,080				
Public works	16,018,521	1,827,916	6,118,535	8,841,075			
Community development	8,709,976	2,559,608	3,458,297				
Human services	2,664,569	3,868,842					
Interest expense and other charges	3,013,214						
Total governmental activities	84,280,293	21,092,237	14,846,912	8,841,075			
Business-type activities:							
Water	23,562,832	18,198,397		2,479,583			
Golf	942,499	688,908					
Solid waste	-						
Total business-type activities	24,505,331	18,887,305		2,479,583			
Total primary government	\$ 108,785,624	\$ 39,979,542	\$ 14,846,912	\$ 11,320,658			

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes, net

Sales taxes

Transient occupancy taxes

Franchise taxes

Other taxes

Investment income

State motor vehicle in lieu tax (unrestricted)

Other

Transfers

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in net position

Net position at beginning of the fiscal year

Prior period adjustments

Net position at beginning of the fiscal year, restated

Net position at end of fiscal year

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position

			Primary Gov	rernment	
G	overnmental	I	Business-type		
Activities			Activities	2014	 2013
\$	3,984,883	\$	-	\$ 3,984,883	\$ 4,081,140
	(39,752,945)			(39,752,945)	(26,180,462)
	769,005			769,005	(3,020,901)
	(2,692,071)			(2,692,071)	1,236,462
	1,204,273			1,204,273	362,584
	(3,013,214)			(3,013,214)	 (6,234,934)
	(39,500,069)		_	(39,500,069)	 (29,756,111)
			(2,884,852)	(2,884,852)	(4,823,462)
			(253,591)	(253,591)	(163,861)
					 (460)
			(3,138,443)	(3,138,443)	(4,987,783)
	(39,500,069)		(3,138,443)	(42,638,512)	(34,743,894)
	12,999,966			12,999,966	13,373,498
	9,349,426			9,349,426	8,377,197
	3,077,890			3,077,890	2,820,398
	2,338,806			2,338,806	2,090,285
	9,408,752			9,408,752	9,430,271
	64,168		70,433	134,601	164,790
	35,499			35,499	42,893
	5,075,520			5,075,520	3,871,045
	(6,245,165)		6,245,165		
	36,104,862		6,315,598	42,420,460	 40,170,377
	(3,395,207)		3,177,155	(218,052)	5,426,483
	452,622,818		152,535,926	605,158,744	604,036,517
	(876,267)		(751,518)	(1,627,785)	(4,304,256)
	451,746,551		151,784,408	603,530,959	599,732,261
\$	448,351,344	\$	154,961,563	\$603,312,907	\$ 605,158,744

CITY OF INDIO Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2014 With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2013

		General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Assessment Districts Capital Projects Fund		
Assets	¢.	15.051.066	Ф	4.052.641	Ф	470	
Cash and investments	\$	15,951,066	\$	4,053,641	\$	470	
Cash and investments with fiscal agent Accounts receivable		2 610 604		344,305		1,439,253	
Due from other governments		2,610,694 1,481,022		344,303			
Due from other funds (note 3)		3,028,076					
Interest receivable		8,011		1,290			
Notes receivable (note 4)		0,011		1,270			
Prepaid items		26,808					
Advance to private-purpose trust funds (note 4)		20,000					
Property held for resale							
Land held for resale		3,508,697					
Total assets	\$	26,614,374	\$	4,399,236	\$	1,439,723	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,			-				
and Fund Balances							
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$	3,751,421	\$	269,970	\$	-	
Accrued liabilities		1,175,063		215			
Due to other funds (note 3)							
Unearned revenue		250,000		1,774,998			
Retentions payable		796		86,035			
Deposits payable		5,329,812					
Total liabilities		10,507,092		2,131,218			
Deferred Inflows of Resources:							
Deferred revenue - loans/notes							
Deferred revenue - grant revenue		19,169					
Total deferred inflows of resources		19,169					
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		10,526,261		2,131,218			
Fund balances:							
Nonspendable:							
Advances							
Prepaid items		26,808					
Land held for resale		3,508,697					
Restricted				1,283,149		1,439,723	
Committed		1,139,500					
Assigned							
General government		125,292					
General plan		700,000					
Economic development		5,902,850					
Lighting and landscape districts		195,000		004.070			
Construction projects		4 400 000		984,869			
Unassigned Total fund balances		4,489,966 16,088,113		2,268,018		1,439,723	
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of		10,000,113		2,200,010		1,737,743	
resources, and fund balances	\$	26,614,374	\$	4,399,236	\$	1,439,723	
1000a1005, and fund bulances	Ψ	20,017,277	Ψ	1,377,230	Ψ	1,107,140	

	Other	Totals					
G	overnmental Funds		2014		2013		
-							
\$	9,764,613	\$	29,769,790	\$	29,860,742		
	3,460,600		4,899,853		5,017,699		
	628,893		3,583,892		4,755,525		
	1,182,678		2,663,700		2,749,707		
			3,028,076		1,782,498		
	3,469		12,770		13,560		
	5,777,030		5,777,030		5,395,599		
			26,808		480,231		
	5,496,151		5,496,151		5,496,151		
	66,662		66,662		227,699		
			3,508,697		3,508,697		
\$	26,380,096	\$	58,833,429	\$	59,288,108		
\$	1,128,587	\$	5,149,978	\$	5,823,868		
-	103,768	_	1,279,046	*	1,280,387		
	392,488		392,488		1,136,808		
	190,960		2,215,958		6,557,797		
	39,500		126,331		291,953		
	,		5,329,812		6,133,138		
	1,855,303		14,493,613		21,223,951		
-		-		-			
	2,455,267		2,455,267				
	538,485		557,654				
	2,993,752		3,012,921				
	4,849,055		17,506,534	-	21,223,951		
	5,496,151		5,496,151				
			26,808		480,231		
			3,508,697		3,508,697		
	16,458,732		19,181,604		26,332,965		
			1,139,500		730,000		
			125,292		83,850		
			700,000		700,000		
			5,902,850				
			195,000				
			984,869		1,296,497		
_	(423,842)		4,066,124		4,931,917		
	21,531,041		41,326,895		38,064,157		
\$	26,380,096	\$	58,833,429	\$	59,288,108		



Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

Fund balances of governmental funds	\$ 41,326,895
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets have not been included as financial resources in governmental fund activity:	
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	685,820,499 (204,609,825)
Long-term debt has not been included in governmental fund activity:	
Bonds payable	(40,165,000)
Deferred gain on refunding	(2,259,944)
Installment agreement	(5,005,000)
Capital lease obligations	(1,548,372)
Note payable	(11,048,842)
Compensated absenses	(2,019,899)
PERS side fund liability	(4,111,192)
Post employment benefit liability	(15,607,841)
Accrued interest payable for the current portion of interest due on bonds payable has not been reported in the governmental funds.	(394,618)
The focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, therefore, some assets will not be available to pay for current-period expenditures. Those assets are offset by deferred inflows in the governmental funds and not included in fund balance. Unearned revenue associated with these assets is not included in the statement of net position.	3,012,921
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management, to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position:	
Capital assets, net of depreciation	3,695,292
Long-term liabilities	(5,264,068)
Other assets and liabilities	 6,530,338
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 448,351,344

Governmental Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 With Comparative Totals for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund		Assessment Districts Capital Projects Fund		Other Governmental Funds	
Revenues:								
Taxes	\$ 29,473,331	\$	=	\$	-	\$	4,599,200	
Special assessments							3,791,742	
Licenses and permits	3,384,182							
Intergovernmental	7,360,768		4,175,358				3,281,854	
Charges for services	9,481,774							
Fines	783,338						104,148	
Investment income	63,679		329,010		2,931		2,398,360	
Developer fees			4,901,203					
Miscellaneous	1,829,647				25,269		546,457	
Total revenues	52,376,719		9,405,571		28,200		14,721,761	
Expenditures:								
Current:								
General government	3,903,655						262,016	
Public safety	33,602,544						1,478,029	
Public works	4,399,198		5,625,342		102,770		4,046,971	
Community development	3,863,548						3,518,576	
Human services	1,461,611							
Other	406,849							
Debt service:								
Principal	275,876		279,087				1,293,853	
Interest and other charges	86,492		6,363				2,607,174	
Bond issuance costs								
Total expenditures	47,999,773		5,910,792		102,770		13,206,619	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	4,376,946		3,494,779		(74,570)		1,515,142	
Other financing sources (uses):								
Payment to bond escrow agent								
Interfund transfers in (note 3)	3,429,366		24,600				3,408,442	
Interfund transfers out (note 3)	(1,487,512)		(8,423,487)		(25,267)		(2,975,701)	
Issuance of debt	(,,-)		(-, -, -,)		(- , - ·)		() , ,	
Total other financing sources (uses)	1,941,854		(8,398,887)		(25,267)		432,741	
	-,,,,,,,,		(0,000,000)		(==;==:)		,,	
Net change in fund balances	6,318,800		(4,904,108)		(99,837)		1,947,883	
Fund balances at beginning of fiscal year	9,769,313		7,172,126		1,539,560		19,583,158	
Fund balances at end of fiscal year	\$ 16,088,113	\$	2,268,018	\$	1,439,723	\$	21,531,041	

	Totals							
	2014		2013					
\$	34,072,531	\$	32,561,780					
Ψ	3,791,742	Ψ	3,865,959					
	3,384,182		2,026,711					
	14,817,980		18,739,839					
	9,481,774		8,335,405					
	887,486		1,214,702					
	2,793,980		4,089,023					
	4,901,203		5,559,270					
	2,401,373		2,471,180					
	76,532,251		78,863,869					
	4,165,671		4,203,667					
	35,080,573		32,603,245					
	14,174,281		21,300,106					
	7,382,124		7,730,764					
	1,461,611		1,545,023					
	406,849		323,011					
	1,848,816		1,814,709					
	2,700,029		2,689,864					
			381,214					
	67,219,954		72,591,603					
	9,312,297		6,272,266					
			(21,335,000)					
	6,862,408		5,786,747					
	(12,911,967)		(6,781,747)					
			24,500,000					
	(6,049,559)		2,170,000					
	3,262,738		8,442,266					
	38,064,157		29,621,891					
\$	41,326,895	\$	38,064,157					

Governmental Funds

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement Activities

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

Changes	in	fund	bal	ances	of	governmental	funds

3,262,738

\$ (3,395,207)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:

Capital Related Items

When capital assets that are to be used in governmental activities are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for those assets are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

Capital expenditures	8,545,082
Depreciation of capital assets	(14,263,061)
Disposal of capital assets	(869,226)
Contributed capital assets	(96 228)

Long-Term Debt Transactions

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, and similar items when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. These amounts are the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.

Principal payments	1,848,816
To record as an expense the net change in post employment benefit liability in the Statement of Activities.	(1,455,855)
To record as a reduction of expense the net change in compensated absences in the Statement of Activities.	71,359
To record as a reduction of expense the net change in PERS side fund liability in the Statement of Activities.	129,438
To record as a revenue or a reduction of expense the amortization of gain on refunding in the Statement of Activities.	96,510
<u>Accrued Interest</u> The Statement of Net Position includes accrued interest on long-term debt, this is the net change	(2,846)
Internal Service Funds Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of certain activities, such as equipment management, to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of the internal services funds is reported with governmental activities.	157,944
<u>Unearned Revenue</u> The focus of governmental funds is on short-term financing, therefore, some assets are offset by unearned revenue or deferred inflows. Loans and notes issued during the fiscal year are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds when paid. Collections of loans and notes are reported as revenues in the governmental funds when received. The annual activity for loans and notes is not reported as revenues and expenses in the statement of activities. Net activity including establishment of an allowance.	
	(819,878)

Change in net position of governmental activities

CITY OF INDIO Proprietary Funds

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2014

With Comparative Totals as of June 30, 2013

	with con	inpurutive rotuis	Governmental Activities -				
		* *	rities - Enterprise F	Funds	Internal Service Funds		
	Major Fund	Nonmajor					
A 4	Water Fund	Funds	2014	2013	2014	2013	
Assets: Current assets:							
Cash and investments	\$ 20,288,877	\$ 2,018	\$ 20,290,895	\$ 9,264,915	\$ 6,818,934	\$ 8,428,319	
	\$ 20,200,077	\$ 2,016	\$ 20,290,693	566,806	\$ 0,010,934	\$ 0,420,319	
Cash and investments with fiscal agent Deposit with other agencies				300,800	809,523	51,534	
Accounts receivable, net	2,634,905	1,400	2 626 205	2,007,893	87,653	5,822	
Interest receivable	2,634,903 4,979	245	2,636,305 5,224	2,007,893 3,667	87,033	3,822	
Prepaid items	206,342	243	206,342	251,514		1,079	
Inventory	187,986	27,145	215,131	159,424		1,079	
							
Total current assets	23,323,089	30,808	23,353,897	12,254,219	7,716,110	8,486,754	
Noncurrent assets: Deferred charges Capital assets:				751,518			
Land	1,703,010	465,959	2,168,969	2,168,969			
Construction in progress	607,182	,	607,182	484,989			
Structures and improvements	14,898,125	360,349	15,258,474	15,249,734			
Machinery and equipment	2,878,938	50,076	2,929,014	2,705,326	7,878,845	6,744,029	
Vehicles	1,425,368	20,070	1,425,368	1,425,368	8,858,078	9,978,892	
Utility distribution system	277,589,242		277,589,242	277,347,706	0,000,070	,,,,,o,o, <u>-</u>	
Accumulated depreciation	(107,123,116)	(124,571)	(107,247,687)	(99,540,060)	(13,041,631)	(12,953,522)	
Total capital assets (net of	(107,125,110)	(12 1,0 / 1)	(107,217,007)	(>>,= 10,000)	(15,011,051)	(12,703,022)	
accumulated depreciation)	191,978,749	751,813	192,730,562	199,842,032	3,695,292	3,769,399	
Total noncurrent assets	191,978,749	751,813	192,730,562	200,593,550	3,695,292	3,769,399	
Deferred Outflows of Resources:							
Deferred loss on refunding of debt	689,239		689,239	720,008			
Total deferred outflows of resources	689,239		689,239	720,008			
Liabilities:							
Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable	989,618	42,126	1,031,744	565,130	523,030	221,308	
Accrued liabilities	247,812	7,992	255,804	226,255	64,790	66,098	
Due to other funds	1,512,528	598,813	2,111,341	385,654	524,247	260,036	
Deposits payable	400,829		400,829	339,814			
Interest payable	683,009		683,009	671,813			
Retention payable	11,250		11,250	3,990			
Long-term liabilites, portion							
due within one year	1,712,902		1,712,902	1,652,340	73,705		
Total current liabilities	5,557,948	648,931	6,206,879	3,844,996	1,185,772	547,442	
Noncurrent liabilities: Long-term liabilities, portion due							
in more than one year	55,605,256		55 605 256	57,186,855	5,264,068	6,905,093	
Total liabilities	61,163,204	648,931	55,605,256 61,812,135	61,031,851	6,449,840	7,452,535	
Net position:	01,103,204	040,731	01,012,133	01,031,031	0,447,040	7,432,333	
net position.							
Net investment in capital assets	135,582,000	751,813	136,333,813	143,310,776	2,831,856	3,769,399	
Unrestricted	19,245,873	(618,123)	18,627,750	9,225,150	2,129,706	1,034,219	
Total net position	\$ 154,827,873	\$ 133,690	\$ 154,961,563	\$ 152,535,926	\$ 4,961,562	\$ 4,803,618	

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Totals for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Governmental Activities -Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Internal Service Funds Major Fund Nonmajor Water Fund Funds 2014 2013 2014 2013 Operating revenues: Charges for services 17,827,521 688,908 18,516,429 16,657,502 9,782,291 \$ 9,976,956 Other income 370,876 370,876 402,565 1,433,346 172,784 18,198,397 688,908 18,887,305 17,060,067 10,149,740 Total operating revenues 11,215,637 Operating expenses: Personnel services 4,760,496 133,932 4,894,428 4,941,084 5,702,098 5,498,073 Contractual services 1,878,840 316,017 2,194,857 1,841,315 645,638 589,831 1,457,150 1,496,702 Utilities 1,457,150 Depreciation 7,697,410 10,217 7,707,627 7,624,784 819,084 1,055,221 Rental and leases 1,359,668 1,359,668 1,358,056 Repairs and maintenance 1,847,314 2,005,923 1,705,374 578,896 552,405 158,609 Materials and supplies 1,667,269 323,724 1,990,993 1,286,411 3,303,537 2,530,745 Bad debt 148,875 148.875 399,341 Claims and judgments 50,000 50,000 15,075 773,368 Total operating expenses 20,867,022 942,499 21,809,521 20,653,067 11,064,328 10,999,643 Operating income (loss) (2,668,625) (253,591)(2,922,216)(3,593,000)151,309 (849,903) Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income 68.583 1,850 70.433 92,410 46 37,574 (2,695,810) (2,695,810) Interest expense (2,759,753)Total nonoperating (2,627,227) 1,850 (2,625,377) (2,667,343) 37,574 revenues (expenses) 46 Income (loss) before transfers and capital contributions (5,295,852)(251,741)(5,547,593) (6,260,343) 151,355 (812,329) Interfund transfers and capital contributions: Interfund transfers in 6,548,162 6,548,162 15,000 7,000 980,000 Interfund transfers out (302,997)(302,997)(202,606)Capital contributions 2,479,583 2,479,583 1,767,535 202,195 233,000 Changes in net position 3,731,893 (554,738)3,177,155 157,944 400,671 (4,477,808)688,428 152,535,926 4,402,947 Net position at beginning of fiscal year 151,847,498 157,013,734 4,803,618 Prior period adjustments (751,518)(751,518)Net position at beginning of fiscal year, restated 151,095,980 688,428 151,784,408 157,013,734 4,803,618 4,402,947 Net position at end of fiscal year 154,827,873 133,690 154,961,563 152,535,926 4,961,562 \$ 4,803,618

Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Totals for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

				vitie:	s - Enterprise F	unds		 Governmen Internal Se		
	Major Fund Water Fund	1	Nonmajor Funds		2014		2013	2014		2013
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash received from user departments	\$ 17,483,498	\$	689,580	\$	18,173,078	\$	17,256,761	\$ 10,375,817	\$	10,158,868
Cash payments to suppliers for for goods and services Cash payments to employees for	(7,082,606)		(768,807)		(7,851,413)		(7,666,738)	(6,671,101)		(3,682,547)
services	 (4,009,000)		(133,932)		(4,142,932)		(4,907,226)	 (5,703,406)		(5,490,088)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	 6,391,892		(213,159)		6,178,733		4,682,797	 (1,998,690)		986,233
Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities: Cash received (paid) to/from other funds Due to/from other funds	6,548,162		(302,997) 213,159		6,245,165 213,159		15,000 154,362	(195,606) 264,211		980,000 (85,512)
Net cash provided by (used for) non- capital and related financing activities	 6,548,162		(89,838)		6,458,324		169,362	 68,605		894,488
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Cash contribution Cash received from disposal of capital assets								202,195 719,339		233,000
Acquisition of capital assets Principal payments on debt Issuance of debt, net	(278,717) (1,400,000)				(278,717) (1,400,000)		(595,845) (1,365,000)	(1,464,316) 863,436		(340,422)
Capital impact fees received Interest payments on debt	 2,169,403 (2,737,445)				2,169,403 (2,737,445)		(2,793,718)	 		
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	 (2,246,759)				(2,246,759)		(4,754,563)	 320,654		(107,422)
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on investments	67,027		1,849		68,876		94,669	46		40,945
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	 67,027		1,849		68,876		94,669	 46		40,945
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	10,760,322		(301,148)		10,459,174		192,265	(1,609,385)		1,814,244
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of fiscal year	9,528,555		303,166		9,831,721		9,639,456	8,428,319		6,614,075
Cash and cash equivalents at end of fiscal year	\$ 20,288,877	\$	2,018	\$	20,290,895	\$	9,831,721	\$ 6,818,934	\$	8,428,319
Reconciliation of amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position: Reported on the Statement of Net Position:										
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents	\$ 20,288,877	\$	2,018	\$	20,290,895	\$	9,264,915 566,806	\$ 6,818,934	\$	8,428,319
Cash and cash equivalents at end of fiscal year	\$ 20,288,877	\$	2,018	\$	20,290,895	\$	9,831,721	\$ 6,818,934	\$ (Co	8,428,319 entinued)

CITY OF INDIO Proprietary Funds

Statement of Cash Flows

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Totals for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Governmental Activities -

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds						Internal Service Funds				
	Major Fund Nonmajor			_							
	Ţ	Water Fund		Funds		2014	2013		2014		2013
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net											
cash provided by operating activities:											
Operating income (loss)	\$	(2,668,625)	\$	(253,591)	\$	(2,922,216)	\$ (3,593,000)	\$	151,309	\$	(849,903)
Adjustments to reconcile operating											
income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by											
operating activities:											
Depreciation		7,697,410		10,217		7,707,627	7,624,784		819,084		1,055,221
(Increase) decrease in deposits with											
other agencies									(757,989)		102
(Increase) decrease in accounts											
receivable		(627,039)		(1,373)		(628,412)	555,867		(81,831)		9,026
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		45,172				45,172	(26,418)		1,079		(3)
(Increase) decrease in inventory		(57,752)		2,045		(55,707)	39,561				
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		1,190,215		29,543		1,219,758	7,455		301,722		(9,461)
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		788,933				788,933	23,193		(1,308)		7,985
Increase (decrease) in deposits payable		61,015				61,015	42,602				
Increase (decrease) in retentions											
payable							(1,912)				
Increase (decrease) in compensated											
absences		(37,437)				(37,437)	10,665				
Increase (decrease) in claims and											
judgments payable									(2,430,756)		773,266
Net cash provided by (used for)											
operating activities	\$	6,391,892	\$	(213,159)	\$	6,178,733	\$ 4,682,797	\$	(1,998,690)	\$	986,233
Non-cash investing, capital, and financing activities:											
Issue premium on bonds	\$	83,600	\$	-	\$	83,600	\$ 83,600	\$	-	\$	-
Contributed capital assets	\$	310,180	\$		\$	310,180	\$ 1,767,535	\$		\$	
			_		_		 	_		_	_

CITY OF INDIO Fiduciary Funds Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

ASSETS	Pri	vate- Purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds
Cash and investments (note 2)	\$	5,038,736	\$ 10,467,640
Cash and investments with fiscal agents (note 2)		6,351,351	7,247,549
Accounts receivable		26,611	42,214
Due from other governments			113,140
Interest receivable		103	3,472
Notes receivable		584,371	
Land held for resale		37,926,065	
Total assets	\$	49,927,237	\$ 17,874,015
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	\$	48,669	\$ 250,756
Accrued liabilities		17,267	
Unearned revenue		75,000	
Retention payable		295,489	
Interest payable		1,441,655	
Deposits payable		110,000	
Advances from the City of Indio		5,496,151	
Due to members			230,078
Due to bondholders			17,192,324
Deposits payable			200,857
Long-term debt due within one year		2,065,000	
Long-term debt due in more than one year		69,440,000	
Total liabilities		78,989,231	\$ 17,874,015
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)			
Unrestricted		(29,061,994)	
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(29,061,994)	

Private-Purpose Trust Funds Statement Of Changes In Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	 Totals
Additions:	
Investment revenue	\$ 25,444
Taxes and assessments	6,074,392
Charges for services	607,903
Other revenue	431,508
Total additions	 7,139,247
Deductions:	
Community development	3,326,883
Interest expenses	3,928,561
Total deductions	 7,255,444
Change in net position	 (116,197)
Net Position (deficit) - July 1, 2013	(27,033,803)
Prior period adjustments	(1,911,994)
Net Position (deficit) - July 1, 2013, restated	(28,945,797)
Net Position (deficit) - June 30, 2014	\$ (29,061,994)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies</u>

The financial statements of the City of Indio (City) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

(a) Reporting Entity

The City of Indio was incorporated on May 16, 1930 under the general laws of the State of California. The City operates under the Council-Administrator form of government.

As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The City is considered to be financially accountable for an organization if the City appoints a voting majority of that organization's governing body and the organization is able to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the City. The City is also considered to be financially accountable if an organization is fiscally dependent (i.e., it is unable to adopt its budget, levy taxes, set rates or charges, or issue bonded debt without approval from the City). In certain cases, other organizations are included as component units if the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that their execution would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. A brief description of the City's component units are as follows:

Blended Component Units:

• Indio Public Financing Authority

The Indio Public Financing Authority ("Authority") is a joint exercise of powers authority organized and existing under and by virtue of the Joint Exercise of Powers Act. The City and the Agency formed the Authority by the execution of a joint exercise of powers agreement dated as of April 1, 1992. Pursuant to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act, the Authority is authorized to issue revenue bonds to provide funds to make loans to public entities, such revenue bonds are to be repaid from the repayments of such loans. The Authority is governed by a five-member Board which consists of all members of the City Council. The Mayor of the City is the Chairperson of the Authority. The City Manager acts as the Executive Director, the City Clerk acts as the Secretary and the Finance Director of the City acts as the Treasurer of the Authority. Separate financial statements of the Authority are not prepared.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(a) Reporting Entity (Continued)

• Housing Authority of the City of Indio

The Housing Authority of the City of Indio was activated by the City Council of Indio in 1985. The purpose of the Housing Authority is to respond to the need for affordable housing in Indio by providing a financing mechanism to encourage such development in the City. Even though it is legally separate, it is reported as if it were part of the City because the City Council also serves as the governing board of the Authority. Separate financial statements of the Housing Authority are not prepared.

• Industrial Development Authority

The Industrial Development Authority of the City of Indio was activated by the City Council of the City of Indio on December 4, 1985. The purpose of the Industrial Development Authority is to assist the community in industry development by providing a financing mechanism to encourage such development in the City. The City Council serves as the governing board of the Industrial Development Authority. No separate financial statements of the Industrial Development Authority are prepared. There was no activity in the Industrial Development Authority in the current fiscal year.

• Indio Water Authority

The Indio Water Authority was established on November 1, 2001 to provide water service on behalf of the City of Indio. Since the component unit's governing body is the same as the governing body of the primary government and there is a financial relationship between the primary government and the component unit it is reported as a blended component unit. Separate financial statements of the Indio Water Authority are prepared and can be obtained at City Hall.

• Indio Financing Authority

The Indio Financing Authority ("Authority") is a joint exercise of powers authority organized and existing under and by virtue of the Joint Exercise of Powers Act. The City and the Housing Authority formed the Authority by the execution of a joint exercise of powers agreement dated as of April, 18, 2012. Pursuant to the Joint Exercise of Powers Act, the Authority is authorized to issue revenue bonds to provide funds to make loans to public entities, such revenue bonds are to be repaid from the repayments of such loans. The Authority is governed by a five-member Board which consists of all members of the City Council. The Mayor of the City is the Chairperson of the Authority. The City Manager acts as the Executive Director, the City Clerk acts as the Secretary and the Finance Director of the City acts as the Treasurer of the Authority. Separate financial statements of the Authority are not prepared.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(a) Reporting Entity (Continued)

Since the component units primarily serve the City, the members of the City Council sit as the governing board or appoint the governing board of the component units, and the City Council has the ability to impose its will upon, and is financially accountable for its component units, they are considered to be blended component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance, part of the City's operations and so data from these units are reported with the interfund data of the primary government.

(b) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The basic financial statements of the City are composed of the following:

- Government-wide financial statements
- Fund financial statements
- Notes to basic financial statements

Financial reporting is based upon all GASB pronouncements, as well as the FASB Statements and Interpretations, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins that were issued on or before November 30, 1989 that do not conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements. FASB pronouncements issued after November 30, 1989 are not followed in preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements

Government-wide financial statements display information about the reporting government as a whole, except for its fiduciary activities. These statements include separate columns for the governmental and business-type activities of the primary government, including its blended component units. Eliminations have been made in the Statement of Activities so that certain allocated expenses are recorded only once (by the function to which they were allocated) except for interfund services provided between departments and funds. However, general government expenses have not been allocated as indirect expenses to the various functions of the City.

Government-wide financial statements are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus* and *accrual basis of accounting*. Under the economic resources measurement focus, all (both current and long-term) economic resources and obligations of the reporting government are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets, and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 33.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(b) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Program revenues include charges for services and payments made by parties outside the reporting government's citizenry if that money is restricted to a particular program. Program revenues are netted with program expenses in the statement of activities to present the net cost of each program.

Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the government-wide financial statements, rather than reported as an expenditure. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the government-wide financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the reporting government are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

Fund Financial Statements

The underlying accounting system of the City is organized and operated on the basis of separate funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. Governmental resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purposes for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled.

Fund financial statements for the primary government's governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary funds are represented after the government-wide financial statements. These statements display information about major funds individually and nonmajor funds in the aggregate for governmental and enterprise funds. Fiduciary statements include financial information for fiduciary funds and similar component units. Fiduciary funds of the City primarily represent assets held by the City in a custodial capacity for other individuals or organizations.

Governmental Funds

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the *modified-accrual basis of accounting*. Their revenues are recognized when they become *measurable* and *available* as net current assets. *Measurable* means that the amounts can be estimated, or otherwise determined. *Available* means that the amounts were collected during the reporting period or soon enough thereafter to be available to finance the expenditures accrued for the reporting period. The City uses an availability period of 60 days.

Sales taxes, property taxes, franchise taxes, gas taxes, motor vehicle in lieu, transient occupancy taxes, grants and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period to the extent normally collected within the availability period. Other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available when cash is received by the government.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(b) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Revenue recognition is subject to the *measurable* and *available* criteria for the governmental funds in the fund financial statements. *Exchange transactions* are recognized as revenues in the period in which they are earned (i.e., the related goods or services are provided). *Locally imposed derived tax revenues* are recognized as revenues in the period in which the underlying exchange transaction upon which they are based takes place. *Imposed nonexchange* transactions are recognized as revenues in the period for which they were imposed. If the period of use is not specified, they are recognized as revenues when an enforceable legal claim to the revenues arises or when they are received, whichever occurs first. *Government-mandated and voluntary nonexchange transactions* are recognized as revenues when all applicable eligibility requirements have been met.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds are presented using the current financial resources measurement focus. This means that only current assets and current liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. The reported fund balance (net current assets) is considered to be a measure of "available spendable resources." Governmental fund operating statements present increases (revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets. Accordingly, they are said to present a summary of sources and uses of "available spendable resources" during a period.

Non-current portions of long-term receivables due to governmental funds are reported on their balance sheets in spite of their spending measurement focus. Special reporting treatments are used to indicate; however, that they should not be considered "available spendable resources," since they do not represent net current assets.

Recognition of governmental fund type revenue represented by non-current receivables are deferred until they become current receivables. Non-current portions of long-term receivables are offset by fund balance reserve accounts.

Due to the nature of their spending measurement focus, expenditure recognition for governmental fund types excludes amounts represented by noncurrent liabilities. Since they do not affect current assets, such long-term amounts are not recognized as governmental fund type expenditures or fund liabilities.

Amounts expended to acquire capital assets are recorded as *expenditures* in the year that resources were expended, rather than as fund assets. The proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as an *other financing sources* rather than as a fund liability. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness are reported as fund expenditures.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are combined in a fund, expenses are considered to be paid first from restricted resources, and then from unrestricted resources.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(b) Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (Continued)

Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds

The City's enterprise and internal service funds are proprietary funds. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized when they are earned and expenses are recognized when the related goods or services are delivered. In the fund financial statements, proprietary funds are presented using the *economic resources measurement focus*. This means that all assets and all liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets. Proprietary fund type operating statements present increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in total net position.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies, taxes, and investment earnings result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities. Amounts paid to acquire capital assets are capitalized as assets in the enterprise fund financial statements, rather than reported as expenditures. Proceeds of long-term debt are recorded as a liability in the enterprise fund financial statements, rather than as an other financing source. Amounts paid to reduce long-term indebtedness of the enterprise fund are reported as a reduction of the related liability, rather than as an expenditure.

Agency funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve the recording of City revenues and expenses. Trust funds use the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for the recognition of certain liabilities of defined benefit pension plans.

(c) Fund Classifications

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is used to account for resources traditionally associated with governments, which are not legally required or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for capital projects of the City with resources from bond financing, developer fees, government grants and investment income.

<u>Assessment District Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for revenues and expenditures associated with construction in the various Assessment Districts.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

(c) <u>Fund Classifications (Continued)</u>

The City uses proprietary funds to report an activity for which a fee is charged to external users to recover the cost of operation. The City reports the following fund as a major fund.

<u>Water Fund</u> – This fund is an enterprise fund used to account for the activities associated with the transmission and distribution of potable water by the City and its users.

The City's fund structure also includes the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds- These funds have been established to finance and account for goods and services provided by one City department to other City departments or agencies. Such goods and services include: worker's compensation, liability insurance, retiree medical insurance, information technology, vehicle replacement and maintenance, maintenance of City owned buildings and grounds, and centralized operating services.

Fiduciary Funds- Fiduciary fund financial statements include a statement of net position and statement of changes in net position. The City's fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the City as trustee for the Redevelopment Agency Successor Agency, and as an agent for employees and various independent entities as well as independent assessment districts. Trust funds use the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, except for the recognition of certain liabilities of defined benefit pension plans.

(d) Appropriations Limit

Under Article XIIIB of the California Constitution (the Gann Spending Limitation Initiative), the City is restricted as to the amount of annual appropriations from the proceeds of taxes, and if proceeds of taxes exceed allowed appropriations, the excess must either be refunded to the State Controller or returned to the taxpayers through revised tax rates, revised fee schedules or other refund arrangements. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, proceeds of taxes did not exceed appropriations.

(e) <u>Encumbrances</u>

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of funds are recorded in the governmental funds. Encumbrances are reported as restrictions of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(f) <u>Cash Equivalents</u>

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash or so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Cash equivalents have an original maturity date of three months or less from the date of purchase.

Investments are reported in the accompanying balance sheet at fair value, except for certain certificates of deposit and investment contracts that are reported at cost because they are not transferable and they have terms that are not affected by changes in market interest rates.

Changes in fair value that occur during a fiscal year are recognized as *investment income* reported for that fiscal year. *Investment income* includes interest earnings, changes in fair value, and any gains or losses realized upon the liquidation, maturity, or sale of investments.

The City pools cash and investments of all funds, except for assets held by fiscal agents. Each fund's share in this pool is displayed in the accompanying financial statements as *cash and investments*. Investment income earned by the pooled investments is allocated to the various funds based on each fund's average cash and investment balance.

(g) Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost where historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost where no historical records exist. Contributed capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value at the date of the contribution. Generally, capital asset purchases in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized if they have an expected useful life of three years or more.

Capital assets include additions to public domain (infrastructure) general capital assets consisting of certain improvements including roads, streets, sidewalks, medians, and storm drains. Public domain assets acquired prior to 1980 have been included in the accompanying financial statements.

The following schedule summarizes capital asset useful lives:

Buildings	40 years
Equipment	3-20 years
Improvements	40 years
Infrastructure	40 years
Water Wells and pumps	70 years

Depreciation has been provided using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset in the government-wide financial statements and in the fund financial statements of the proprietary funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(h) <u>Compensated Absences</u>

Employees hired prior to the 1991, carry forward for use in subsequent years, earned but unused vacation and sick leave benefits. Upon termination, the City is obligated to compensate those employees for all earned but unused vacation days and 50% to 100% of earned but unused sick leave benefits depending on their date of hire.

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, Accounting for Compensated Absences, a liability is recorded for unused vacation and similar compensatory leave balances since the employees' entitlement to these balances are attributable to services already rendered and it is probable that virtually all of these balances will be liquidated by either paid time off or payments upon termination or retirement.

A liability is recorded for unused sick leave balances only to the extent that it is probable that the unused balances will result in termination payments. This is estimated by including in the liability the unused balances of employees currently entitled to receive termination payment, as well as those who are expected to become eligible to receive termination benefits as a result of continuing their employment with the City. Other amounts of unused sick leave are excluded from the liability since their payment is contingent solely upon the occurrence of future event (illness), which is outside the control of the City and the employee. The General Fund is typically used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences.

If material, a proprietary fund liability is accrued for all leave benefits relating to the operations of the proprietary funds. A current liability is accrued in the governmental funds for material leave benefits due on demand to governmental fund employees that have been terminated prior to year end. All other amounts are recorded in the government-wide financial statements. These non-current amounts will be recorded as fund expenditures in the fiscal year in which they are paid or become due.

(i) Advances to Other Funds

Long-term interfund advances are recorded as a receivable and as nonspendable fund balance by the advancing governmental fund in the fund financial statements.

(j) Inventories

Inventories are stated at average cost. Physical counts of inventory are taken on a cyclical basis during each fiscal year with perpetual records adjusted to actual at that time. The City uses the consumption method of accounting for inventories.

(k) <u>Property Taxes</u>

Under California law, property taxes are assessed and collected by the counties up to 1% of assessed value, plus other increases approved by the voters. The property taxes go into a pool, and are then allocated to the cities based on

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(1) <u>Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)</u>

(k) <u>Property Taxes (Continued)</u>

complex formulas. Accordingly, the City of Indio accrues only those taxes, which are received within 60 days after fiscal year-end.

The property tax calendar is as follows:

Lien Date: January 1 Levy Date: July 1

Due Date: First Installment - November 1

Second Installment - February 1

Delinquent Date: First Installment - December 11

Second Installment - April 11

Taxes are collected by Riverside County and are remitted to the City periodically. Dates and percentages are as follows:

December 10 30% Advance
January 16 Collection No. 1
April 10 10% Advance
May 15 Collection No. 2
July 31 Collection No. 3

(1) Claims and Judgments

The City records a liability for litigation, judgments, and claims when it is probable that an asset has been impaired or a liability has been incurred prior to year end and the probable amount of loss (net of any insurance coverage) can be reasonably estimated.

(m) Prior Year Data

Selected information regarding the prior fiscal year has been included in the accompanying financial statements. This information has been included for comparison purposes only and does not represent a complete presentation in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with the City's prior fiscal year financial statements, from which this selected financial data was derived. Certain minor reclassifications of prior fiscal year data may have been made in order to enhance their comparability with current fiscal year figures.

(n) Amortization of Bond Premiums and Discounts

Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the straight-line method, which materially approximates the effective interest method. Bond premiums and discounts are presented as a reduction or addition to the face amount of the bonds payable.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(o) <u>Unamortized Gain/Loss on Refunding</u>

Gain/Loss on refunding debt is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the term of the new debt or the refunded debt using the straight-line method, which materially approximates that effective interest method. These are now recorded, per GASB Statement No. 65, as deferred inflows or outflows of resources.

(p) <u>Property/Land Held for Resale</u>

Home purchased for the purpose of resale under the federally funded Neighborhood Stabilization Program. Land purchased for the purpose of resale (or contribution to a redevelopment project) is recorded at the City's or Successor Agency's cost to purchase the property or, upon entering into a contract for sale, the estimated net realizable value, if lower.

(q) <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

(r) Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has deferred outflows of resources on the deferred loss on refunding of debt in the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has deferred inflow of resources unearned revenue — loans/notes and grant revenue on the fund financial statements and unamortized gain on refunding of debt in the statement of net position.

(s) New Accounting Pronouncements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 65, "Items Previously Reported as Assets and Liabilities." This Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The objective of this Statement is to establish accounting and financial reporting standards that reclassify, as deferred outflows

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(s) New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 65 (Continued)

of resources or deferred inflows of resources, certain items that were previously reported as assets and liabilities. Implementation of the statement and the impact on the City's financial statements are explained in Note 28 – Prior Period Adjustments. Items previously reported as assets and liabilities are now reported as deferred inflows or outflows of resources. See also Note 1 (r).

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 66

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 66, "Technical Correction – 2012." This Statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2012. The objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting for a governmental financial reporting entity by resolving conflicting guidance that resulted from GASB Statement No. 54 "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", and GASB Statement No. 62 Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements." Since the release of these Statements, questions have arisen concerning differences between the provisions in Statement 54 and Statement No. 10, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Risk Financing and Related Insurance Issues, regarding the reporting of risk financing activities. Questions also have arisen abut differences between Statement 62 and Statement No. 13, Accounting for Operating Leases with Scheduled Rent Increases, regarding the reporting of certain operating lease transactions, and No. 48, Sales and Pledges of Receivables and Future Revenues and Intra-Equity Transfers of Assets and Future Revenues, concerning the reporting of the acquisition of a loan or a group of loans and the recognition of servicing fees related to mortgage loans that are sold. Implementation of the GASB Statement No. 66 did not have an impact on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 67

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 67, "Financial Reporting for Pension Plans." This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2013. The objective of this Statement is to improve financial reporting by state and local governmental pension plans. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 25, "Financial Reporting for Defined Benefit Pension Plans and Note Disclosures for Defined Contribution Plans" and No. 50 "Pension Disclosures" as they relate to pension plans that are administered through trusts or equivalent arrangements (hereafter jointly referred to as trusts) that meet certain criteria. The requirements of Statements 25 and 50 remain applicable to pension plans that are not administered through trusts covered by the scope of this Statement and to defined contribution plans that provide postemployment benefits other than pensions. Implementation of the GASB Statement No. 67 did not have an impact on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

(s) New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 70

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-exchange Financial Guarantees." This Statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2013. The objective of this Statement is to improve the recognition, measurement, and disclosure guidance for state and local governments that have extended or received financial guarantees that are non-exchange transactions. Implementation of the GASB Statement No. 70 did not have an impact on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

(2) Cash and Investments

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2014 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of net position:

Cash and investments	\$ 56,879,619
Cash and investments held by bond trustee	4,899,853
Fiduciary Funds:	
Cash and investments	15,506,376
Cash and investments held by bond trustee	13,598,900
Total cash and investments	\$ 90,884,748

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2014 consist of the following:

Cash on hand	\$ 8,150
Deposits with financial institutions	6,600,642
Investments	84,275,956
Total cash and investments	\$ 90,884,748

<u>Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy</u>

The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for the City by the California Government Code and the City's investment policy. The table also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code (or the City's investment policy, if more restrictive) that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk. This table does not address investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee that are governed by the provisions of debt agreements of the City, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(2) <u>Cash and Investments (Continued)</u>

<u>Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City's Investment Policy (Continued)</u>

	thorized by nvestment Policy	Maximum Maturity*	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio*	Maximum Investment n One Issuer*
Local Agency Bonds	No	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	Yes	2 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	Yes	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	Yes	180 days	40%	5%
Commercial Paper	Yes	270 days	25%	10%
Certificates of Deposit	Yes	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	Yes	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	No	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium-Term Notes	No	5 years	30%	5%
Mutual Funds	No	Ň/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	Yes	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	es No	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	No	Ň/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund	Yes	N/A	None	\$50 million
JPA Pools (other investment pool	ls) No	N/A	None	None

^{*} Based on state law requirements or City investment policy requirements, whichever is more restrictive.

<u>Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements</u>

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustee are governed by provisions of the debt agreements, rather than the general provisions of the California Government Code or the City's investment policy. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by bond trustee. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements that address interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk.

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum <u>Maturity</u>	Maximum Percentage <u>Allowed</u>	Maximum Investment In One Issuer
U.S. Treasury Obligations	None	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	None	None	None
Banker's Acceptances	180 days	None	None
Commercial Paper	270 days	None	None
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	None	None
Repurchase Agreements	270 days	None	None
Investment Contracts	30 years	None	None

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(2) <u>Cash and Investments (Continued)</u>

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held by bond trustee) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

	Remaining Maturing (in Months)						
	12 Months	13 to 36	36 to 60	More Than			
Total	Or Less	Or Less Months Months		60 Months			
\$ 50,773,109	\$ 50,773,109	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -			
14,903,211	3,103,241	5,947,464	5,852,506				
18,599,636	18,599,636						
\$ 84,275,956	\$ 72,475,986	\$ 5,947,464	\$ 5,852,506	\$ -			
	\$ 50,773,109 14,903,211 18,599,636	Total Or Less \$ 50,773,109 \$ 50,773,109 14,903,211 3,103,241 18,599,636 18,599,636	Total 12 Months Or Less 13 to 36 Months \$ 50,773,109 \$ 50,773,109 \$ - 14,903,211 \$ 18,599,636 \$ 18,599,636	Total 12 Months Or Less 13 to 36 Months 36 to 60 Months \$ 50,773,109 \$ 50,773,109 \$ - \$ - 14,903,211 \$ 3,103,241 5,947,464 5,852,506 18,599,636 18,599,636 18,599,636 18,599,636 18,599,636			

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual rating as of fiscal year end for each investment type.

		Minimum	Exempt	Rating	g as of Fiscal Year End			
Investment Type	Total	Legal Rating	From Disclosure	AAA	AA	Not Rated		
State Investment Pool Federal Agency Securities Held by Bond Trustee:	\$ 50,773,109 14,903,211	N/A N/A	\$ -	\$ - 14,903,211	\$ -	\$ 50,773,109		
Money Market Funds	18,599,636	AAA		18,599,636				
Total	\$ 84,275,956		\$ -	\$ 33,502,847	\$ -	\$ 50,773,109		

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(2) <u>Cash and Investments (Continued)</u>

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code and the City's investment policy do not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits or investments, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The fair value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure City deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

For investments identified herein as held by bond trustee, the bond trustee selects the investment under the terms of the applicable trust agreement, acquires the investment, and holds the investment on behalf of the reporting government.

As of June 30, 2014, none of the City's deposits with financial institutions in excess of federal depository insurance limits were held in uncollateralized accounts.

<u>Investment in State Investment Pool</u>

The City is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the City's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the City's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

(3) <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers</u>

Transfers in and out for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

<u>Transfers from</u>	Transfers to	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 1,487,512 (a)
Capital Project Funds	Other Governmental Funds	1,875,325 (a)
Other Governmental Funds	General Fund	2,975,701 (b)
Capital Project Funds	Water Fund	6,548,162 (c)
Solid Wast Fund	General Fund	302,997

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(3) <u>Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)</u>

Transfers from	<u>Transfers to</u>		<u>Amount</u>
Capital Project Funds	General Fund		\$ 25,267
Internal servcie fund	General Fund		150,000
Internal servcie fund	Other Governmental Funds	<u></u>	52,606
		Total	\$ 13,417,570

Interfund transfers were principally used for the following purposes:

- (a) \$1,013,491 and \$1,875,325 were transferred from the General Fund and Capital Project Fund, respectively, to the General Debt Service Fund to cover debt service payments. The remaining amounts are for various other operating purposes.
- (b) \$2,627,750 was transferred from the Community Facilities District Fund to the General Fund to reimburse the General Fund for police and fire related expenditures. The remaining amounts are for various other operating purposes.
- (c) \$6,548,162 was transferred from the Capital Project Fund to the Water Fund to administer the water facilities construction projects.

Current interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2014 are as follows:

Due to Fund	Due from Fund	<u>Amount</u>
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	\$ 392,488
General Fund	Major Water Enterprise Fund	1,512,528
General Fund	Internal Service Fund	524,247
General Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	598,813
	Total	\$ 3,028,076

Interfund balances are a result of short-term interfund borrowings to manage cash flows.

(4)	Notes Receivable and Long Term Receivable	Outstanding at June 30, 2014
	Various first time home buyer notes were issued to homeowners	\$ 53,600
	Neighborhood Stabilization deferred loan program	1,144,653
	Housing rehabilitation deferred loan program	1,091,386
	Horizons at Indio senior housing project	3,487,391
	Advance to private-purpose trust funds	5,496,151
	Total	\$11,273,181

The City administers a First Time Home Buyer Program. The program is designed to encourage construction or improvement in low-to-moderate income housing or other projects. Under these programs, loans are provided under favorable terms to homeowners or developers who agree to spend these funds in accordance with the City's terms. As of June 30, 2014, notes receivable of \$53,600 reported under the Indio Housing Authority.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(4) <u>Notes Receivable and Long Term Receivable (Continued)</u>

The Horizons at Indio Senior Housing Project note was issued on December 1, 2005 and is due in full on December 1, 2060 or at an earlier time if the acceleration clause of the agreement becomes effective as defined in the agreement. The note accrues interest at 1% annually. The amount of the note outstanding as of June 30, 2014 was \$3,487,391.

The Housing Rehabilitation Deferred Loan program provides financial assistance in the form of deferred low-interest loans to qualified homeowners, allowing them to eliminate health and safety-related property conditions, make basic improvements to the interior of the residence, and to make needed exterior aesthetic home improvements. After ten years of satisfactory program participation, continued home-owner occupancy, and exemplary maintenance/upkeep of the property, the loan would be forgiven and converted into a grant. The amount of loans outstanding as of June 30, 2014 was \$1,091,386.

The Neighborhood Stabilization Program is funded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) to help very-low to moderate income first time home buyers purchase completely renovated foreclosed and/or abandoned homes. Three targeted areas in the City of Indio ("City") were selected to create the greatest impact by stabilizing and bringing new families into older established neighborhoods. The program will be available to anyone that is a first time home buyer and has not owned a home in the last three years, has an annual income that is not greater than 120% of the area median income as published by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). The amount of loans outstanding as of June 30, 2014 was \$1,144,653.

Long Term Receivable

The Indio Housing Authority will be repaid in installments or in a lump sum by fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 from the Successor Agency of the Redevelopment Agency of City of Indio. The loan balance as of June 30, 2014 was \$5,496,151.

(5) Land Held for Resale

The City of Indio purchased land on March 1, 2006 at a total cost of \$7,017,394. The land held for resale is recorded in the general fund with the intention to be sold to local businesses or developers. These land parcels were purchased at the peak of the real estate market and have since dropped significantly in value. Management estimates the value of the property to have declined approximately 50%. Land purchased for the purpose of resale (or contribution to a redevelopment project) is recorded at the City's cost to purchase the property or, upon entering into a contract for sale, the estimated net realizable value, if lower. As of June 30, 2014, land held for resale is as follows:

	General Fund				
Land held for resale	\$	7,017,394			
Impairment allowance		(3,508,697)			
Total	\$	3,508,697			

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(6) <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 is as follows:

Governmental activities:

					Transfer to	
	Balance				Business-type	Balance
	June 30, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Activities	June 30, 2014
Structures and improvements	\$ 32,574,657	\$ 403,579	\$ (66,672)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,911,564
Machinery and equipment	6,744,029	1,134,816				7,878,845
Vehicles	9,978,892	329,500	(1,450,314)			8,858,078
Infrastructure: street network	531,983,932	1,832,695		7,357,201		533,816,627
Total cost of						
depreciable assets	581,281,510	3,700,590	(1,516,986)	7,357,201		583,465,114
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Structures and improvements	5,472,260	848,590	(57,504)			6,263,346
Machinery and equipment	4,927,096	383,076	, , ,			5,310,172
Vehicles	8,026,426	436,008	(730,975)			7,731,459
Infrastructure: street network	184,932,008	13,414,471				198,346,479
Total accumulated						
depreciation	203,357,790	15,082,145	(788,479)			217,651,456
Net depreciable assets	377,923,720	(11,381,555)	(728,507)	7,357,201		365,813,658
Capital assets not depreciated:						
Construction in process	18,467,727	5,474,554		(7,357,201)	(96,228)	23,846,053
Land	40,978,405	693,626	(860,058)			40,811,973
Right of way	54,293,654	140,628				54,434,282
Capital assets, net	\$ 491,663,506	\$ (5,072,747)	\$ (1,588,565)	\$ -	\$ (96,228)	\$ 484,905,966

Depreciation expense, including \$819,084 of internal service depreciation, was charged in the following functions in the Statement of Activities:

General government	\$ 456,055
Public safety	13,992,197
Public works	108,585
Community development	468,966
Human services	56,342
	\$ 15,082,145

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(6) <u>Capital Assets (Continued)</u>

<u>Business-type activities – Golf Course</u>:

		Balance]	Balance
	Jun	e 30, 2013	Ad	ditions	De	letions	June	e 30, 2014
Structures and improvements	\$	360,349	\$		\$	-	\$	360,349
Machinery and equipment		50,076						50,076
Total cost of								
Depreciable assets		410,425						410,425
Less accumulated depreciation:								
Structures and improvements		65,029		10,003				75,032
Machinery and equipment		49,325		214				49,539
Total accumulated								
depreciation		114,354		10,217				124,571
Net depreciable assets		296,071	((10,217)				285,854
Capital assets not depreciated:								
Land		465,959						465,959
Capital assets, net	\$	762,030	\$ ((10,217)	\$		\$	751,813

Depreciation expense was charged in the following functions in the Statement of Activities:

Golf \$ 10,217

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(6) <u>Capital Assets (Continued)</u>

Business-type activities – Water:

					Transfer from	
	Balance				Governmental	Balance
	June 30, 2013	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Activities	June 30, 2014
Structures and improvements	\$ 14,889,385	\$ 8,740	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,898,125
Machinery and equipment	2,655,250	223,688				2,878,938
Vehicles	1,425,368					1,425,368
Utility distribution system	277,347,706			241,536		277,347,706
Total cost of depreciable						
assets	296,317,709	232,428		241,536		296,550,137
Less accumulated depreciation:						
Structures and improvements	927,682	372,977				1,300,659
Machinery and equipment	1,162,300	282,624				1,444,924
Vehicles	1,092,691	102,078				1,194,769
Utility distribution system	96,243,033	6,939,731				103,182,764
Total accumulated depreciation	99,425,706	7,697,410				107,123,116
Net depreciable assets	196,892,003	(7,464,982)		241,536		189,427,021
Capital assets not depreciated:						
Construction in Process	484,989	307,579	(40,078)	(241,536)	96,228	848,718
Land	1,703,010					1,703,010
Capital assets, net	\$ 199,080,002	\$ (7,157,403)	\$ (40,078)	\$ -	\$ 96,228	\$ 191,978,749

Depreciation expense was charged in the following function in the Statement of Activities:

Water \$ 7,697,410

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(7) <u>Changes in Long-Term Liabilities</u>

Changes in long-term liabilities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 were as follows:

Governmental activities:	alance at 30, 2013	 Additions	F	Retirements	Balance at me 30, 2014	amount Due Within One Year	 Beyond One Year
Bonds payable:							
2007 A Lease Revenue	\$ 15,665,000	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 15,665,000	\$ -	\$ 15,665,000
2012 Lease Revenue refunding	24,500,000				24,500,000	975,000	\$ 23,525,000
Subtotal	40,165,000				40,165,000	975,000	39,190,000
	 			_		 _	
Capital lease obligation	1,860,036	863,436		(311,664)	2,411,808	362,409	2,049,399
Installment agreement	5,460,000			(455,000)	5,005,000	470,000	4,535,000
Post employment benefit							
liability	14,151,986	3,055,190		(1,599,335)	15,607,841		15,607,841
PERS side fund	4,240,630	302,155		(431,593)	4,111,192	444,540	3,666,652
Notes payable	12,130,994			(1,082,152)	11,048,842	910,430	10,138,412
Compensated absences	2,091,258	1,183,914		(1,255,273)	2,019,899	1,514,924	504,975
Claims payable	6,905,093	499,435		(2,930,191)	4,474,337	2,108,449	2,365,888
Subtotal	46,839,997	5,904,130		(8,065,208)	44,678,919	5,810,752	38,868,167
Total	\$ 87,004,997	\$ 5,904,130	\$	(8,065,208)	\$ 84,843,919	\$ 6,785,752	\$ 78,058,167

Business-type activities:	Balance at June 30, 2013	Additions	Retirements	Balance at June 30, 2014	Amount Due Within One Year	Beyond One Year
Bonds payable: 2006 Water Revenue Bond Issue Premium on bonds Bonds, net	\$ 56,605,000 1,964,588 57,849,580	\$ -	\$ (1,400,000) (83,600) (1,483,600)	\$ 55,205,000 1,880,988 57,085,988	\$ 1,490,000 <u>83,600</u> 1,573,600	\$ 53,715,000 1,797,388 55,512,388
Compensated absences	269,607	162,094	(199,531)	232,170	139,302	92,868
Total	\$ 58,119,187	\$ 162,094	\$ (1,683,131)	\$ 57,318,158	\$ 1,712,902	\$ 55,605,256

(8) Obligations under Capital Leases

Governmental Activities:

<u>Police Radios</u> – A ten year contract was entered into for the purchase of radios to be used with the ERICA communication system. Annual payments of principal and interest are \$362,368. The balance at June 30, 2014 on this contract was \$1,584,160.

The calculation of the present value of the future lease payments is as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(8) Obligations under Capital Leases (Continued)

Governmental Activities: (Continued)

Amount of future lease payments for the fiscal year ending June 30,

2015	\$ 362,368
2016	362,368
2017	362,368
2018	362,368
2019	 362,368
Subtotal	1,811,840
Less amount representing interest	 (227,680)
Present value of future lease payments	\$ 1,584,160

<u>Facilities energy efficient equipment</u> – A ten year contract was entered into for the purchase of energy efficient equipment to be installed in various City facilities. The balance at June 30, 2014 on this contract was \$827,648.

The calculation of the present value of the future lease payments is as follows:

Amount of future lease payments for the fiscal year ending June 30,

\$ 105,211
105,211
103,212
101,728
102,629
 470,676
988,667
 <u>(161,019</u>)
\$ 827,648
\$

(9) Bonds Payable

Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A and B

In February 2007, the City of Indio Public Financing Authority issued \$20,210,000 Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2007A and \$19,115,000 Variable Rate Lease Revenue Bonds Series 2007B. The proceeds were used to finance the acquisition and constructions of certain capital improvements within the City and to advance refund Certificates of Participation 2002 Series A.

The 2007A bonds consist of \$11,380,000 of serial bonds and \$8,830,000 of term bonds. The serial bonds accrue interest at rates between 3.50% and 4.25% and the principal amounts mature between November 1, 2009 and November 1, 2032 in amounts ranging from \$385,000 to \$950,000. Term bonds of \$1,635,000 accrue interest at 4.375% and mature on November 1, 2029, bonds of \$1,780,000 accrue interest at 4.375% and mature on November 1, 2031, and bonds of \$5,415,000 accrue interest at 4.50% and mature on November 1, 2037.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(9) Bonds Payable (Continued)

Lease Revenue Bonds, Series 2007A and B (Continued)

The 2007B bonds consist of \$1,125,000 serial bonds and \$17,990,000 of term bonds. The serial bonds accrue interest at 3.50% and the principal amounts mature between November 1, 2009 and November 1, 2011 in amounts ranging from \$360,000 to \$390,000. Term bonds of \$17,990,000 accrue interest at 3.80% and mature on November 1, 2037.

The Series 2007A term bonds maturing in the years 2029, 2031, and 2037 are subject to mandatory sinking account redemption on each November 1, commencing on November 1, 2028, November 1, 2030, and November 1, 2033, respectively, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof together with accrued interest, without premium.

The Series 2007B term bonds maturing in the years 2037 are subject to mandatory sinking account redemption on each November 1, commencing on November 1, 2012 at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof together with accrued interest, without premium.

Per the terms of the bond indenture, the Series 2007A and Series 2007B are required to maintain a reserve in the amount of 10% of the original proceeds or 125% of the average annual debt service for that every subsequent bond year. The Series 2007A were partially refunded in the amount of \$2,830,000 and Series 2007B were completely refunded in the amount of \$21,760,000 by the 2012 Series Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds. At June 30, 2014, the reserves were fully funded and the outstanding balance of the Series 2007A bonds was \$15,665,000.

Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2012

In October 2012, the City of Indio Public Financing Authority issued \$24,500,000 Lease Revenue Refunding Bonds Series 2012. The proceeds were used to finance the acquisition and construction of certain capital improvements within the City and to advance refund the partial outstanding balance of Series 2007A and all of the remaining outstanding Series 2007B.

The Series 2012 bonds consist of \$9,565,000 of serial bonds and \$14,935,000 of term bonds. The serial bonds accrue interest at rates between 2.00% and 4.375% and the principal amounts mature between November 1, 2014 and November 1, 2024 in amounts ranging from \$635,000 to \$1,135,000. Term bonds of \$4,690,000 accrue interest at 4.50% and mature on November 1, 2029, bonds of \$4,620,000 accrue interest at 4.625% and mature on November 1, 2033, and bonds of \$5,625,000 accrue interest at 5% and mature on November 1, 2037.

Reserve requirements for the Series 2012 bonds are disclosed in the bond documents. At June 30, 2014, the reserves were fully funded and the outstanding balance of the Series 2012 bonds was \$24,500,000.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(9) <u>Bonds Payable (Continued)</u>

Defeased Debt

The partial refunding of Series 2007A reduced its total debt service payments over the life of the bonds by \$35,798, and obtained an economic gain (difference between net present value of the debt service payments on the old debt and new debt) of \$92,707.

The full refunding of Series 2007B increased its total debt service payments over the life of the bonds by \$9,721,057, and obtained an economic loss (difference between net present value of the debt service payments on the old debts and new debts) of \$5,012,308, plus the refunding funds on hand of \$2,761,325, with net loss of \$2,250,983.

The Series 2007 A and B were forced to be refunded due to the credit rating of Ambac Assurance Corporation bond insurance company being downgraded by the Standard & Poor's Corporation below the required rating level. The City was not able to find another bond insurance company to insure to the bond. Therefore, the City had to refund the bonds and the refunding resulted in a loss.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			
•	Daine in al	T4	T-4-1
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 975,000	\$ 1,785,876	\$ 2,760,876
2016	995,000	1,766,176	2,761,176
2017	1,030,000	1,730,476	2,760,476
2018	1,080,000	1,677,726	2,757,726
2019	1,135,000	1,622,351	2,757,351
2020-2024	6,540,000	7,251,706	13,791,706
2025-2029	8,160,000	4,998,705	13,158,705
2030-2034	10,200,000	3,599,516	13,799,516
2035-2038	10,050,000	989,538	11,039,538
	\$ 40,165,000	\$ 25,422,070	\$ 65,587,070

(10) Installment Sale Agreement

In April 2008, the California Statewide Communities Development Authority issued \$14,665,000 of Gas Tax Revenue Certificates of Participation, Series 2008A, for the benefit of the City of Indio and the City of Coachella. Upon issuance of the Certificates, the Communities Authority caused the design, acquisition and construction of certain local roadway improvements and street resurfacing projects throughout the geographic boundaries of each local agency. The Communities Authority agreed to sell the projects to the local agencies and the local agencies agreed to purchase the projects. To fund the purchase price, the local agencies entered into Installment Sales Agreements. The purchase price paid by the local agencies under the Agreements is the sum of the

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(10) <u>Installment Sale Agreement (Continued)</u>

principal amount of the local agency's obligation under the Agreements plus interest to accrue on the unpaid balance. The City of Indio's purchase price under the 2008 Installment Sales Agreement was \$7,450,000.

In April 2008, the California Statewide Communities Development Authority issued \$14,665,000 of Gas Tax Revenue Certificates of Participation, Series 2008A, for the benefit of the City of Indio and the City of Coachella. Upon issuance of the Certificates, the Communities Authority caused the design, acquisition and construction of certain local roadway improvements and street resurfacing projects throughout the geographic boundaries of each local agency. The Communities Authority agreed to sell the projects to the local agencies and the local agencies agreed to purchase the projects. To fund the purchase price, the local agencies entered into Installment Sales Agreements. The purchase price paid by the local agencies under the Agreements is the sum of the principal amount of the local agency's obligation under the Agreements plus interest to accrue on the unpaid balance. The City of Indio's purchase price under the 2008 Installment Sales Agreement was \$7,450,000.

Principal installments are due annually on each Certificate payment date and the interest installments are due semiannually on each Certificate interest payment date. Principal installment payments range from \$340,000 to \$674,050 and are scheduled to terminate in 2023. The installments accrue interest at rates between 4.00% and 4.375%. The City of Indio's outstanding installment sale obligation is \$5,005,000 as of June 30, 2014.

All of the gas tax revenues and all money in the City's Gas Tax Fund are irrevocably pledged to the punctual payment of 2008 Installment Sales Payments, and the gas tax revenues shall not be used for any other purpose while any of the 2008 Installment Sales Payments remain outstanding.

Per the terms of the trust agreement, the Series 2008A Certificates are required to maintain a reserve in the amount of 10% of the original proceeds or 125% of the average annual debt service for that every subsequent bond year. Each local agency is required to maintain a portion of that required reserve amount and the reserves were fully funded.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Installment Sales Agreement are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	1	Principal	 Interest	Total
2015	\$	470,000	\$ 205,113	\$ 675,113
2016		490,000	186,313	676,313
2017		510,000	166,712	676,712
2018		530,000	146,312	676,312
2019		555,000	125,112	680,112
2020-2023		2,450,000	 266,576	 2,716,576
	\$	5,005,000	\$ 1,096,138	\$ 6,101,138

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(11) Notes Payable

On December 15, 2005, the City of Indio entered into an agreement with the Riverside County Transportation Commission (the "Commission") where the Commission would advance the City \$4,000,000 of the City's Measure A revenues to fund current capital projects of the City. Per the terms of the agreement, the City may repay the entire unpaid principal balance of the advance, plus accrued interest, no later than December 31, 2008. Otherwise, the City shall repay the advance together with all accrued and unpaid interest in 120 monthly installments commencing on September 1, 2009. The note accrues interest on the unpaid portion of the advance at a rate of ½ percent over the interest rate of the Commission's funds outstanding under the 2005 Commercial Paper Program. The outstanding amount of the note as of June 30, 2014 was \$3,025,334.

On January 26, 2009, the City of Indio entered into an agreement with the H. N. and Frances C. Berger Foundation (the "Foundation"), where the Foundation provided a construction loan to the City of \$7,000,000 to be used for the construction of the Indio Senior Center. The note accrues interest at 6% on the unpaid balance of the 30 year term loan. On September 21, 2012 the City of Indio cancelled the Installment Note, dated January 26, 2009 with the H.N. and Frances C. Berger Foundation. On September 27, 2012, A Sublease Agreement was recorded between the Indio Public Finance Authority, as Sublessor, and the City of Indio as Sublessee. The City of Indio assigned this interest by deed of trust with the assignment of quarterly rent payments to the H.N. and Frances C. Berger Foundation as the Assignee. The terms of the agreement requires the City of Indio to make scheduled quarterly rent payments of \$171, 389 calculated at 6% on the unpaid balance to The H.N. and Frances C. Berger Foundation over a 15 year term. The outstanding amount of the lease as of June 30, 2014 was \$6,069,898.

On June 20, 2007, the City of Indio entered into an agreement with the County of Riverside and Coachella Valley Association of Governments (CVAG) for the construction of Miles Bridge, the widening and reconstruction of Miles Avenue from Clinton Street westerly to the new Miles Bridge, and the widening and reconstruction of Clinton Street between Miles Avenue and Fred Waring Drive. The original agreement calls for Coachella Valley Association of Governments (CVAG) to front all the money, with the County and City paying their obligations over the next 10 years in annual installments of approximately \$275,000 each, plus simple interest at Local Agency Investment Funds (LAIF) rates, in accordance with CVAG policy. City of Indio shares 50% of the total project cost. The outstanding amount of the note as of June 30, 2014 was \$1,953,610.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the Installment Sales Agreement are as follows:

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(11) Notes Payable

Fiscal Year

Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 910,430	\$ 550,029	\$ 1,460,459
2016	906,418	513,406	1,419,824
2017	984,458	545,025	1,529,483
2018	1,014,669	433,884	1,448,553
2019	1,067,203	390,744	1,457,947
2020-2024	1,544,842	1,666,433	3,211,275
2025-2029	1,158,722	1,363,921	2,522,643

1,560,631

1,901,469 \$11,048,842

(12) Post Employment Benefits

2030-2034

2035-2039

In addition to providing pension benefits, the City provides certain health care benefits for retired employees. The postretirement medical plans are basically continuations of the plans for active employees and are single-employer defined benefit plans.

961,762

425,214

\$6,850,418

2,522,393

2,326,683

\$17,899,260

Plan Description: The City administers a single-employer defined benefit plan which provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses in accordance with various labor agreements. The City has not established a trust that is administered by the City for the purpose of holding assets accumulated for plan benefits.

Eligibility: Employees are eligible for retiree health benefits if they retire from the City on or after age 50 with at least 5 years of service, and are eligible for a PERS pension. Membership of the plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2013, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries receiving benefits	162
Active plan members	<u>220</u>
Total	<u>382</u>

City's Funding Policy: The contribution requirements of plan members and the City are established and may be amended by City Council. The contribution required to be made under City Council and labor agreement requirements is based on a pay-as-you-go basis (i.e., as medical insurance premiums become due). For fiscal year 2013-14 the City contributed \$1,599,335 to the plan for current premiums.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(12) Post Employment Benefits (Continued)

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation: The City's annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed thirty years. The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB cost for the fiscal year, the amount actually contributed to the plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB obligation for these benefits:

\$ 3,287,163
636,839
(868,812)
3,055,190
(1,599,335)
 1,455,855
14,151,986
\$ 15,607,841
\$

The City's annual OPEB cost, the percentage of annual OPEB cost contributed to the plan, and the net OPEB obligation for 2014 and the preceding fiscal years were as follows:

		Percentage of	Net
Fiscal	Annual	Annual OPEB	OPEB
Year	OPEB Cost	Cost Contributed	Obligation
6/30/2012	\$3,199,267	48.40%	\$ 11,958,541
6/30/2013	3,835,990	41.69%	14,151,986
6/30/2014	3,055,190	52.35%	15,607,841

Funded Status and Funding Progress: The funded status of the plan as of July 1, 2013 was as follows:

Actuarial accrued liability (AAL)	\$37,563,242
Actuarial value of plan assets	
Unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL)	<u>\$37,563,242</u>
Funded ratio (actuarial value of plan assets/AAL)	0.0%
Covered payroll (active plan members)	\$16,718,443
UAAL as a percentage of covered payroll	225%

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(12) <u>Post Employment Benefits (Continued)</u>

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the employer are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liabilities for the benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions: Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The actuarial cost method used for determining the benefit obligations is the Projected Unit Credit Cost Method. The actuarial assumptions included an annual healthcare cost trend rate of 7 percent, investment rate of return of 4.5 percent and inflation rate of 3%. The UAAL is being amortized as a level percentage of projected payroll on an open basis. The remaining amortization period at July 1 2013 was over 30 years. It is assumed the City's payroll will increase 3 percent per year. The general fund has been typically used to liquidate prior fiscal years liabilities for OPEB.

(13) <u>Public Employees Retirement System Side Fund</u>

During the 2005-06 fiscal year, the City was required to participate in the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) risk pool. As a result, a side fund was created to account for the difference between the funded status of the pool and the funded status of the City's plan, in addition to the existing unfunded liability. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2014 was \$4,111,192.

(14) Water Enterprise Revenue Bond

Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2006

In October 2006, the Indio Water Authority issued \$61,795,000 Water Revenue Bonds Series 2006. The proceeds were used to acquire and construct certain facilities for and improvements to the Water Enterprise and to advance refund the Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2004.

The 2006 bonds consist of \$29,650,000 of serial bonds and \$32,145,000 of term bonds. The serial bonds accrue interest at rates between 4.00% and 5.00% and the principal amounts mature between April 1, 2010 and April 1, 2026 in amounts ranging from \$1,225,000 to \$2,450,000. Term bonds of \$14,125,000 accrue interest at 5.00% and mature on April 1, 2031, and bonds of \$18,020,000 accrue interest at 5.00% and mature on April 1, 2036.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(14) <u>Water Enterprise Revenue Bond (Continued)</u>

Fiscal Year

Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 (Continued)

The 2006 term bonds maturing in the years 2031 and 2036 are subject to mandatory sinking account redemption on each April 1, commencing on April 1, 2027 and April 1, 2032, respectively, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof together with accrued interest, without premium.

Per the terms of the bond indenture, the Series 2006 bonds are required to maintain a reserve in the amount of 10% of the original proceeds, 125% of the average annual debt service for then current or every subsequent bond year, or 100% of the maximum annual debt service for the current or every subsequent bond year. At June 30, 2014, the reserve was fully funded and the outstanding balance of the Series 2006 bonds was \$55,205,000.

The Authority and the City shall fix, prescribe, revise and collect rates, fees and charges for the services and improvements furnished by the Water Enterprise during each year which are sufficient to yield net revenues for the Water Enterprise, which are at least equal to 120% of the total debt service payments coming due and payable in the next fiscal year. The revenue requirement was met by the Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

A portion of the net proceeds of the Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2006 bonds totaling \$11,040,192, plus an additional \$1,018,755 of the Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 sinking fund monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 bonds. As a result, the Enterprise Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the statement of net position of the Water enterprise fund.

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for the 2006 water bonds are as follows:

Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 1,490,000	\$ 2,676,037	\$ 4,166,037
2016	1,550,000	2,616,437	4,166,437
2017	1,610,000	2,554,437	4,164,437
2018	1,680,000	2,486,012	4,166,012
2019	1,760,000	2,402,013	4,162,013
2020-2024	10,170,000	10,646,313	20,816,313
2025-2029	12,860,000	7,960,750	20,820,750
2030-2034	16,345,000	4,466,250	20,811,250
2035-2036	7,740,000	585,250	8,325,250
	\$ 55,205,000	\$ 36,393,499	\$ 91,598,499

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(15) Debt Issued Without Government Commitment

\$2,000,000 (\$1,500,000 1996 Series A and \$500,000 Series B) City of Indio Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds, Olive Court Apartments Project

On October 16, 1996, the City of Indio authorized the issuance of \$1,500,000 of Series A Multifamily Housing Revenue Bonds and \$500,000 of Series B Variable Rate Demand Multifamily Housing Subordinate Revenue Bonds. The project is known as the Olive Court Apartments Project. The first maturity date is December 1, 2001 and the final maturity date is December 1, 2026. The bonds are not a general obligation of the City of Indio but are limited to certain revenues and receipts and certain other security pledged for the payment thereof pursuant to the Indenture of Trust pursuant to which the bonds were issued. The combined principal outstanding at June 30, 2014 was \$1,525,000.

\$5,650,000 City of Indio Variable Rate Demand Multifamily Housing Revenue Refunding Bonds (Carreon Villa Project), 1996 Series A

On August 1, 1996 the City of Indio issued \$5,650,000 of 1996 Series A Variable Rate Demand Multifamily Housing Revenue Refunding Bonds. The bonds mature on July 15, 2031. The bonds are not a general obligation of the City of Indio but are limited to certain revenues and receipts and certain other security pledged for the payment thereof pursuant to the Indenture of Trust pursuant to which the bonds were issued. The principal amount of the bonds outstanding at June 30, 2014 was \$5,650,000.

Assessment District Limited Obligation Bonds

The City of Indio issued the following Limited Obligation Improvement Bonds to finance the costs of acquisition of certain public improvements serving property within the prospective Assessment Districts. The bonds are payable from annual installments collected on regular property tax bills sent to owners of property having unpaid assessments levied against land benefited by the projects. Neither the faith, credit nor taxing power of the City is pledged to the repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, no liability has been recorded in the financial statements.

					Outstanding
	Issuance	Face	Interest	Maturity	Principal as of
Description	<u>Date</u>	<u>Value</u>	Rate	<u>Date</u>	June 30, 2014
AD99-1/R	7/26/2012	\$1,520,000	4.690%	9/2/2020	\$1,160,000
AD01-01/R	7/26/2012	\$3,295,000	4.690%	9/2/2026	\$2,885,000
AD02-01/R	7/26/2012	\$3,410,000	4.690%	9/2/2026	\$3,030,000
AD02-02/R	7/26/2012	\$2,162,900	4.690%	9/2/2027	\$1,924,901
AD02-03/R	7/26/2012	\$4,119,800	4.710%	9/2/2027	\$3,667,500
AD03-1	1/15/2004	\$2,450,500	2.375% to 6.10%	9/2/2014	\$1,885,000
AD03-2	1/15/2004	\$1,965,000	2.375% to 6.10%	9/2/2014	\$1,520,000
AD03-3	12/23/2003	\$5,654,000	2.25% to 6.125%	9/2/2029	\$4,335,000
AD03-5	3/9/2004	\$1,890,000	2.20% to 5.875%	9/2/2029	\$1,445,000
AD03-6	3/31/2004	\$2,301,600	2.35% to 5.50%	9/2/2029	\$1,755,000
AD04-1	9/30/2004	\$2,265,000	2.80 to 6.00%	9/2/2030	\$1,800,000

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(15) Debt Issued Without Government Commitment (Continued)

Assessment District Limited Obligation Bonds (Continued)

				Outstanding
Issuance	Face	Interest	Maturity	Principal as of
<u>Date</u>	<u>Value</u>	Rate	<u>Date</u>	June 30, 2014
11/4/2004	\$3,604,000	1.67% to 3.86%	9/2/2030	\$2,865,000
2/24/2005	\$7,350,000	2.90% to 5.50%	9/2/2030	\$5,850,000
9/15/2005	\$26,330,000	3.35% to 5.15%	9/1/2035	\$20,285,000
12/7/2005	\$10,170,000	3.50% to 5.25%	9/1/2036	\$8,905,000
12/14/2005	\$9,145,000	4.00% to 5.25%	9/1/2036	\$8,070,000
10/18/2006	\$10,225,000	3.90 to 5.125%	9/1/2036	\$8,880,000
	Date 11/4/2004 2/24/2005 9/15/2005 12/7/2005 12/14/2005	Date Value 11/4/2004 \$3,604,000 2/24/2005 \$7,350,000 9/15/2005 \$26,330,000 12/7/2005 \$10,170,000	Date Value Rate 11/4/2004 \$3,604,000 1.67% to 3.86% 2/24/2005 \$7,350,000 2.90% to 5.50% 9/15/2005 \$26,330,000 3.35% to 5.15% 12/7/2005 \$10,170,000 3.50% to 5.25% 12/14/2005 \$9,145,000 4.00% to 5.25%	Date Value Rate Date 11/4/2004 \$3,604,000 1.67% to 3.86% 9/2/2030 2/24/2005 \$7,350,000 2.90% to 5.50% 9/2/2030 9/15/2005 \$26,330,000 3.35% to 5.15% 9/1/2035 12/7/2005 \$10,170,000 3.50% to 5.25% 9/1/2036 12/14/2005 \$9,145,000 4.00% to 5.25% 9/1/2036

(16) <u>Pledged Revenues</u>

The City and its component units have a number of debt issuances outstanding that are collateralized by the pledging of certain revenues. The amount and term of the remainder of these commitments are indicated in the debt service to maturity tables presented in the accompanying notes. The purposes for which the proceeds of the related debt issuances were utilized are disclosed in the debt descriptions in the accompanying notes. For the current year, debt service payments as a percentage of the pledged gross revenue (or net of certain expenses where so required by the debt agreement) are indicated in the table below. These percentages also approximate the relationship of debt service to pledged revenue for the remainder of the term of the commitment:

Description of Pledged Revenue	Annual Amount of Pledged Revenue (net of expenses, where required)	Annual Debt Service Payments (of all debt secured by this revenue)	Debt Service as a Percentage of Pledged Revenue
Gas tax revenues	\$1,408,844	\$678,313	48%

(17) Liability, Property and Workers Compensation Protection

Description of Self-Insurance Pool Pursuant to Joint Powers Agreement

The City of Indio is a member of the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (Authority). The Authority is composed of 122 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code §6500 et seq. The purpose of the Authority is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insured losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group purchased insurance for property and other lines of coverage. The California JPIA began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine-member Executive Committee.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(17) <u>Liability, Property and Workers Compensation Protection (Continued)</u>

Self-Insurance Programs of the Authority

Each member pays an annual contribution to cover estimated losses for the coverage period. This initial funding is paid at the beginning of the coverage period. After the close of the coverage period, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then conducted annually thereafter until all claims incurred during the coverage period are closed on a pool-wide basis. This subsequent cost re-allocation among members based on actual claim development can result in adjustments of either refunds or additional deposits required.

The total funding requirement for self-insurance programs is estimated using actuarial models and pre-funded through the annual contribution. Costs are allocated to individual agencies based on exposure (payroll) and experience (claims) relative to other members of the risk-sharing pool. Additional information regarding the cost allocation methodology is provided below.

Liability - In the liability program claims are pooled separately between police and nonpolice exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$30,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$30,000 to \$750,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$750,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$5 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. (5) Costs of covered claims from \$5 million to \$10 million are paid under a reinsurance contract subject to a \$2.5 million annual aggregate deductible. The \$2.5 million annual aggregate deductible is fully covered under a separate policy; as such no portion of it is retained by the Authority. Costs of covered claims from \$10 million to \$15 million are paid under two reinsurance contracts subject to a combined \$3 million annual aggregate deductible. The \$3.0 million annual aggregate deductible is fully retained by the Authority. (6) Costs of covered claims from \$15 million to \$20 million are paid under reinsurance agreements. (7) Costs of covered claims from \$20 million to \$50 million are paid under excess insurance policies. The overall coverage limit for each member including all layers of coverage is \$50 million per occurrence.

Costs of covered claims for subsidence losses are paid by reinsurance and excess insurance with a pooled sub-limit of \$30 million per occurrence. This \$30 million subsidence sub-limit is composed of (a) \$5 million retained within the pool's SIR, (b) \$15 million in reinsurance, subject to the same annual aggregate deductibles previously stated, and (c) \$10 million in excess insurance. The excess insurance layer has a \$10 million annual aggregate limit.

Workers Compensation - In the workers' compensation program claims are pooled separately between public safety (police and fire) and non-public safety exposures. (1) The payroll of each member is evaluated relative to the payroll of other members. A

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(17) <u>Liability, Property and Workers Compensation Protection (Continued)</u>

variable credibility factor is determined for each member, which establishes the weight applied to payroll and the weight applied to losses within the formula. (2) The first layer of losses includes incurred costs up to \$50,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the first layer. (3) The second layer of losses includes incurred costs from \$50,000 to \$100,000 for each occurrence and is evaluated as a percentage of the pool's total incurred costs within the second layer. (4) Incurred costs in excess of \$100,000 up to the reinsurance attachment point of \$2 million are distributed based on the outcome of cost allocation within the first and second loss layers. (5) Costs of covered claims from \$2 million up to statutory limits are paid under a reinsurance policy. Protection is provided per statutory liability under California Workers' Compensation Law. Employer's Liability losses are pooled among members to \$2 million. Coverage from \$2 million to \$5 million is purchased as part of a reinsurance policy, and Employer's Liability losses from \$5 million to \$10 million are pooled among members.

Purchased Insurance

Pollution legal Liability Insurance - The City of Indio participates in the pollution legal liability insurance program (formerly called environmental insurance) which is available through the Authority. The policy covers sudden and gradual pollution of scheduled property, streets, and storm drains owned by the City of Indio. Coverage is on a claimsmade basis. There is a \$50,000 deductible. The Authority has a limit of \$50 million for the 3-year period from July 1, 2011 through July 1, 2014. Each member of the Authority has a \$10 million sub-limit during the 3-year term of the policy.

Property Insurance - The City of Indio participates in the all-risk property protection program of the Authority. This insurance protection is underwritten by several insurance companies. City of Indio property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the City of Indio to the Authority. City of Indio property currently has all-risk property insurance protection in the amount of \$123,728,022. There is a \$5,000 deductible per occurrence except for non-emergency vehicle insurance which has a \$1,000 deductible. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

Crime Insurance - The City of Indio purchases crime insurance coverage in the amount of \$1,000,000 with a \$2,500 deductible. The fidelity coverage is provided through the Authority. Premiums are paid annually and are not subject to retrospective adjustments.

Special Event Tenant Use Liability Insurance - The City of Indio further protects against liability damages by requiring tenant users of certain property to purchase low-cost tenant user liability insurance for certain activities on agency property. The insurance premium is paid by the tenant user and is paid to the City of Indio according to a schedule. The City of Indio then pays for the insurance. The insurance is arranged by the Authority.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(17) <u>Liability, Property and Workers Compensation Protection (Continued)</u>

Adequacy of Protection

During the past three fiscal years, none of the above programs of protection experienced settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There were also no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage in 2013-14.

Changes in the claims payable amounts in fiscal years 2012, 2013, and 2014 were as follows:

		Current		
		Fiscal Year Claims		
	Beginning of	and Prior		
	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year Changes		Balance at
	<u>Liability</u>	<u>in Estimates</u>	Claim Payments	Fiscal Year End
2011-12	\$6,437,405	\$83,484	\$(389,062)	\$6,131,827
2012-13	\$6,131,827	\$1,171,843	\$(398,577)	\$6,905,093
2013-14	\$6,905,093	\$(1,935,740)	\$(495,016)	\$4,474,337

(18) <u>Defined Benefit Plan</u>

The City of Indio contributes to the California Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), an agent multiple-employer and a cost sharing multiple-employer public employee defined benefit pension plan. PERS provides retirement, disability benefits, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. PERS acts as a common investment and administrative agent for participating public entities within the State of California. PERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the cost sharing plans that are administered by PERS. Copies of PERS' annual financial report may be obtained from its executive office at 400 "P" Street, Sacramento, California 95814.

Participants are required to contribute 8% and 9% for the miscellaneous and safety plans, respectively, of their annual covered salary. The City makes the employee required contributions for the Laborer's International Union of North America (LIUNA), Police Command Unit (PCU), and Service Employees Internal Union (SEIU) employee groups. Benefit provisions and all other requirements are established by state statute and City contracts with employee bargaining groups.

Under GASB Statement No. 27, Accounting for Pensions by State and Local Governmental Employers, an employer reports an annual pension cost (APC) equal to the annual required contribution (ARC) plus an adjustment for the cumulative difference between the APC and the employer's actual plan contributions for the year. The cumulative difference is called the net pension obligation (NPO). The ARC for the period July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014 has been determined by an actuarial valuation of the plan as of June 30, 2011. The contribution rate indicated for the period is 34.001% and 20.54% of payroll for the Safety Plan and Miscellaneous Plan, respectively. The City's covered payroll for PERS was \$6,236,527 and \$10,793,971 for the Safety Plan and Miscellaneous Plan, respectively, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014. In order to calculate the dollar value of the ARC for inclusion in financial statements prepared as of

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(18) <u>Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)</u>

June 30, 2013, the contribution rate would be multiplied by the payroll of covered employees that was actually paid from the period from July 1, 2013 to June 30, 2014.

Contributions

A summary of principle assumptions and methods used to determine the ARC for the Miscellaneous Plan is shown below.

Miscellaneous Plan

Valuation Date June 30, 2011

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll

Average Remaining Period 23 Years as of the Valuation Date Asset Valuation Method 15 Year Smoothed Market

Actuarial Assumptions

Investment Rate of Return 7.50% (net of administrative expenses)

Projected Salary Increases 3.55% to 14.45% depending on Age, Service, and type of employment

Inflation 2.75% Payroll Growth 3.25%

Individual Salary Growth

A merit scale varying by duration of employment coupled with an assumed annual inflation

component of 3.00% and an annual production growth of 0.25%.

Safety Plan

Valuation Date June 30, 2011

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Actuarial Cost Method

Amortization Method Level Percent of Payroll

Average Remaining Period 19 Years as of the Valuation Date Asset Valuation Method 15 Year Smoothed Market

Actuarial Assumptions

Investment Rate of Return 7.50% (net of administrative expenses)

Projected Salary Increases 3.55% to 14.45% depending on Age, Service, and type of employment

Inflation 2.75% Payroll Growth 3.25%

Individual Salary Growth

A merit scale varying by duration of employment coupled with an assumed annual inflation

component of 3.00% and an annual production growth of 0.25%.

Initial unfunded liabilities are amortized over a closed period that depends on the plan's date of entry into CalPERS. Subsequent plan amendments are amortized as a level percentage of pay over a closed 20-year period. Gains and losses that occur in the operation of the plan are amortized over a rolling period, which results in an amortization of 6% of unamortized gains and losses each year. If the plan's accrued liability exceeds the actuarial value of plan assets, then the amortization payment on the total unfunded liability may not be lower than the payment calculated over a 30 year amortization period.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(18) <u>Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)</u>

Annual Pension Cost

Three-Year Trend Information

Annual Pension Cost (Employer Contribution)

Fiscal			Percentage of	Net Pension
Year	 Safety	 Miscellaneous	APC Contributed	Obligation
6/30/2012	\$ 1,796,499	\$ 1,566,948	100%	
6/30/2013	1,882,719	1,791,450	100%	-
6/30/2014	2,105,331	2,217,298	100%	_

The funded status of the plan based on the June 30, 2011 (most recent information available), actuarial valuation is as follows:

		M	iscellaneous Pla	<u>an</u>		
Entry Age						
Normal Cost			Unfunded			
Actuarial	Actuarial		Liability		Annual	UAAL as a
Accrued	Value of		(Excess	Funded	Covered	% of
 Liability	Assets		Assets)	Ratio	Payroll	Payroll
\$ 62,588,244	\$ 46,220,976	\$	16,367,268	73.8%	\$ 10,786,146	151.7%

The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to basic financial statements, shows the recent history of the actuarial value of assets, actuarial accrued liability, their relationship, and the relationship of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability to payroll. The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information following the notes to basic financial statements, presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

(19) <u>Compliance with Budgetary Limitations</u>

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the following funds reflected expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts:

Major fund		Amou	Amount of Excess	
General Fund	_			
General Gover	nment:			
	City manager	\$	(5,160)	
Public Safety:				
	Police support services		(152,912)	
	Fire and ambulance services		(187,589)	
	Code enforcement		(38,236)	
Public Works:				
	Street maintenance		(21,267)	
Human Service	es:			
	Senior services		(5,098)	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(19) <u>Compliance with Budgetary Limitations (Continued)</u>

Non-major fund		Amount of Exc		
Special Revenue Funds:		_		
Traffic Safety		\$	(11,727)	
Department of C	Conservation Recycle Grant		(11,416)	
Lighting and La	ndscape		(81,891)	
Cal GRIP			(1,826)	
SMART Policin	ng Grant		(2,572)	
Donations			(549)	

(20) Contingent Liabilities and Commitments

Normal Course of Operations

The City is a defendant in certain legal actions arising in the normal course of operations. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, any liability resulting from actions will not have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position

Revenue Tax Sharing Agreement Commitment

In March 1997, the City entered into an agreement with the County of Riverside in order to obtain the County's cooperation to annex property in the unincorporated County area with the intention of developing a relocation site for the new and used auto dealers of the City of Indio. The development of the Desert Cities Auto Center and its annexation into the City of Indio is expected to generate significant sales and use taxes as well as property taxes from the improved site. In return, the City agrees to provide maintenance of certain County facilities. In return for the County's cooperation in approving the Desert Cities Auto Center site plan and its annexation into the City of Indio, this agreement provides that the City of Indio will dedicate 25% of sales and use taxes derived from the annexed property to the County for the remainder of a thirty-year period ending in the year 2027. Upon expiration of the term of the agreement and upon payment by the City to the County of the sum of \$1, the County shall convey fee title to the County Improvements. During fiscal year 2013-2014, payment in the amount of \$337,295 was made to the County.

Interim Housing Facilities for Indio High School

In April 2010, the City entered into an agreement with the Desert Sands Unified School District (District) to equally share the actual Interim Housing costs during the course of construction on rebuilding the Indio High School campus. The City recently constructed a new "Teen Center" directly across from the High School. The City envisions an intergenerational campus for this area and believes the Original Design is not consistent with the City's vision. Pursuant to the City's request, the District prepared a revised design. The revised design will require an interim campus during the construction the City and District agreed to share the interim housing cost. As of June 2014, the total cost is estimated to be \$5,890,420, which 50% of the cost is committed by the City. Starting August 2018, the annual City's payment to the Indio High school will be \$147,260, until July 2037.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(21) <u>Joint Venture Agreements</u>

Eastern Riverside County Interoperable Communications Authority ("ERICA")

The Eastern Riverside Interoperable Communications Authority ("ERICA") was created in July 2008 by a Joint Exercise of Powers Agreement between public agency parties located in Riverside County, California. ERICA was formed to enable the Members to acquire real, personal and intangible property and to plan, design, finance, construct, operate, and maintain public safety radio communication systems, facilities and related structures to assist the Members in meeting public safety communication needs. The goal and intent of the ERICA is one of voluntary cooperation among cities for the collective benefit of cities in Riverside County. The City of Indio is a member of the ERICA and is responsible for the accounting records of the joint venture.

East Valley Reclamation Authority ("EVRA")

The East Valley Reclamation Authority (EVRA) was created on December 18, 2013 under a joint powers agreement between The City of Indio through the Indio Water Authority (IWA) and the Valley Sanitary District (VSD) to plan, implement and operate a recycled water program including the tertiary or enhanced treatment of water, as well as the lease, ownership, operation and maintenance of Facilities and the financing costs relation to Public Capital Improvements. Primary funding for the EVRA is through contributions from the IWA and the VSD. The EVRA is governed by a Board appointed by the IWA and VSD and administered by either the IWA or VSD based on a rotation determined by the Board. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014, the IWA was the administrator of the EVRA and therefore maintains the books and records of the EVRA. The IWA's contribution to the EVRA for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014 was \$5,000 for operations. Audited financial statements may be obtained from the City of Indio 100 Civic Center Mall, Indio, CA 92201.

(22) Deficit Fund Balances and Deficits in Internal Service Funds

The following governmental funds had deficit fund balances as of June 30, 2014 due to the timing of grant reimbursement requests and temporary receivables where the City must front the cash and subsequently seek reimbursement.

Homeland Security	\$ (396)
Traffic Safety	(1,730)
Department of Conservation Recycle Grant	(2,234)
Asset Forfeiture	(5,257)
Community Development Block Grant	(399,461)
Congestion Management Air Quality	(14,764)

The following internal service funds had deficit net position as of June 30, 2014 and the City anticipates that these deficits will be reduced during the next fiscal year as part of the City's financial recovery plan.

Fleet Maintenance	\$ (86,392)
Building and Grounds	(1,366,371)

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(23) Net Position and Fund Balances

A. Net Position

GASB Statement No. 63 adds the concept of Net Position, which is measured on the full accrual basis, to the concept of Fund Balance, which is measured on the modified accrual basis.

Net position is the excess of all the City's assets over all its liabilities, regardless of fund. Net position are divided into three captions under GASB Statement No. 34. These captions apply only to net position, which is determined only at the government-wide level, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds and are described below.

Net Investment in capital assets describe the portion of net position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describe the portion of net position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include developer fees received for use on capital projects, debt service requirements, redevelopment funds restricted for low-and-moderate income purposes, and gas tax funds for street construction.

Unrestricted describes the portion of net position which is not restricted as to use.

B. Fund Balances

As prescribed by GASB Statement No. 54, governmental funds report fund balance in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific Purposes for which amounts in the funds can be spent. As of June 30, 2014, fund balances for governmental funds are made up of the following:

Nonspendable – includes amounts that are (a) not in spendable form, or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash.

Restricted – includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers, constitutionally or through enabling legislation. Restrictions may effectively be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed – includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the City's highest level of decision-making authority, the City Council. Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the City Council taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(23) Net Position and Fund Balances

B. Fund Balances (Continued)

(for example: resolution and ordinance). Ordinance is the highest level of the City Council's approval.

Assigned – amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed, should be reported as assigned fund balance. This policy hereby delegates the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes to the City Manager, Finance Officer or Deputy Finance Officer for the purpose of reporting these amounts in the annual financial statements.

Unassigned – is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all amounts not contained in the other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balance are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

(24) Restricted Net Position

Restricted net position is subject to constraints either (1) externally imposed by creditors (such as debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or (2) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Restricted net position at June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	Governmental		
	Activities		
Restricted for:			
Assessment districts	\$	1,439,723	
Community development		6,190,744	
Debt service	2,470,796		
Housing	8,825,44		
Public safety		621,643	
Public works		7,293,319	
Total restricted net position	\$	26,841,674	

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(25) Fund Balances

Fund balances are presented in the following categories: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned (see Note 23 for a description of these categories). A detailed schedule of fund balances at June 30, 2014 is as follows:

	General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Assessment Districts Districts Fund	G	Other Governmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
Nonspendable	 		 				
Prepaid items	\$ 26,808	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	26,808
Land held for resale	3,508,697						3,508,697
Advances	 	 	 		5,496,151		5,496,151
Total nonspendable fund balances	 3,535,505	 			5,496,151		9,031,656
Restricted for:							
Debt service					2,865,414		2,865,414
Construction projects		1,283,149	1,439,723		_,,,,,,,,		2,722,872
Gas tax		-,,-,-	-,,.=		1,099,266		1,099,266
Public safety					157,270		157,270
Supplemental law enforcement					201,365		201,365
Proposition 1B					73,363		73,363
LLEBG					14,937		14,937
Abandoned vehicle					25,553		25,553
Unclaimed property					5,041		5,041
Measure A					1,741,287		1,741,287
NPDES					19,892		19,892
Air quality					179,222		179,222
Indian gaming SB 621					119,230		119,230
Waste recycling AB939					561,970		561,970
Community facilities district					86,965		86,965
Certified access specialist SB 1186					4,434		4,434
Public education government channel					590,448		590,448
Article 3					84,178		84,178
COPS Hiring Recovery					41,740		41,740
Neighorhood stabilization 1					19,691		19,691
Neighorhood stabilization 2					1,337,595		1,337,595
Neighorhood stabilization 3					171,424		171,424
Cal emergency management					20,306		20,306
Lighting and landscape					3,691,682		3,691,682
Emergency, abandoned and recalcitrant					136		136
Donations					17,025		17,025
Indio Housing Authority					3,329,298		3,329,298
Total restricted fund balances	 	 1,283,149	 1,439,723		16,458,732		19,181,604
Committed	 1,139,500	 	 				1,139,500
Assigned							
General government	125,292						125,292
General plan	700,000						700,000
Economic development	5,902,850						5,902,850
Lighting and landscape districts	195,000	20125					195,000
Construction projects	 	 984,869	 				984,869
Total assigned fund balances	 6,923,142	 984,869	 	_			7,908,011
Unassigned	 4,489,966	 			(423,842)		4,066,124
Total fund balances	\$ 16,088,113	\$ 2,268,018	\$ 1,439,723	\$	21,531,041	\$	41,326,895

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(26) <u>Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency</u>

On December 29, 2011, the California Supreme Court upheld Assembly Bill 1X 26 ("the Bill") that provides for the dissolution of all redevelopment agencies in the State of California. This action impacted the reporting entity of the City of Indio that previously had reported a redevelopment agency within the reporting entity of the City as a blended component unit.

The Bill provides that upon dissolution of a redevelopment agency, either the city or other unit of local government will agree to serve as the "successor agency" to hold the assets units they are distributed to other units of state and local government. On January 10, 2012, the City Council elected to become the Successor Agency for the former redevelopment agency in accordance with the Bill as part of the City resolution number 12-001.

After enactment of the law, which occurred on June 28, 2011, redevelopment agencies in the State of California cannot enter into new projects, obligations or commitments. Subject to the control of a newly established oversight board, remaining assets can only be used to pay enforceable obligations in existence as the date of the dissolution (including the completion of any unfinished projects that were subject to legally enforceable contractual commitments).

In future fiscal years, successor agencies will only be allocated revenue in the amount that is necessary to pay the estimated annual installment payments on enforceable obligations of former redevelopment agency until all enforceable obligations of the prior redevelopment agency have been paid in full and all assets have been liquidated.

The Bill directs that State Controller of the State of California to review the propriety of any transfers of assets between redevelopment agencies and other public bodies that occurred after January 1, 2011. If the public body that received such transfers is not contractually committed to a third party for the expenditure or encumbrance of those assets, the state Controller is required to order the available assets to be transferred to the public body designated as the successor agency by the Bill.

Management believes, in consultation with legal counsel, that the obligations of the former redevelopment agency due to the City are valid enforceable obligations payable by the successor agency trust under the requirements of the Bill. The City's position on this issue is not a position of settled law and there is considerable legal uncertainty regarding this issue. It is reasonably possible that a legal determination may be made at a later date by an appropriate judicial authority that would resolve this issue unfavorably to the City.

In accordance with the timeline set forth in the Bill (as modified by the California Supreme Court on December 29, 2011) all redevelopment agencies in the State of California were dissolved and ceased to operate as a legal entity as of February 1, 2012.

Prior to that date, the final seven months of activity of the redevelopment agency continued to be reported in the governmental funds of the City. After the date of dissolution, the assets and activities of the dissolved redevelopment agency are reported in a fiduciary fund (private-purpose trust fund) in the financial statements of the City.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(26) Successor Agency Trust for Assets of Former Redevelopment Agency (Continued)

The transfer of the assets and liabilities of the former redevelopment agency as of January 31, 2012 from governmental funds of the City to fiduciary funds was reported in the governmental funds as an extraordinary loss (or gain) in the governmental fund financial statements. The receipt of these assets and liabilities as of January 31, 2012 was reported in the private-purpose trust fund as an extraordinary gain (or loss).

Because of the different measurement focus of the governmental funds (current financial resources measurement focus) and the measurement focus of the trust funds (economic resources measurement focus), the extraordinary gain (loss) recognized in the governmental funds was not the same amount as the extraordinary gain (loss) that was recognized in the fiduciary fund financial statements.

(27) <u>Successor Agency</u>

A. Notes Receivable of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2014 consisted of the following:

Jackalope CV Volunteers in Medicine	\$ 462,654 75,000
Housing rehabilitation deferred loan program	 46,717
Total	\$ 584,371

On November 5, 2008, and in furtherance of redevelopment goals to promote development on Highway 111, the RDA approved a \$500,000 loan agreement to Morcus Management and Jackalope for alterations to a restaurant located at 80-400 Highway 111, in Indio, California. The loan was scheduled to be paid over a seven year period at an interest rate of 4%, however, on November 16, 2010, due to financial difficulties encountered by Morcus Management and Jackalope, an amendment was made to the original loan agreement providing that no payments are necessary for the first 13.5 months following the amendment date, to accommodate for the cash flow concerns of Morcus Management and Jackalope. Morcus Management and Jackalope have agreed, with the City, to defer all loan payments, interest free, until March 31, 2012. In the beginning of fiscal year 2012-13, Morcus Management and Jackalope started making the regular payments. The amount of loans outstanding as of June 30, 2014 was \$462,654.

On August 4, 2010, the RDA approved a \$75,000 loan agreement to the Coachella Valley Volunteers in Medicine, a California based non-profit corporation. Funds from the Coachella Valley Volunteers in Medicine, have been allocated for construction of a new healthcare clinic to be operated at the intersection of 48th Street and Jackson Street in the City of Indio with the completion of construction estimated to occur in or about June 2013. During the construction and until completion of the Jackson Site, the Coachella Valley Volunteers in Medicine intends to and shall conduct its operations at 81-880 Dr. Carreon Boulevard. The RDA, in furtherance of the development goals to provide healthcare delivery options to lower-income individuals located in eastern Riverside County, California has provided financial assistance in the amount of \$75,000 solely and exclusively for the purchase of furniture, fixtures and equipment to the Coachella Valley

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(27) <u>Successor Agency (Continued)</u>

Volunteers in Medicine. From the date the temporary site opens for business, the Coachella Valley Volunteers in Medicine must maintain continuous operation within the City or must repay the City \$75,000 without any offset.

The Housing Rehabilitation Deferred Loan program provides financial assistance in the form of deferred low-interest loans to qualified homeowners, allowing them to eliminate health and safety-related property conditions, make basic improvements to the interior of the residence, and to make needed exterior aesthetic home improvements. After ten years of satisfactory program participation, continued home-owner occupancy, and exemplary maintenance/upkeep of the property, the loan would be forgiven and converted into a grant. The amount of loans outstanding as of June 30, 2014 was \$46,717.

- B. Land held for resale in the RDA Capital Project Fund consists of 131 properties purchased as early as 1950. The purchases of these properties are spread over a longer period and recorded at cost. As of June 30, 2014, land held for resale totaled \$37,926,065.
- C. In January 2010, the former Redevelopment Low/Moderate Fund loaned the former Redevelopment Capital Projects Fund \$4,557,784 for payment of the SERAF contribution. In fiscal year 2010-2011, the former Redevelopment Low/Moderate Fund loaned the Redevelopment Capital Project Funds \$938,367 for payment of the SERAF contribution. The Indio Housing Authority will be repaid in installments or in a lump sum by fiscal year ending June 30, 2015. Long term payable balance as of June 30, 2014 was \$5,496,151.
- D. Long-term debt of the Successor Agency as of June 30, 2014, consisted of the following:

	Balance at ine 30, 2013	Ad	ditions	R	etirements	Balance at June 30, 2014			nount Due Within one Year
Bonds payable:			-						
1997 Series A	\$ 545,000	\$	-	\$	(65,000)	\$	480,000	\$	65,000
1999 Revenue Refunding	2,500,000				(195,000)		2,305,000		205,000
2004A Tax Allocation	8,895,000				(135,000)		8,760,000		145,000
2008A Tax Allocation	57,345,000				(885,000)		56,460,000	1	1,040,000
2008B Tax Allocation	4,195,000				(695,000)		3,500,000		610,000
Total	\$ 73,480,000	\$	-	\$	(1,975,000)	\$	71,505,000	\$ 2	2,065,000

Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1997 Series A

On August 1, 1997, the Authority issued \$1,105,000 of Taxable Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1997 Series A, and \$2,585,000 of Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds. The proceeds were used to advance refund a portion of the 1992 Revenue (Tax Allocation) Bonds and to retire the outstanding balance of the 1987 Tax Allocation Bonds. The bonds are payable solely from tax increment revenues of the Redevelopment Agency.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(27) <u>Successor Agency (Continued)</u>

Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1997 Series A (Continued)

The Series A bonds consist of \$1,105,000 of term bonds. These bonds accrue interest at a rate of 7.48% with the principal amount maturing on August 15, 2019. The Series A term bonds are subject to mandatory redemption from sinking account payments prior to their maturity in principal amounts ranging from \$20,000 to \$95,000, as outlined in the bond indenture. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2014 was \$480,000.

As required in the official statement, each bond issue is required to maintain a reserve fund. In the case of the Series A reserve fund relating to the Indio Centre Parity Loan, the Authority substituted a reserve facility in place of making a cash deposit to such reserve funds. The indentures provide that in lieu of a cash deposit, the Authority may satisfy the reserve requirements by means of a qualified reserve fund credit instrument, which consists of a quality surety bond, insurance policy or similar financial undertaking. The Authority deposited a Financial Guaranty Insurance Policy issued by MBIA Insurance Corporation in the reserve fund for the Series A Bonds.

1999 Housing Set-Aside Revenue Refunding Bonds

On May 5, 1999, the Redevelopment Agency issued \$4,445,000 of Housing Set-Aside Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 1999. The proceeds were used to enable the Agency to pay its 1992 Housing Loan to the Indio Public Financing Authority. The bonds are payable solely from housing set-aside tax increment revenues of the Redevelopment Agency.

These bonds consist of \$1,420,000 of serial bonds and \$3,025,000 of term bonds. The serial bonds accrue interest at rates ranging from 3.35% to 5.00%. Principal payments are due each August 15 in amounts ranging from \$100,000 to \$160,000, with the final principal payment on August 15, 2009. The term bonds accrue interest at a rate of 5.375% maturing on August 15, 2022. The term bonds are subject to mandatory redemption from sinking account payments prior to their maturity in principal amounts ranging from \$165,000 to \$315,000, as outlined in the bond indenture. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2014 was \$2,305,000.

As required in the official statement, a reserve fund is required to be maintained. The amount to be maintained in the reserve fund is an amount equal to or greater than the maximum annual debt service on the bonds. The required amount of the reserve fund was \$205,000. At June 30, 2014 the actual reserve amount was \$332,350.

Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004A

In July 2004, the City of Indio Redevelopment Agency issued \$9,760,000 Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2004A. The proceeds were used to finance redevelopment activities of the Agency and to advance refund Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds 1997 Series C.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(27) <u>Successor Agency (Continued)</u>

Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2004A (Continued)

The 2004A bonds consist of \$500,000 of serial bonds and \$9,260,000 of term bonds. The serial bonds accrue interest at rates between 4.125% and 5.00% and the principal amounts mature between August 15, 2005 and August 15, 2009 in amounts ranging from \$95,000 to \$110,000. Term bonds of \$645,000 accrue interest at 5.60% and mature on August 15, 2014, and bonds of \$8,615,000 accrue interest at 6.30% and mature on August 15, 2033.

The Series 2004A term bonds maturing in the years 2014 and 2033 are subject to mandatory sinking account redemption on each August 15, commencing on August 15, 2010 and August 15, 2015, respectively, at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof together with accrued interest, without premium.

Per the terms of the bond indenture, the Series 2004A are required to maintain a reserve in the amount of 10% of the original proceeds, 125% of the average annual debt service for that every subsequent bond year, or 10% of the issue price of the bonds held in the Special Escrow Fund. At June 30, 2014, the reserve was fully funded and the outstanding balance of the Series 2004A was \$8,760,000.

Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2008A and B

In April 2008, the City of Indio Redevelopment Agency issued \$60,600,000 Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008A and \$6,640,000 Subordinate Tax Allocation Bonds Series 2008B. The proceeds were used to finance redevelopment activities of the Agency and to advance refund the outstanding Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1997 Series B, and Tax Allocation Bonds, 2004 Series B.

The 2008A bonds consist of \$35,655,000 of serial bonds and \$24,945,000 of term bonds. The serial bonds accrue interest at rates between 4.00% and 5.25% and the principal amounts mature between August 15, 2009 and August 15, 2028 in amounts ranging from \$770,000 to \$2,925,000. Term bonds of \$9,685,000 accrue interest at 5.250% and mature on August 15, 2031, bonds of \$7,630,000 accrue interest at 5.625% and mature on August 15, 2035, and bonds of \$7,630,000 accrue interest at 5.250% and mature on August 15, 2035.

The 2008B bonds consist of \$6,640,000 of term bonds. Term bonds of \$3,140,000 accrue interest at 5.500% and mature on August 15, 2013, and term bonds of \$3,500,000 accrue interest at 6.750% and mature on August 15, 2018.

The Series 2008A term bonds maturing in the years 2031, 2035 (accruing interest at 5.625%), and 2035 (accruing interest at 5.250%) are subject to mandatory sinking account redemption on each August 15, commencing on August 15, 2029, August 15, 2032, and August 15, 2032, respectively, at redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof together with accrued interest, without premium.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

(27) <u>Successor Agency (Continued)</u>

Tax Allocation Bonds, Series 2008A and B (Continued)

The Series 2008B term bonds maturing in the years 2013 and 2018 are subject to mandatory sinking account redemption on each August 15, commencing on August 15, 2009 at a redemption price equal to the principal amount thereof together with accrued interest, without premium.

Reserve requirements for the Series 2008A and Series 2008B bonds are disclosed in the bond documents. At June 30, 2013, the reserves were fully funded and the outstanding balance of the Series 2008A and Series 2008B bonds were \$56,460,000 and \$3,500,000, respectively.

A portion of the net proceeds of the Series 2008A bonds totaling \$25,993,323, plus an additional \$286,179 and \$1,531,077 of the Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1997 Series B, and Tax Allocation Bonds, 2004 Series B, respectively, sinking fund monies were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the Tax Increment Revenue Refunding Bonds, 1997 Series B, and Tax Allocation Bonds, 2004 Series B. As a result, these bonds are considered defeased and the liability for those bonds have been removed from the financial statements.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The annual debt service requirements to maturity for bonds payable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending			
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2015	\$ 2,065,000	\$ 3,812,381	\$ 5,877,381
2016	2,160,000	3,702,436	5,862,436
2017	2,270,000	3,580,643	5,850,643
2018	2,390,000	3,446,565	5,836,565
2019	2,525,000	3,304,831	5,829,831
2020-2024	13,460,000	14,445,786	27,905,786
2025-2029	16,495,000	10,661,209	27,156,209
2030-2034	22,220,000	5,391,781	27,611,781
2035-2037	7,920,000	436,088	8,356,088
	\$ 71,505,000	\$ 48,781,720	\$ 120,286,720

Notes to Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2014

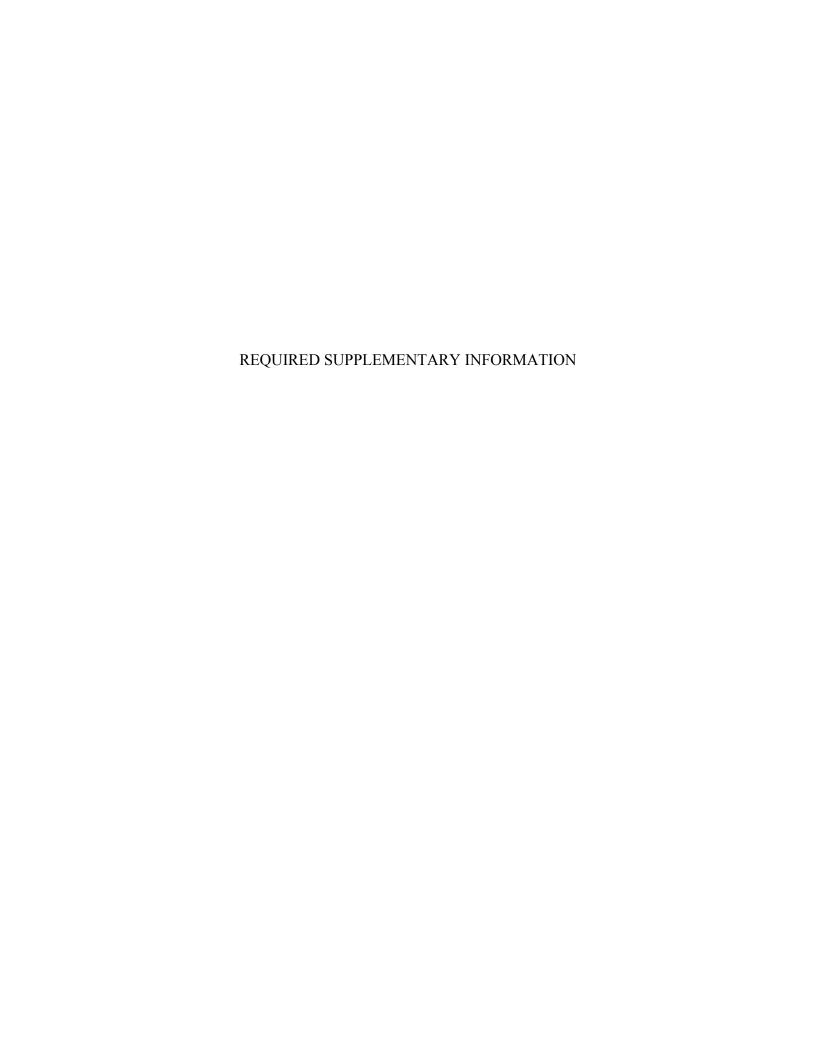
(28) Prior Period Adjustments

The accompanying financial statements include adjustments that resulted in the restatements of beginning net position. The following summarizes the effect of the prior period adjustments to beginning net position as of July 1, 2013:

	Government-wide Statement					
	Governmental			Business-type	Pı	rivate-Purpose
	Activities			Activities	Trust Funds	
Net position - beginning of fiscal year Restatement, per GASB Statement No. 65, to adjust	\$	452,622,818	\$	152,535,926	\$	(27,033,803)
unamortized bond issuance costs at June 30, 2013		(876,267)		(751,518)		(1,911,994)
Net position - beginning of fiscal year, restated	\$	451,746,551	\$	151,784,408	\$	(28,945,797)

(29) Subsequent Events

Management of the City has evaluated subsequent events through December 22, 2014, the date these financial statements were available to be issued, and has determined there were no material events requiring disclosure.





General Fund

Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

With Comparative Totals for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

Variance with

Budget Positive	Prior Year Actual
	Actual
Original Final Actual (Negative)	7 Tottaar
Taxes:	Ф. ((77.04)
Property taxes \$ 5,935,662 \$ 5,935,662 \$ 6,030,538 \$ 94,876	\$ 6,677,046
Document transfer tax 300,000 300,000 289,028 (10,972)	344,121
Sales tax 6,572,000 6,572,000 6,953,532 381,532	6,371,904
In-lieu sales tax 2,125,611 2,395,894 2,395,894	2,005,293
Utility taxes 8,564,800 8,564,800 8,387,643 (177,157)	8,399,029
Franchise taxes 2,120,875 2,255,875 2,338,806 82,931	2,090,285
Transient occupancy tax 3,296,000 2,996,000 3,077,890 81,890	2,820,398
Total taxes 28,914,948 29,020,231 29,473,331 453,100	28,708,076
Licenses and permits:	
Business licenses 640,000 680,000 722,796 42,796	676,524
Building permits 811,000 1,588,000 2,201,029 613,029	947,544
Other licenses and permits 285,550 402,050 460,357 58,307	402,643
Total licenses and permits 1,736,550 2,670,050 3,384,182 714,132	2,026,711
Intergovernmental:	
Motor vehicle license fees 6,814,979 6,969,428 7,004,927 35,499	6,739,345
Grants 88,250 410,030 355,841 (54,189)	118,451
Total intergovernmental 6,903,229 7,379,458 7,360,768 (18,690)	6,857,796
Charges for services:	
Plan checks and inspections 712,500 1,363,500 1,726,292 362,792	1,088,663
Facility rentals 1,692,816 1,592,816 1,616,398 23,582	1,710,485
Fire and ambulance 1,040,000 1,260,000 1,364,633 104,633	1,233,092
Police 215,000 166,000 168,082 2,082	138,363
Other 3,749,275 4,675,390 4,606,369 (69,021)	4,164,802
Total charges for services 7,409,591 9,057,706 9,481,774 424,068	8,335,405
Fines:	
Vehicle fines 265,000 265,000 278,230 13,230	282,181
Parking fines 110,000 110,000 149,377 39,377	79,874
Other fines 664,000 464,000 355,731 (108,269)	755,919
Total fines 1,039,000 839,000 783,338 (55,662)	1,117,974
Investment income 50,000 63,679 13,679	35,350
Miscellaneous:	
Other 1,679,400 1,635,005 1,829,647 194,642	1,362,014
Total miscellaneous 1,679,400 1,635,005 1,829,647 194,642	1,362,014
Total revenues \$ 47,682,718 \$ 50,651,450 \$ 52,376,719 \$ 1,725,269	\$ 48,443,326

General Fund

Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Ru	dget				riance with nal Budget Positive	Prior Year
		Original	uget	Final	Actual	(Negative)	Actual
General Government:					 		- 108	
City council	\$	310,091	\$	310,091	\$ 281,509	\$	28,582	\$ 269,867
City attorney		850,000		850,000	720,664		129,336	972,099
City manager		566,344		566,344	571,504		(5,160)	490,826
Human resources		786,994		786,994	770,037		16,957	491,947
City clerk		271,684		271,684	203,827		67,857	244,375
Finance		1,411,362		1,411,362	1,356,114		55,248	1,248,675
Total general government		4,196,475		4,196,475	 3,903,655		292,820	3,717,789
Public Safety:		, ,		, ,	 			
Police administration		1,222,160		1,222,160	1,157,200		64,960	1,082,110
Police field services		8,159,603		8,401,257	8,135,426		265,831	7,460,735
Police investigations		6,080,309		6,280,309	6,197,976		82,333	5,838,389
Police traffic safety		749,254		749,254	734,353		14,901	694,247
Police support services		3,278,983		3,396,592	3,549,504		(152,912)	3,060,392
Fire and ambulance services		11,248,013		11,341,434	11,529,023		(187,589)	10,504,724
Animal control		1,117,276		1,117,276	994,152		123,124	1,155,614
Code enforcement		1,387,482		1,266,674	1,304,910		(38,236)	1,245,445
Total public safety		33,243,080		33,774,956	 33,602,544		172,412	31,041,656
Public works:								
Street maintenance		2,135,320		2,256,128	2,277,395		(21,267)	2,105,712
Engineering		1,096,051		1,286,051	1,220,823		65,228	1,047,266
Parks and parkways		1,081,118		1,081,118	900,980		180,138	1,225,215
Total public works	'	4,312,489		4,623,297	 4,399,198		224,099	4,378,193
Community development:								
Promotion and publicity		523,500		523,500	408,602		114,898	292,773
Building safety		1,153,692		1,347,442	1,179,363		168,079	1,017,089
Economic development		1,454,899		1,707,269	1,608,979		98,290	857,985
Planning		731,214		731,214	666,604		64,610	640,804
Total community development		3,863,305		4,309,425	3,863,548		445,877	2,808,651
Human services:	·	_					_	
Special events								386,012
Youth services		585,992		585,992	576,340		9,652	500,041
Human services		554,235		359,235	329,867		29,368	146,499
Senior services		534,701		550,306	 555,404		(5,098)	512,471
Total human services		1,674,928		1,495,533	 1,461,611		33,922	 1,545,023
Other		1,391,518		7,122,956	 406,849		6,716,107	 323,011
Debt service:								
Principal		275,876		275,876	275,876			263,618
Interest and other charges		86,492		86,492	 86,492			98,750
Total debt service		362,368		362,368	 362,368			 362,368
Total expenditures	\$	49,044,163	\$	55,885,010	\$ 47,999,773	\$	7,885,237	\$ 44,176,691

Notes to Required Supplementary Information

June 30, 2014

(1) Budgets and Budgetary Data

Before the beginning of the fiscal year, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed budget for the year commencing the following July 1. Public hearings are then conducted to obtain taxpayer comments and the budget is subsequently adopted through passage of a resolution.

All appropriated amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Council and lapse at year-end. Encumbrances and continuing appropriations are rebudgeted on July 1 by Council action. Original appropriations may be modified by supplementary budget revisions and transfers among budget categories. The City Council approves all budget changes at the department level. The City Manager is authorized to make budget transfers within departments.

Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for general, certain special revenue, certain debt service and certain capital projects funds. Budgets for these funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

City of Indio Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2014

Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Post-employment Benefits (Retiree Health)

	Entry Age								
N	Normal Cost				Unfunded				
	Actuarial		Actuarial		Liability			Annual	UAAL as a
	Accrued		Value of		(Excess	Funded		Covered	% of
	Liability		Assets		Assets)	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll
	(a)		(b)		(b-a)	(a/b)		(c)	((b-a)/c)
\$	28,176,358	\$	-	\$	28,176,358	0%	\$	14,311,605	197%
	36,509,155		-		36,509,155	0%		15,233,624	240%
	46,336,672		-		46,336,672	0%		15,804,940	293%
	37,563,242		-		37,563,242	0%		16,718,443	225%
	N	Accrued Liability (a) \$ 28,176,358 36,509,155 46,336,672	Normal Cost	Normal Cost	Normal Cost	Normal Cost Unfunded Actuarial Actuarial Liability Accrued Value of (Excess Liability Assets Assets) (a) (b) (b-a) \$ 28,176,358 - \$ 28,176,358 36,509,155 - 36,509,155 46,336,672 - 46,336,672	Normal Cost Unfunded Actuarial Liability Accrued Value of (Excess) Funded Liability Assets Assets) Ratio (a) (b) (b-a) (a/b) \$ 28,176,358 \$ - \$ 28,176,358 0% 36,509,155 - 36,509,155 0% 46,336,672 - 46,336,672 0%	Normal Cost Unfunded Actuarial Liability Accrued Value of (Excess Funded Liability Assets Assets) Ratio (a) (b) (b-a) (a/b) \$ 28,176,358 \$ - \$ 28,176,358 0% \$ 36,509,155 36,509,155 - 36,509,155 0% \$ 46,336,672 0%	Normal Cost Unfunded Actuarial Actuarial Accrued Value of Liability Assets Assets Assets) Ratio Payroll (a) (b) (b-a) (a/b) 28,176,358 - 28,176,358 0% 36,509,155 - 36,509,155 0% 46,336,672 0% 15,804,940

City of Indio Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2014

Schedule of Funding Progress - California Public Employees Retirement System Miscellaneous Plan

		Entry Age								
	N	Iormal Cost				Unfunded				
Actuarial		Actuarial		Actuarial		Liability			Annual	UAAL as a
Valuation		Accrued		Value of		(Excess	Funded		Covered	% of
Date		Liability		Assets		Assets)	Ratio		Payroll	Payroll
6/30/2008	\$	41,066,850	\$	35,393,329	\$	5,673,521	86.2%	\$	14,069,843	40.3%
6/30/2009		49,569,875		39,210,233		10,359,642	79.1%		15,342,922	67.5%
6/30/2010		55,418,570		43,741,473		11,677,097	78.9%		12,665,052	92.2%
6/30/2011		62,588,244		46,220,976		16,367,268	73.8%		10,786,146	151.7%
	Valuation Date 6/30/2008 6/30/2009 6/30/2010	Actuarial Valuation Date \$ 6/30/2008 \$ 6/30/2010	Valuation Accrued Date Liability 6/30/2008 \$ 41,066,850 6/30/2009 49,569,875 6/30/2010 55,418,570	Normal Cost Actuarial Valuation Date Cost	Actuarial Actuarial Actuarial Actuarial Valuation Accrued Value of Date Liability Assets 6/30/2008 \$ 41,066,850 \$ 35,393,329 6/30/2009 49,569,875 39,210,233 6/30/2010 55,418,570 43,741,473	Normal Cost Actuarial Actuarial Actuarial Valuation Accrued Value of Date Liability Assets 6/30/2008 \$ 41,066,850 \$ 35,393,329 \$ 6/30/2009 49,569,875 39,210,233 \$ 6/30/2010 55,418,570 43,741,473 \$	Actuarial Actuarial Actuarial Actuarial Liability Valuation Accrued Value of (Excess) Date Liability Assets Assets) 6/30/2008 \$ 41,066,850 \$ 35,393,329 \$ 5,673,521 6/30/2009 49,569,875 39,210,233 10,359,642 6/30/2010 55,418,570 43,741,473 11,677,097	Actuarial Actuarial Actuarial Actuarial Liability Valuation Accrued Value of (Excess) Funded Date Liability Assets Assets) Ratio 6/30/2008 \$ 41,066,850 \$ 35,393,329 \$ 5,673,521 86.2% 6/30/2009 49,569,875 39,210,233 10,359,642 79.1% 6/30/2010 55,418,570 43,741,473 11,677,097 78.9%	Actuarial Actuarial Actuarial Liability Valuation Accrued Value of (Excess) Funded Date Liability Assets Assets) Ratio 6/30/2008 \$ 41,066,850 \$ 35,393,329 \$ 5,673,521 86.2% \$ 6/30/2009 49,569,875 39,210,233 10,359,642 79.1% 6/30/2010 55,418,570 43,741,473 11,677,097 78.9%	Actuarial Actuarial Actuarial Liability Annual Valuation Accrued Value of (Excess Funded Covered Date Liability Assets Assets) Ratio Payroll 6/30/2008 \$ 41,066,850 \$ 35,393,329 \$ 5,673,521 86.2% \$ 14,069,843 6/30/2009 49,569,875 39,210,233 10,359,642 79.1% 15,342,922 6/30/2010 55,418,570 43,741,473 11,677,097 78.9% 12,665,052

Information is based on the most recent actuarial valuation.







Combining Balance Sheet

Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2014

With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2013

	Special Revenue	Debt Service	To	otals
	Funds	Fund	2014	2013
<u>Assets</u>				
Cash and investments	\$ 9,489,481	\$ 275,132	\$ 9,764,613	\$ 8,441,114
Cash and investments with fiscal agent	698,929	2,761,671	3,460,600	3,478,607
Accounts receivable	628,893		628,893	470,310
Due from other governments	1,182,678		1,182,678	1,228,482
Interest receivable	3,469		3,469	3,094
Notes receivable	5,777,030		5,777,030	5,395,599
Advances to private-purpose trust funds	5,496,151		5,496,151	5,496,151
Property held for resale	66,662		66,662	227,699
Total assets	\$ 23,343,293	\$ 3,036,803	\$ 26,380,096	\$ 24,741,056
<u>Liabilities</u> , <u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u> , and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 957,198	\$ 171,389	\$ 1,128,587	\$ 1,108,075
Accrued liabilities	103,768	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	103,768	84,165
Due to other funds	392,488		392,488	1,136,165
Unearned revenue	190,960		190,960	2,774,674
Retentions payable	39,500		39,500	54,819
Total liabilities	1,683,914	171,389	1,855,303	5,157,898
Deferred Inflows of Resources:				
Unearned revenue - loans/notes	2,455,267		2,455,267	
Unearned revenue - grant revenue	538,485		538,485	
Total deferred inflows of resources	2,993,752		2,993,752	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows	4,677,666	171,389	4,849,055	5,157,898
Fund balances:				
Restricted	13,593,318	2,865,414	16,458,732	18,917,776
Unassigned	(423,842)	2,000,111	(423,842)	665,382
Total fund balances	18,665,627	2,865,414	21,531,041	19,583,158
1 our faire outdiees	10,000,027	2,000,111	21,551,011	17,505,150
Total liabilities, deferred inflow of				
resources, and fund balances	\$ 23,343,293	\$ 3,036,803	\$ 26,380,096	\$ 24,741,056

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Special Revenue	Debt Service		Т	otal	S
	Funds	Fund		2014		2013
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 4,599,200	\$ -	\$	4,599,200	\$	3,853,704
Special assessments	3,791,742			3,791,742		3,865,959
Intergovernmental	3,281,854			3,281,854		7,862,681
Fines	104,148			104,148		96,728
Investment income	2,397,952	408		2,398,360		3,943,577
Miscellaneous	546,457			546,457		1,109,166
Total revenues	 14,721,353	 408		14,721,761		20,731,815
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government	262,016			262,016		485,878
Public safety	1,478,029			1,478,029		1,561,589
Public works	4,046,971			4,046,971		7,841,228
Community development	3,518,576			3,518,576		4,922,113
Debt service:						
Principal	948,403	345,450		1,293,853		1,272,004
Interest and other charges	409,034	2,198,140		2,607,174		2,581,494
Bond issuance costs	 	 				381,214
Total expenditures	 10,663,029	 2,543,590		13,206,619		19,045,520
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	 4,058,324	 (2,543,182)		1,515,142		1,686,295
Other financing sources (uses):						
Payment to bond escrow agent						(21,335,000)
Interfund transfers in	467,021	2,941,421		3,408,442		2,345,660
Interfund transfers out	(2,975,701)			(2,975,701)		(2,872,549)
Issuance of debt	 	 				24,500,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (2,508,680)	 2,941,421		432,741		2,638,111
Net change in fund balances	1,549,644	398,239		1,947,883		4,324,406
Fund balances at beginning of fiscal year	17,115,983	 2,467,175		19,583,158		15,258,752
Fund balances at end of fiscal year	\$ 18,665,627	\$ 2,865,414	\$:	21,531,041	\$	19,583,158

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues and the related expenditures which are legally required to be accounted for in a separate fund. Funds included are:

<u>Gas Tax Fund</u> - To account for the revenues and expenditures of the City's proportionate share of gas tax monies collected by the State of California which are used for street construction and maintenance.

<u>Traffic Safety Fund</u> - To account for the revenue and expenditures relating to the enforcement of, education for, and prosecution of a suspended or revoked driving privilege, unlicensed driver and persons driving under the influence of alcohol and/or drugs.

<u>Public Safety Fund</u> - To account for the revenues and expenditures of the City's Proposition 172 sales tax restricted for public safety.

<u>Supplemental Law Enforcement Fund</u> - To account for the revenues and expenditures of the supplemental law enforcement grant.

<u>Proposition 1B Fund</u> – To account for the revenues and expenditures of the Proposition 1B State bond money restricted to local transportation projects.

<u>Local Law Enforcement Block Grant (LLEBG) Fund</u> - To account for the revenues and expenditures of the Local Law Enforcement Block grant.

<u>Homeland Security Fund</u> – To account for funds received from the Riverside County Operational Area 2009 Homeland Security Grant Program.

<u>Energy Efficiency & Conservation Block Grant Fund</u> – To account for revenues and expenditures to be used to reduce fossil fuel emissions, and total energy use, improve energy efficiency and create and retain jobs.

<u>Abandoned Vehicle Fund</u> – To account for cost associated with the removal and disposition of abandoned vehicles from private property and the State of California's partial reimbursement of those costs.

<u>Unclaimed Property Fund</u> – To account for revenues and expenditures associated with property seized during police activities.

<u>Measure A Fund</u> - To account for financial transactions in accordance with Proposition A Local Transit Assistance Act regulations.

<u>Article 3 (SB 821) Fund</u> - To account for the revenues and expenditures of licenses and grant money received for the promotion of bicycle safety and the development and maintenance of bicycle lanes and paths within the City.

<u>NPDES Fund</u> - To account for revenue and expenditures related to the National Pollution Discharge Evaluation System (NPDES) State mandate.

<u>Air Quality (AB2766/CMAQ) Fund</u> - To account for the revenues and expenditures related to air pollution mitigation efforts.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

<u>HBRRP Fund</u> - To account for Highway Bridge Replacement and Rehabilitation (HBRRP) grant funds used to improve the condition of the City's bridges.

Indian Gaming SB 621 Fund - To account for grants to local agencies impacted by tribal gaming.

<u>Waste Recycling AB939 Fund</u> - To account for revenues and expenditures related to compliance with State of California Assembly Bill 939, which requires cities to divert 50% of their waste away from landfills.

<u>Community Facilities District Fund</u> – To account for the revenues and expenditures restricted to finance a portion of the cost of providing law enforcement, fire and paramedic services.

<u>Certified Access Specialist SB 1186 Fund</u> - To account for revenue and expenditures for funds received related to help bring local businesses into ADA compliance and develop tools to help educate the business community in expanding ADA access.

<u>CalGRIP Fund</u> – To account for the California Gang Reduction, Intervention and Prevention Program of the California Emergency Management Agency.

<u>Indio Housing Authority Fund</u> - To account for monies received and expended for housing related activities and housing functions.

<u>Department of Conservation Recycle Grant Fund</u> – To account for revenues and expenditures for grant funds received to promote can, bottle, and multi-family recycling.

<u>Public Education Government Channel Fund</u> – To account for revenues and expenditures for public education government channel.

<u>SMART Policing Grant Fund</u> – To account for revenues and expenditures for grant funds received to develop effective, economical, and innovative responses to precipitous or extraordinary increases in crime, or in a type or types of crime within their jurisdictions.

<u>COPS Hiring Recovery Fund</u> – To account for the Federal grant to hire additional police officer positions.

<u>Neighborhood Stabilization Project Grant 1 Fund</u> – To account for the revenues to assist in the redevelopment of abandoned or foreclosed homes.

<u>Neighborhood Stabilization Project Grant 2 Fund</u> – To account for grant funds provided by the Recovery Act to address abandoned and foreclosed properties.

<u>Neighborhood Stabilization Project Grant 3 Fund</u> – To account for grant funds provided by the Recovery Act to address abandoned and foreclosed properties.

<u>Lighting and Landscape Fund</u> - To account for the revenues and expenditures restricted for the lighting and landscape maintenance program for 51 districts. Property owners are assessed their share of the cost for lighting and maintaining parkways and medians.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS (Continued)

<u>Asset Forfeiture Fund</u> - To account for assets and cash confiscated in police narcotic raids that are restricted for public safety expenditures.

<u>Community Development Block Grant Fund</u> - To account for Federal funds directed toward programs that improve low-income housing, public improvements, neighborhood programs, and community development needs.

<u>Emergency</u>, <u>Abandoned and Recalcitrant Fund</u> – To account for revenue and expenditures to abate emergency situations or to cleanup abandoned or recalcitrant sites that pose a threat to human health, safety, and the environment, as a result of petroleum release from an underground storage tank.

<u>Congestion Management Air Quality Fund</u> – To account for revenue and expenditures for funding related to projects and programs in air quality nonattainment and maintenance areas for ozone, carbon monoxide, and particular matter, which reduce transportation related emissions.

<u>Cal Emergency Management Fund</u> – To account for the funds to be used for the Project Safe Neighborhoods.

<u>Donations Fund</u> – Donations to the City of items and funds for a designated purchase.

CITY OF INDIO Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2014

With Comparative Totals At June 30, 2013

		Gas Tax		Traffic Safety		Public Safety		pplemental Law forcement	Pr	oposition 1B	1	LLEBG
Assets												
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent Accounts receivable	\$	386,520 698,929 98,128	\$	6,102	\$	86,943	\$	199,674 32	\$	73,363	\$	15,329
Due from other governments Interest receivable Notes receivable Advances to private-purpose trust funds Property held for resale		117				70,283 44		8,333 79				3
Total assets	\$	1,183,694	\$	6,102	\$	157,270	\$	208,118	\$	73,363	\$	15,332
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities:												
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	68,961 10,953	\$	7,832	\$	-	\$	6,075 678	\$	-	\$	395
Due to other funds Unearned revenue												
Retentions payable		4,514										
Total liabilities		84,428		7,832				6,753				395
Deferred Inflows of Resources:												
Unearned revenue - loans/notes												
Unearned revenue - grant revenue												
Total deferred inflows of resources												
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		84,428		7,832				6,753				395
Fund balances:												
Restricted		1,099,266				157,270		201,365		73,363		14,937
Unassigned				(1,730)								
Total fund balances (deficits)		1,099,266		(1,730)		157,270		201,365		73,363		14,937
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	1,183,694	\$	6,102	\$	157,270	\$	208,118	¢	73,363	¢	15,332
resources, and fully valances	•	1,103,094	3	0,102	φ	137,470	Ф	200,110	\$	13,303	\$	13,334

 	Eff	inergy										
meland ecurity		and servation		bandoned Vehicle	Inclaimed Property	1	Measure A		Article 3	NPDES		Air Quality
\$ -	\$	-	\$	20,137	\$ 75,091	\$	1,497,821	\$	84,145	\$ 20,101	\$	210,428
							27,813					
1,778				5,658			265,879 552		33			26,222 75
							332		33			73
\$ 1,778	\$	-	\$	25,795	\$ 75,091	\$	1,792,065	\$	84,178	\$ 20,101	\$	236,725
\$ 2,021	\$	-	\$	242	\$ 70,050	\$	36,711	\$	-	\$ 209	\$	31,281
153							14,067					
133												
 2,174				242	70,050		50,778			 209		31,281
 					 					 		26,222 26,222
 2,174				242	 70,050		50,778			 209		57,503
(396)				25,553	5,041		1,741,287		84,178	19,892		179,222
 			-		 					 		
 (396)				25,553	 5,041		1,741,287		84,178	 19,892		179,222
			•	05.50	55.00		. 500 0 5	•	04.450	20.165	•	00 (55 -
\$ 1,778	\$	-	\$	25,795	\$ 75,091	\$	1,792,065	\$	84,178	\$ 20,101	\$	236,725

(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2014

With Comparative Totals At June 30, 2013 (Continued)

	HB	SRRP	Indian Gaming SB 621	F	Waste Recycling AB939	F	ommunity acilities District	Sp	ertified Access pecialist B 1186	 CalGrip
<u>Assets</u>										
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent Accounts receivable	\$	-	\$ 479,929	\$	556,487 15,554	\$	46,589	\$	4,786	\$ -
Due from other governments Interest receivable Notes receivable			131		1,210 210		40,225 151			11
Advances to private-purpose trust funds										
Property held for resale Total assets	\$		\$ 480,060	\$	573,461	\$	86,965	\$	4,786	\$ 11
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances								-		
Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued liabilities	\$	-	\$ 155,871 13,999	\$	5,328 6,163	\$	-	\$	352	\$ -
Due to other funds Unearned revenue Retentions payable			190,960							11
Total liabilities			 360,830		11,491				352	 11
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unearned revenue - loans/notes Unearned revenue - grant revenue Total deferred inflows of resources										
Total liabilities and deferred inflows			360,830		11,491				352	 11
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Advances										
Advances Restricted Unassigned			 119,230		561,970		86,965		4,434	
Total fund balances (deficits)			 119,230		561,970		86,965		4,434	
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	-	\$ 480,060	\$	573,461	\$	86,965	\$	4,786	\$ 11

	Indio Housing Authority	Co	partment of nservation Recycle Grant	E Ge	Public Education overnment Channel	Smart Policing Grant			COPS Hiring Recovery	Sta	ighborhood abilization Grant 1		eighborhood tabilization Grant 2		eighborhood tabilization Grant 3
\$	7,532	\$	21,950	\$	542,044	\$	-	\$	-	\$	19,683	\$	1,163,191	\$	106,506
	3				48,404		114		117,611		8		157,999 114,366 530		107.400
	4,632,377 5,496,151												1,037,253		107,400
_	10.126.062		21.050	ф.	500 440	ф.		Φ.	117.611		10.601	_	2 472 220	Φ.	66,662
\$	10,136,063	\$	21,950	\$	590,448	\$	114	\$	117,611	\$	19,691	\$	2,473,339	\$	280,568
\$	-	\$	24,184	\$	-	\$	- 114	\$	21,646 54,225	\$	-	\$	82,115 16,217	\$	326 1,418
													159		
_		-	24,184				114		75,871				98,491		1,744
	1,310,614												1,037,253		107,400
_	1,310,614					_		_				_	1,037,253		107,400
	1,310,614		24,184				114		75,871				1,135,744		109,144
	5,496,151 3,329,298		(2,234)		590,448				41,740		19,691		1,337,595		171,424
	8,825,449		(2,234)		590,448				41,740		19,691		1,337,595		171,424
\$	10,136,063	\$	21,950	\$	590,448	\$	114	\$	117,611	\$	19,691	\$	2,473,339	\$	280,568
	-,,		,		,				,1	_	,	_	,,	_	(Continued)

Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds June 30, 2014

With Comparative Totals At June 30, 2013 (Continued)

Assets	Lighting and Landscape			Asset Forfeiture	D	community evelopment lock Grant	Ab	nergency pandoned calcitrant	Ma	ongestion magement ir Quality		Cal nergency nagement
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agent	\$	3,826,716	\$	-	\$	-	\$	136	\$	-	\$	20,298
Accounts receivable Due from other governments Interest receivable Notes receivable Advances to private-purpose trust funds Property held for resale		64 14,124 1,513		260 4,726 1		512,263				280,525		8
Total assets	\$	3,842,417	\$	4,987	\$	512,263	\$	136	\$	280,525	\$	20,306
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances Liabilities: Accounts payable	\$	150,735	\$	10,244	\$	30,618	\$		\$	280,525	\$	
Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Unearned revenue		100,730	•	10,211	Ψ	10,795 337,985	•		Ψ	200,020	Ψ	
Retentions payable						20,063				14,764		
Total liabilities		150,735		10,244		399,461				295,289		
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Unearned revenue - loans/notes												
Unearned revenue - grant revenue Total deferred inflows of resources						512,263 512,263						
Total liabilities and deferred inflows		150,735		10,244		911,724				295,289		
Fund balances: Nonspendable												
Advances Restricted Unassigned		3,691,682		(5,257)		(399,461)		136		(14,764)		20,306
Total fund balances (deficits)		3,691,682		(5,257)		(399,461)		136		(14,764)		20,306
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$	3,842,417	\$	4,987	\$	512,263	\$	136	\$	280,525	\$	20,306
,	_		_		<u> </u>				_			

			Tot	als	
D	onations		2014		2013
					_
\$	17,980	\$	9,489,481	\$	8,269,724
			698,929		700,108
			628,893		470,310
			1,182,678		1,228,482
			3,469		3,094
			5,777,030		5,395,599
			5,496,151		5,496,151
			66,662		227,699
\$	17,980	\$	23,343,293	\$	21,791,167
\$	955	\$	957,198	\$	936,686
*		*	103,768	-	84,165
			392,488		824,840
			190,960		2,774,674
			39,500		54,819
		_			2 .,017
	955		1,683,914		4,675,184
			2.455.265		
			2,455,267		
			538,485		
			2,993,752		
	955		4,677,666		4,675,184
			5,496,151		
	17,025		13,593,318		16,450,601
			(423,842)		665,382
	17,025		18,665,627		17,115,983
	17,020		-0,000,027		- 1,110,200
\$	17,980	\$	23,343,293	\$	21,791,167

CITY OF INDIO Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 With Comparative Totals for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

	 Gas Tax		Traffic Safety	 Public Safety	 plemental Law forcement	 Proposition 1B
Revenues: Taxes Special assessments	\$ 2,563,135	\$	-	\$ 432,437	\$ -	\$ -
Intergovernmental	134,042		00.422	10,232	145,856	
Fines Investment income Miscellaneous	 32,706		99,422	 376	843	 192
Total revenues	 2,729,883		99,422	 443,045	146,699	 192
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works Community development	1,851,753		225,592	192,993	97,225	
Debt service: Principal	455,000					
Interest and other charges	229,055				 	
Total expenditures	 2,535,808		225,592	 192,993	 97,225	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 194,075		(126,170)	250,052	49,474	 192
Other financing sources (uses):						
Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers out	 			 (253,658)	 	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 	_		 (253,658)	 	
Net change in fund balances	194,075		(126,170)	(3,606)	49,474	192
Fund balances (deficits) at						
beginning of fiscal year	 905,191		124,440	 160,876	 151,891	 73,171
Fund balances (deficits) at end of fiscal year	\$ 1,099,266	\$	(1,730)	\$ 157,270	\$ 201,365	\$ 73,363

LLE	EBG	Homelar Securit		Energ Efficie and Conserv	ency	andoned ⁷ ehicle	Unclaimed Property		Measure A	 Article 3	NPDES		air Quality
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	1,603,628	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-
	22,148	41	1,196			13,095				84,000			74,625
	122				5		 3,219		5,300 86,809	178	 		793
	22,270	41	1,196		5	 13,095	 3,219		1,695,737	 84,178	 		75,418
	35,471	11	1,624			2,680			464,274 493,403		95,108		60,508
	25 471		1,624			 2,680			179,979 1,137,656	 	 95,108		(0.500
	35,471	1	1,624			 2,680			1,137,656	 	 95,108		60,508
([13,201)	29	9,572		5	 10,415	3,219	_	558,081	 84,178	 (95,108)		14,910
		18	3,405		(983)					 	 115,000		
		18	3,405		(983)	 	 			 	 115,000		
((13,201)	47	7,977		(978)	10,415	3,219		558,081	84,178	19,892		14,910
	28,138	(48	3,373)		978	 15,138	 1,822		1,183,206	 	 		164,312
\$	14,937	\$	(396)	\$		\$ 25,553	\$ 5,041	\$	1,741,287	\$ 84,178	\$ 19,892	\$	179,222 (Continued)

CITY OF INDIO Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 With Comparative Totals for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013 (Continued)

	(Continu	iea)			
	HBRRP	Indian Gaming SB 621	Waste Recycling AB939	Community Facilities District	Certified Access Specialist SB 1186
Revenues: Taxes Special assessments Intergovernmental	\$ - 205,820	\$ - 279,122	\$ - 12,481	\$ - 2,696,166	\$ -
Fines Investment income Miscellaneous		1,709	2,527 222,950	1,573	2,834
Total revenues	205,820	280,831	237,958	2,697,739	2,834
Expenditures: Current: General government Public safety Public works Community development Debt service: Principal	3,737	259,776	183,458	58,604	
Interest and other charges Total expenditures	3,737	259,776	183,458	58,604	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	202,083	21,055	54,500	2,639,135	2,834
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers in Interfund transfers out			(66,171)	(2,627,750)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			(66,171)	(2,627,750)	
Net change in fund balances	202,083	21,055	(11,671)	11,385	2,834
Fund balances (deficits) at beginning of fiscal year	(202,083)	98,175	573,641	75,580	1,600
Fund balances (deficits) at end of fiscal year	\$ -	\$ 119,230	\$ 561,970	\$ 86,965	\$ 4,434

	CalGrip	F	Indio Housing Luthority	Cons Re	etment of ervation ecycle frant	Ed Gov	Public lucation vernment hannel	Smart Policing Grant]	COPS Hiring Recovery	Sta	ghborhood bilization Grant 1	Neighborhood Stabilization Grant 2		Neighborhood Stabilization Grant 3	
\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	66,797				22,357			110,085		453,670				351,526		151,471
	32		35				186,334	 				92		1,990,358		339,594
	66,829		35		22,357		186,334	 110,085		453,670		92		2,341,884		491,065
					60,009			98,759		428,632						
	66,290		26,750				9,854							2,318,876		573,975
_	66,290		26,750		60,009		9,854	 98,759	_	428,632				2,318,876	_	573,975
	539		(26,715)		(37,652)		176,480	 11,326		25,038		92		23,008		(82,910)
	(27,139)							15,294								
	(27,139)							 15,294								
	(26,600)		(26,715)		(37,652)		176,480	26,620		25,038		92		23,008		(82,910)
	26,600		8,852,164		35,418		413,968	 (26,620)		16,702		19,599		1,314,587		254,334
\$	_	\$	8,825,449	\$	(2,234)	\$	590,448	\$ 	\$	41,740	\$	19,691	\$	1,337,595	\$	171,424 (Continued)

CITY OF INDIO Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 With Comparative Totals for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

(Continued)

	Lighting and Landscape	Asset Forfeiture	Community Development Block Grant	Emergency Abandoned and Recalcitrant	Congestion Management Air Quality
Revenues:					
Taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Special assessments	1,095,576				
Intergovernmental			812,734	10,072	280,525
Fines		4,726			
Investment income	18,050	146		9	
Miscellaneous	17,334				
Total revenues	1,130,960	4,872	812,734	10,081	280,525
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government					
Public safety		56,600		10,073	
Public works	1,276,302				295,289
Community development			522,831		
Debt service:					
Principal					
Interest and other charges					
Total expenditures	1,276,302	56,600	522,831	10,073	295,289
Excess (deficiency)					
of revenues over					
(under) expenditures	(145,342)	(51,728)	289,903	8	(14,764)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Interfund transfers in	318,322				
Interfund transfers out					
Total other financing	318,322				
sources (uses)					·
Net change in fund balances	172,980	(51,728)	289,903	8	(14,764)
Fund balances (deficits) at					
beginning of fiscal year	3,518,702	46,471	(689,364)	128	
Fund balances (deficits) at end of fiscal year	\$ 3,691,682	\$ (5,257)	\$ (399,461)	\$ 136	\$ (14,764)

Ew	Cal			Totals								
	nagement	Do	nations	 2014	tais	2013						
\$	-	\$	-	\$ 4,599,200	\$	3,853,704						
				3,791,742		3,865,959						
				3,281,854		7,862,681						
				104,148		96,728						
	93			2,397,952		3,943,327						
			30,196	546,457		1,109,166						
	93		30,196	 14,721,353		20,731,565						
	<u>.</u>											
			18,549	262,016		485,878						
				1,478,029		1,561,589						
				4,046,971		7,841,228						
				3,518,576		4,922,113						
				948,403		902,231						
				 409,034		450,093						
			18,549	 10,663,029		16,163,132						
	93		11,647	 4,058,324		4,568,433						
				467,021		161,461						
		-		 (2,975,701)		(2,872,549)						
				(2.500.600)		(2.511.000)						
				 (2,508,680)		(2,711,088)						
	02		11.647	1.540.644		1.057.245						
	93		11,647	1,549,644		1,857,345						
	20.212		£ 270	17 115 002		15 250 620						
	20,213		5,378	 17,115,983		15,258,638						
\$	20.306	\$	17.025	\$ 18 665 627	\$	17.115.983						
\$	20,306	\$	17,025	\$ 18,665,627	\$	17,115,983						

Gas Tax Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget	Actual	Fi	ariance with inal Budget Positive (Negative)	F	Prior iscal Year Actual
Revenues:						
Taxes	\$ 2,428,630	\$ 2,563,135	\$	134,505	\$	1,944,365
Intergovernmental	1,100,000	134,042		(965,958)		1,598,138
Investment income	 2,000	32,706		30,706		34,445
Total revenues	3,530,630	2,729,883		(800,747)		3,576,948
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works	4,232,394	1,851,753		2,380,641		3,189,668
Debt service:						
Principal	455,000	455,000				435,000
Interest and other charges	223,313	229,055		(5,742)		243,942
Total expenditures	4,910,707	2,535,808		2,374,899		3,868,610
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	(1,380,077)	194,075		1,574,152		(291,662)
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year	 905,191	905,191				1,196,853
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$ (474,886)	\$ 1,099,266	\$	1,574,152	\$	905,191

Traffic Safety Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Prior Fiscal Year Actual
Revenues:				
Fines Investment income	\$ 100,000	\$ 99,422	\$ (578)	\$ 68,510 1,871
Total revenues	100,000	99,422	(578)	70,381
Expenditures: Current:				
Public safety	213,865	225,592	(11,727)	220,849
Total expenditures	213,865	225,592	(11,727)	220,849
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(113,865)	(126,170)	(12,305)	(150,468)
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year	124,440	124,440		274,908
Fund balance (deficit) at end of fiscal year	\$ 10,575	\$ (1,730)	\$ (12,305)	\$ 124,440

Public Safety Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget			Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive legative)	Prior Fiscal Year Actual		
Revenues: Taxes	\$	380,000	\$	432,437	\$	52,437	\$	367,941	
Intergovernmental	Ψ	44,450	Ψ	10,232	Ψ	(34,218)	Ψ	307,741	
Investment income		11,150		376		376		631	
Total revenues		424,450		443,045		18,595		368,572	
Expenditures:									
Current:									
Public safety		211,189		192,993		18,196		161,144	
Total expenditures		211,189		192,993		18,196		161,144	
Excess (deficiency) of									
revenues over (under) expenditures		213,261		250,052		36,791		207,428	
expenditures		213,201		230,032		30,771		207,420	
Other financing sources (uses):									
Interfund transfers out		(253,658)		(253,658)				(253,658)	
To all all of									
Total other financing sources (uses)		(252 659)		(252 650)				(252 659)	
sources (uses)		(253,658)		(253,658)				(253,658)	
Net change in fund balances		(40,397)		(3,606)		36,791		(46,230)	
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year		160,876		160,876				207,106	
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	120,479	\$	157,270	\$	36,791	\$	160,876	

Supplemental Law Enforcement Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Final Budget	Actual		Fin	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		Prior scal Year Actual
Revenues:	Φ	120.072	Φ.	1.45.056	•	15.004	Φ	55.541
Intergovernmental Investment income	\$	129,862	\$	145,856 843	\$	15,994 843	\$	77,741 1,263
Total revenues		129,862		146,699		16,837		79,004
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety		281,753		97,225		184,528		195,136
Total expenditures		281,753		97,225		184,528		195,136
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(151,891)		49,474		201,365		(116,132)
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year		151,891		151,891				268,023
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$		\$	201,365	\$	201,365	\$	151,891

Proposition 1B Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		Fise	Prior cal Year Actual		
Revenues:	¢.		¢	102	ø	102	¢.	701
Investment income	\$		\$	192	\$	192	\$	701
Total revenues				192		192		701
Expenditures: Current: General government Public works								
Total expenditures								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures				192		192		701
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year		73,171		73,171				72,470
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	73,171	\$	73,363	\$	192	\$	73,171

Local Law Enforcement Block Grant (LLEBG) Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget Actual			Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)		Prior scal Year Actual
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	29,247	\$	22,148	\$	(7,099)	\$	
Investment income	Ψ	27,247	Ψ	122	Ψ	122	Φ	612
Total revenues		29,247		22,270		(6,977)		612
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety		40,247		35,471		4,776		50,291
Total expenditures		40,247		35,471		4,776		50,291
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures		(11,000)		(13,201)		(2,201)		(49,679)
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year		28,138		28,138				77,817
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	17,138	\$	14,937	\$	(2,201)	\$	28,138

Homeland Security Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Final Budget	Actual		Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)		Prior scal Year Actual
Revenues:	\$	11,787	\$	41,196	\$	29,409	\$	16,546
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous		11,/6/	<u> </u>	41,190	Ф	29,409	—	197,994
Total revenues		11,787		41,196		29,409		214,540
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety		11,787		11,624		163	_	19,070
Total expenditures		11,787		11,624		163	_	19,070
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures				29,572		29,572		195,470
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers in		10 405		10 405				
		18,405		18,405				
Total other financing sources (uses)		18,405		18,405				
Net change in fund balances		18,405		47,977		29,572		195,470
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of fiscal year		(48,373)		(48,373)			_	(243,843)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of fiscal year	\$	(29,968)	\$	(396)	\$	29,572	\$	(48,373)

Abandoned Vehicle Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Final Budget	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		Fis	Prior scal Year Actual
Revenues:	\$	176,500	\$	13,095	\$	(163,405)	\$	32,964
Intergovernmental Investment income		170,300		13,093	.	(103,403)	D	47
Total revenues		176,500		13,095		(163,405)		33,011
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety		129,500		2,680		126,820		19,071
Total expenditures		129,500		2,680		126,820		19,071
Excess of revenues over expenditures		47,000		10,415		(36,585)		13,940
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of fiscal year		15,138		15,138				1,198
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	62,138	\$	25,553	\$	(36,585)	\$	15,138

Unclaimed Property Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget		Actual		Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)	Fisc	Prior cal Year Actual
Revenues:								
Investment income	\$		\$	3,219	\$	3,219	\$	
Total revenues				3,219		3,219		
Expenditures: Current: Public safety								
Total expenditures								
Excess of revenues over expenditures				3,219		3,219		
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year		1,822		1,822				1,822
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	1,822	\$	5,041	\$	3,219	\$	1,822

Measure A Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Prior Fiscal Year Actual
Revenues:				
Taxes	\$ 1,515,000	\$ 1,603,628	\$ 88,628	\$ 1,541,398
Investment income	5,000	5,300	300	8,260
Miscellaneous	3,270,295	86,809	(3,183,486)	395,684
Total revenues	4,790,295	1,695,737	(3,094,558)	1,945,342
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public works	4,797,504	464,274	4,333,230	1,021,070
Debt service:				
Principal	491,167	493,403	(2,236)	467,231
Interest and other charges	182,215	179,979	2,236	206,151
Total expenditures	5,470,886	1,137,656	4,333,230	1,694,452
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)	((00.501)	550 001	1 220 772	250,000
expenditures	(680,591)	558,081	1,238,672	250,890
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers out				(31,462)
Total other financing sources (uses)				(31,462)
Net change in fund balance	(680,591)	558,081	1,238,672	219,428
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year	1,183,206	1,183,206		963,778
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$ 502,615	\$ 1,741,287	\$ 1,238,672	\$ 1,183,206

Article 3 Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		Prior Fiscal Year Actual	
Revenues:	A	0.4.000	•	0.4.000	Φ.		•	100.000
Intergovernmental Investment income	\$	84,000	\$	84,000 178	\$	178	\$	188,800
Total revenues		84,000		84,178		178		188,800
Expenditures: Current:	٠							
General government		84,000				84,000		203,848
Total expenditures		84,000				84,000		203,848
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures				84,178		84,178		(15,048)
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers in								31,462
Total other financing sources (uses)								16,414
Net change in fund balance				84,178		84,178		16,414
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of fiscal year								(16,414)
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	_	\$	84,178	\$	84,178	\$	

NPDES Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget		Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)	Prior Fiscal Year Actual	
Revenues:							
Investment income	\$		\$ 	\$		\$	
Total revenues							
Expenditures:							
Current: Public works		115,000	 95,108		19,892		90,253
Total expenditures		115,000	95,108		19,892		90,253
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over (under) expenditures		(115,000)	 (95,108)		19,892		(90,253)
Other financing sources:							
Interfund transfers in		115,000	115,000				90,201
Total other financing							
sources		115,000	115,000				90,201
Net change in fund balance			19,892		19,892		(52)
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year			 				52
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$		\$ 19,892	\$	19,892	\$	

Air Quality (AB2766) Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final		Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive		Prior scal Year	
	 Budget	 Actual		legative)	Actual		
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment income	\$ 95,000	\$ 74,625 793	\$	(20,375) 793	\$	94,171 1,206	
Total revenues	95,000	75,418		(19,582)		95,377	
Expenditures: Current:							
Public works	137,000	 60,508		76,492		65,514	
Total expenditures	 137,000	 60,508		76,492		65,514	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(42,000)	14,910		56,910		29,863	
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers in		 				14,575	
Total other financing sources (uses)						14,575	
Net change in fund balance	(42,000)	14,910		56,910		44,438	
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year	 164,312	 164,312				119,874	
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$ 122,312	\$ 179,222	\$	56,910	\$	164,312	

Department of Conservation Recycle Grant Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Prior Fiscal Year Actual
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental Investment income	\$ -	\$ 22,357	\$ 22,357	\$ 22,171 409
Total revenues		22,357	22,357	22,580
Expenditures: Current:				
General government	48,593	60,009	(11,416)	38,667
Total expenditures	48,593	60,009	(11,416)	38,667
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(48,593)	(37,652)	10,941	(16,087)
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year	35,418	35,418		51,505
Fund balance (deficit) at end of fiscal year	\$ (13,175)	\$ (2,234)	\$ 10,941	\$ 35,418

Lighting and Landscape Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget cositive egative)	F	Prior iscal Year Actual
Revenues:						
Special assessments	\$ 1,075,574	\$ 1,095,576	\$	20,002	\$	1,238,929
Investment income		18,050		18,050		36,437
Miscellaneous	 	 17,334		17,334		11,641
Total revenues	 1,075,574	 1,130,960		55,386		1,287,007
Expenditures: Current:						
Public works	 1,194,411	1,276,302		(81,891)		1,234,445
Total expenditures	 1,194,411	 1,276,302		(81,891)		1,234,445
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over (under)						
expenditures	 (118,837)	 (145,342)		(26,505)		52,562
Other financing sources (uses):						
Interfund transfers in	318,322	 318,322				
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	318,322	318,322				
Net change in fund balance	199,485	172,980		(26,505)		52,562
-	ŕ			, ,		ŕ
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year	 3,518,702	 3,518,702				3,466,140
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$ 3,718,187	\$ 3,691,682	\$	(26,505)	\$	3,518,702

Asset Forfeiture Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget	Actual		Fin I	iance with al Budget Positive Jegative)	Prior Fiscal Year Actual		
Revenues:								
Fines Investment income	\$ 27,000	\$	4,726 146	\$	(22,274) 146	\$	28,218 1,445	
Total revenues	 27,000		4,872		(22,128)		29,663	
Expenditures: Current:								
Public safety	 70,000		56,600		13,400		123,151	
Total expenditures	 70,000		56,600		13,400		123,151	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	(43,000)		(51,728)		(8,728)		(93,488)	
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year	 46,471		46,471				139,959	
Fund balance (deficit) at end of fiscal year	\$ 3,471	\$	(5,257)	\$	(8,728)	\$	46,471	

Community Development Block Grant Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	 Final Budget Actual				riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	Fi	Prior scal Year Actual
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	 908,028	\$	812,734	\$	(95,294)	\$	829,484
Total revenues	 908,028		812,734		(95,294)		829,484
Expenditures: Current:							
Community development	903,279		522,831		380,448		1,252,688
Total expenditures	 903,279		522,831		380,448		1,252,688
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	4,749		289,903		285,154		(423,204)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of fiscal year	 (689,364)		(689,364)				(266,160)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of fiscal year	\$ (684,615)	\$	(399,461)	\$	285,154	\$	(689,364)

HBRRP Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

				ariance with	
			F	inal Budget	Prior
	Final			Positive	Fiscal Year
	Budget	Actual		(Negative)	Actual
	_	 			
Revenues:					
Intergovernmental	\$ 6,181,011	\$ 205,820	\$	(5,975,191)	\$ 1,890,310
Total revenues	 6,181,011	 205,820		(5,975,191)	1,890,310
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Public works	 6,180,978	 3,737		6,177,241	1,975,977
Total expenditures	 6,180,978	 3,737		6,177,241	1,975,977
Excess (deficiency) of					
revenues over (under) expenditures	33	202,083		202,050	(85,667)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of fiscal year	 (202,083)	 (202,083)			(116,416)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of fiscal year	\$ (202,050)	\$ _	\$	202,050	\$ (202,083)

Indian Gaming SB 621 Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget Actual				Fin P	iance with al Budget Positive legative)	Prior scal Year Actual
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental Investment income	\$	279,122	\$	279,122 1,709	\$	1,709	\$ 199
Total revenues		279,122		280,831		1,709	 199
Expenditures: Current:							
Public safety		324,122		259,776		64,346	 94,291
Total expenditures		324,122		259,776		64,346	 94,291
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)							
expenditures		(45,000)		21,055		66,055	(94,092)
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year		98,175		98,175			 192,267
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	53,175	\$	119,230	\$	66,055	\$ 98,175

Waste Recycling AB939 Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Final Budget	Actual		Fina Po	nnce with I Budget ositive egative)		Prior scal Year Actual
Revenues:	Ф	12 000	Ф	12 401	¢.	401	Ф	
Intergovernmental Investment income	\$	12,000	\$	12,481 2,527	\$	481 2,527	\$	- 4,764
Miscellaneous		225,000		222,950		(2,050)		283,203
Total revenues		237,000		237,958		958		287,967
Expenditures: Current:								
General government		221,960		183,458		38,502		146,315
Total expenditures		221,960		183,458		38,502		146,315
Excess of revenues over expenditures		15,040		54,500		39,460		141,652
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers out		(66,171)		(66,171)				
Total other financing sources (uses)		(66,171)		(66,171)				
Net change in fund balance		(51,131)		(11,671)		39,460		141,652
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year		573,641		573,641				431,989
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	522,510	\$	561,970	\$	39,460	\$	573,641

Community Facilities District Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Final Budget		Actual	Fin:	iance with al Budget Positive (egative)	Prior Fiscal Year Actual		
Revenues:	•		•	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•		•	2 (27 020	
Special assessments Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	2,632,388	\$	2,696,166 1,573	\$	63,778 1,573	\$	2,627,030 914 8,200	
Total revenues		2,632,388		2,697,739		65,351		2,636,144	
Expenditures: Current:									
Public safety		67,100		58,604		8,496		67,265	
Total expenditures		67,100		58,604		8,496		67,265	
Excess of revenues over expenditures		2,565,288		2,639,135		73,847		2,568,879	
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers out		(2,603,988)		(2,627,750)		(23,762)		(2,587,429)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		(2,603,988)		(2,627,750)		(23,762)		(2,587,429)	
Net change in fund balance		(38,700)		11,385		50,085		(18,550)	
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year		75,580		75,580				94,130	
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	36,880	\$	86,965	\$	50,085	\$	75,580	

Cal GRIP Special Revenue Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Final Budget	 Actual	Fin F	iance with al Budget Positive (legative)	Prior cal Year Actual
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	73,423	\$ 66,797	\$	(6,626)	\$ 178,326
Investment income		73,423	 32	—	32	 176,320
Total revenues		73,423	 66,829		(6,594)	 178,326
Expenditures: Current:						
Community development		71,058	 66,290		4,768	 143,231
Total expenditures		71,058	 66,290		4,768	 143,231
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		2,365	 539		(1,826)	 35,095
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers out			(27,139)		(27,139)	
Total other financing sources (uses)			 (27,139)		(27,139)	
Net change in fund balance		2,365	(26,600)		(28,965)	35,095
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of fiscal year		26,600	 26,600			 (8,495)
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	28,965	\$ 	\$	(28,965)	\$ 26,600

COPS Hiring Recovery Grant Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	Prior Fiscal Year Actual
Revenues:				
Intergovernmental	\$ 627,994	\$ 453,670	\$ (174,324)	\$ 627,272
Total revenues	627,994	453,670	(174,324)	627,272
Expenditures: Current:				
Public safety	445,185	428,632	16,553	629,329
Total expenditures	445,185	428,632	16,553	629,329
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)				
expenditures	182,809	25,038	(157,771)	(2,057)
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year	16,702	16,702		18,759
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$ 199,511	\$ 41,740	\$ (157,771)	\$ 16,702

Neighborhood Stabilization Grant 1 Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		Prior scal Year Actual
Revenues:							
Intergovernmental	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 62,780
Investment income Miscellaneous				92		92	27,339
Total revenues				92		92	90,119
Expenditures:							
Current:							276
Community development			-				 276
Total expenditures							276
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over (under) expenditures				92		92	89,843
capenatures)2)2	07,043
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of fiscal year		19,599		19,599	-		(70,244)
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	19,599	\$	19,691	\$	92	\$ 19,599

Neighborhood Stabilization Grant 2 Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

					V	ariance with		
					F	inal Budget		Prior
		Final				Positive	F	iscal Year
		Budget		Actual		(Negative)		Actual
		<u> </u>				<u> </u>		
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	1,912,000	\$	351,526	\$	(1,560,474)	\$	1,099,234
Investment income		3,390,000		1,990,358		(1,399,642)		3,504,734
Total revenues		5,302,000		2,341,884		(2,960,116)		4,603,968
						<u> </u>		
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Community development		5,255,121		2,318,876		2,936,245		2,694,678
Total expenditures		5,255,121		2,318,876		2,936,245		2,694,678
1								
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over (under)								
expenditures		46,879		23,008		(23,871)		1,909,290
expenditures		40,077		23,000		(23,071)		1,,000,200
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of fiscal year		1,314,587		1,314,587				(594,703)
rund varance (denon) at beginning of fiscal year		1,314,367		1,314,367				(334,703)
Fund belongs at and of figural year	Ф	1 261 466	¢	1 227 505	Ф	(22.971)	Φ	1 21/ 507
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	1,361,466	\$	1,337,595	\$	(23,871)	\$	1,314,587

Neighborhood Stabilization Grant 3 Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

				riance with		
			Fi	nal Budget		Prior
	Final			Positive	Fi	iscal Year
	Budget	Actual	(Negative)		Actual	
		'		<u> </u>		
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$ 478,578	\$ 151,471	\$	(327,107)	\$	681,523
Investment income	 525,000	339,594		(185,406)		342,562
m . 1	1 000 550	101.065		(710 710)		
Total revenues	 1,003,578	 491,065		(512,513)		1,024,085
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Community development	 929,878	573,975		355,903		752,121
T . 1	000.000			222002		
Total expenditures	 929,878	 573,975		355,903		752,121
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over (under)						
expenditures	73,700	(82,910)		(156,610)		271,964
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of fiscal year	254,334	254,334				(17,630)
Current (uchen) we defining of fibert your	 ,	 				(17,000)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of fiscal year	\$ 328,034	 171,424		(156,610)		254,334

Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget		A	Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		Prior cal Year Actual
Revenues:	A		Φ.		Φ.		•	(= 0 0 (
Intergovernmental Investment income	\$		\$	5	\$	5	\$	67,236
Total revenues				5		5		67,268
Expenditures: Current:								
Community development								67,236
Total expenditures								67,236
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures				5_		5_		32
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers out				(983)		(983)		
Total other financing sources (uses)				(983)		(983)		
Net change in fund balance				(978)		(978)		32
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year		978		978				946
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	978	\$	-	\$	(978)	\$	978

Public Education Government Channel Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

]	Final Budget	 Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)	Prior scal Year Actual
Revenues: Intergovernmental Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	170,000	\$ 186,334	\$	16,334	\$ 2,293 177,725
Total revenues		170,000	 186,334		16,334	180,018
Expenditures: Current: Community development		200,000	9,854		190,146	11,883
Total expenditures		200,000	 9,854		190,146	 11,883
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures		(30,000)	176,480		206,480	168,135
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year		413,968	 413,968			 245,833
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	383,968	\$ 590,448	\$	206,480	\$ 413,968

SMART Policing Grant Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget		Actual		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		Prior scal Year Actual
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	96,187	\$	110,085	\$	13,898	\$ 12,182
Investment income							 43
Total revenues		96,187		110,085		13,898	12,225
Expenditures: Current:							
Public safety		96,187		98,759		(2,572)	 23,526
Total expenditures		96,187		98,759		(2,572)	 23,526
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over (under) expenditures				11,326		11,326	 (11,301)
Other financing sources (uses): Interfund transfers in		16,825		15,294		(1,531)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		16,825		15,294		(1,531)	
Net change in fund balance		16,825		26,620		9,795	(11,301)
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of fiscal year		(26,620)		(26,620)			 (15,319)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of fiscal year	\$	(9,795)	\$		\$	9,795	\$ (26,620)

Emergency, Abandoned and Recalcitrant Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

					Var	iance with		
					Fin	al Budget		Prior
		Final]	Positive	Fis	cal Year
	I	Budget	Actual		(Negative)		Actual	
Revenues:								
Intergovernmental	\$	28,000	\$	10,072	\$	(17,928)	\$	51,648
Investment income				9		9		83
Total revenues		28,000		10,081		(17,919)		51,731
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public safety		28,000		10,073		17,927		51,648
Total expenditures		28,000		10,073		17,927		51,648
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over (under)				0				0.2
expenditures				8		8		83
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year		128		128				45
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$	128	\$	136	\$	8	\$	128

Congestion Management Air Quality Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget			Actual	Fin I	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		Prior scal Year Actual
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	332,000	\$	280,525	\$	(51,475)	\$	325,155
Investment income				_		_		45
Total revenues		332,000		280,525		(51,475)		325,200
Expenditures:								
Current:								
Public works		332,000		295,289		36,711		264,301
Total expenditures		332,000		295,289		36,711		264,301
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over (under)								
expenditures				(14,764)		(14,764)		60,899
Other financing sources (uses):								
Interfund transfers in								25,223
Total other financing								
sources (uses)								25,223
Net change in fund balance				(14,764)		(14,764)		86,122
Fund balance (deficit) at beginning of fiscal year			_					(86,122)
Fund balance (deficit) at end of fiscal year	\$		\$	(14,764)	\$	(14,764)	\$	

Donations Special Revenue Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget	 Actual	Fin: P	iance with al Budget Positive (egative)	Fisc	Prior cal Year actual
Revenues:						
Investment income	\$ -	\$ -	\$	-	\$	49
Miscellaneous	18,000	 30,196		12,196		5,780
Total revenues	 18,000	 30,196		12,196		5,829
Expenditures:						
Current:	10.000	40.740		(7.40)		
General government	 18,000	 18,549		(549)		2,757
Total expenditures	 18,000	18,549		(549)		2,757
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures		11,647		11,647		3,072
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year	5,378	5,378				2,306
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$ 5,378	\$ 17,025	\$	11,647	\$	5,378

DEBT SERVICE FUND

Debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal, interest and other related costs associated with general long-term debt of the City. Funds included are:

<u>General Debt Service Fund</u> – To accumulate funds for the payment of principal, interest and other related costs associated with long-term debt of the City.

General Debt Service Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)	Prior Fisc Year Act	
Revenues:						
Investment income	\$ -	\$ 408	\$	408	\$ 2	250
Total revenues		 408		408		250
Expenditures: Debt service:						
Principal Principal	340,875	345,450		(4,575)	369,	773
Interest and other charges Debt issuance costs	2,206,913	 2,198,140		8,773	2,131,4 381,2	401
Total expenditures	2,547,788	 2,543,590		4,198	2,882,	388
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)						
expenditures	(2,547,788)	 (2,543,182)		4,606	(2,882,	138)
Other financing sources (uses): Payment to bond escrow agent Interfund transfers in Issuance of debt	2,547,788	2,941,421		393,633	(21,335,0 2,184, 24,500,0	199
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,547,788	 2,941,421		393,633	5,349,	199
Net change in fund balance		398,239		398,239	2,467,0	061
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year	2,467,175	2,467,175				114
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$ 2,467,175	\$ 2,865,414	\$	398,239	\$ 2,467,	175

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

Capital projects funds are used to account for the acquisition or construction of major capital items not financed by proprietary funds. Funds included are:

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> – This fund is used to account for capital projects of the City with resources from bond financing, government grants, and investment income.

<u>Assessment District Funds</u> – To account for the revenues and expenditures associated with construction in various Assessment Districts established by the City of Indio.

Capital Projects Fund

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and

Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Variance with	
	Fi1		Final Budget	Prior
	Final Budget	Actual	Positive (Negative)	Fiscal Year Actual
D	Duager	7 ictual	(regative)	Hettai
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 10,875,961	\$ 4,175,358	\$ (6,700,603)	\$ 4,019,362
Investment income	\$ 10,075,701	329,010	329,010	106,146
Developer fees	1,442,000	4,901,203	3,459,203	5,559,270
Total revenues	12,317,961	9,405,571	(2,912,390)	9,684,778
Expenditures:				
Current:				
Public works	15,837,605	5,625,342	10,212,263	7,881,393
Debt service: Principal	289,457	279,087	10,370	279,087
Interest and other charges	209,437	6,363	(6,363)	9,620
-				
Total expenditures	16,127,062	5,910,792	10,216,270	8,170,100
Excess (deficiency) of				
revenues over (under)				
expenditures	(3,809,101)	3,494,779	7,303,880	1,514,678
Other financing sources (uses):				
Interfund transfers in		24,600	24,600	
Interfund transfers out	(614,000)	(8,423,487)	(7,809,487)	(1,373,470)
Total other financing				
sources (uses)	(614,000)	(8,398,887)	(7,784,887)	(1,373,470)
Net change in fund balance	(4,423,101)	(4,904,108)	(481,007)	141,208
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year	7,172,126	7,172,126		7,030,918
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$ 2,749,025	\$ 2,268,018	\$ (481,007)	\$ 7,172,126

Assessment District Capital Projects Fund Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Final Budget	Actual	Fina P	ance with al Budget ositive egative)	F	Prior Fiscal Year Actual
Revenues:						
Investment income	\$ -	\$ 2,931	\$	2,931	\$	3,950
Miscellaneous	25,269	25,269				
Total revenues	25,269	28,200		2,931		3,950
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Public works	102,770	102,770				1,199,292
Total expenditures	102,770	102,770				1,199,292
Excess (deficiency) of						
revenues over (under)						
expenditures	(77,501)	(74,570)		2,931		(1,195,342)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Interfund transfers in						1
Interfund transfers out	(25,267)	(25,267)				
Total other financing						
sources (uses)		 (25,267)				1
Net change in fund balance	(77,501)	(99,837)		2,931		(1,195,341)
Fund balance at beginning of fiscal year	1,539,560	1,539,560				2,734,901
Fund balance at end of fiscal year	\$ 1,462,059	\$ 1,439,723	\$	2,931	\$	1,539,560

NON-MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

The enterprise funds are used to account for services for which the City charges customers. Funds included are:

<u>Golf</u> – To account for the operations and maintenance of the City's municipal golf course.

<u>Solid Waste</u> – To account for the operations and maintenance of the City's program to recover waste from the waste stream that the City's contract hauler does not handle. The City has entered into a Transfer Station Joint Powers Agreement with the City of Coachella to facilitate this program.

Non-major Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2013

		Solid	Totals						
	 Golf	Waste		2014		2013			
Assets:									
Current assets:									
Cash and investments	\$ 1,800	\$ 218	\$	2,018	\$	303,166			
Accounts receivable	1,400			1,400		27			
Interest receivable		245		245		244			
Inventory	27,145			27,145		29,190			
Total current assets	 30,345	463		30,808		332,627			
Noncurrent assets:									
Capital assets:									
Land	465,959			465,959		465,959			
Structures and improvements	360,349			360,349		360,349			
Machinery and equipment	50,076			50,076		50,076			
Less accumulated depreciation	 (124,571)	 		(124,571)		(114,354)			
Total capital assets (net of									
accumulated depreciation)	 751,813			751,813		762,030			
Total assets	 782,158	 463		782,621		1,094,657			
Liabilities:									
Current liabilities:									
Accounts payable	42,126			42,126		10,926			
Accrued liabilities	7,992			7,992		9,649			
Due to other funds	 598,813	 		598,813		385,654			
Total liabilities	648,931			648,931		406,229			
Net position:									
Net investment in capital assets	751,813			751,813		762,030			
Unrestricted	 (618,586)	463		(618,123)		(73,602)			
Total net position	\$ 133,227	\$ 463	\$	133,690	\$	688,428			

Non-major Enterprise Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

			Solid		Totals			
		Golf		Waste		2014		2013
Operating revenues:								
Charges for services	\$	688,908	\$		\$	688,908	\$	686,665
Total operating revenues		688,908				688,908		686,665
Operating expenses:								
Personnel services		133,932				133,932		171,052
Contractual services		316,017				316,017		303,357
Depreciation		10,217				10,217		10,890
Repairs and maintenance		158,609				158,609		2,403
Materials and supplies		323,724				323,724		363,284
Total operating expenses		942,499				942,499		850,986
Operating income (loss)		(253,591)				(253,591)		(164,321)
Nonoperating revenues:								
Investment income				1,850		1,850		5,088
Total nonoperating revenues				1,850		1,850		5,088
Income (loss) before transfers		(253,591)		1,850		(251,741)		(159,233)
Interfund transfers out				(302,997)		(302,997)		
Change in net position		(253,591)		(301,147)		(554,738)		(159,233)
Net position at beginning of fiscal year		386,818		301,610		688,428		847,661
Net position at end of fiscal year	\$	133,227	\$	463	\$	133,690	\$	688,428

Non-major Enterprise Funds Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

		Solid		Totals			
	 Golf	Waste		2014		2013	
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services Cash payments to employee for services	\$ 689,580 (768,807) (133,932)	\$ -	\$	689,580 (768,807) (133,932)	\$	684,218 (669,031) (171,052)	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	 (213,159)	 		(213,159)		(155,865)	
Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities: Cash received (paid) to/from other funds Due to/from other funds	 213,159	 (302,997)		(302,997) 213,159		154,362	
Net cash provided by non-capital and related financing activities	 213,159	 (302,997)		(89,838)		154,362	
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on investments		1,849		1,849		5,372	
Net cash provided by investing activities	 _	 1,849		1,849		5,372	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(301,148)		(301,148)		3,869	
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of fiscal year	 1,800	301,366		303,166		299,297	
Cash and cash equivalents at end of fiscal year	\$ 1,800	\$ 218	\$	2,018	\$	303,166	
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided (used) by	\$ (253,591)	\$ -	\$	(253,591)	\$	(164,321)	
operating activities: Depreciation (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable (Increase) decrease in inventory Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	10,217 (1,373) 2,045 29,543			10,217 (1,373) 2,045 29,543		10,890 (13) (2,434) 13	
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$ (213,159)	\$ -	\$	(213,159)	\$	(155,865)	

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The internal service funds are used to account for goods and services provided by one City department to other City departments on a cost reimbursement basis. Funds included are:

<u>Risk Management</u> – This fund is used to account for activities involved in providing general liability and worker's compensation programs, property insurance, and retiree health benefits.

<u>Information Technology</u> – This fund encompasses the City's computer technology and telecommunications systems. It provides for future technology needs and assistance and provides technical training to employees to ensure equipment and software are used in the most efficient manner.

<u>Vehicle Replacement</u> – This fund accounts for activities involved in providing replacement of fully depreciated, damaged, or non-operational rolling stock.

<u>Building and Grounds</u> – This fund accounts for maintenance costs associated with City buildings and their grounds.

<u>Fleet Maintenance</u> – This fund accounts for the maintenance and repair of the City's vehicles, motorcycles, and heavy equipment rolling stock.

<u>Centralized Services</u> – This fund accounts for the costs associated with services that can be applied to all City departments.

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Net Position June 30, 2014

With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2013

	Risk Management		Information Technology		Vehicle Replacement		uildings and Grounds
Assets: Current assets: Cash and investments	\$	5,417,173	\$	180,928	\$	1,163,236	\$ - 227,134
Deposit with other agencies Accounts receivable Prepaid items		582,389 84,722		2,149			300
Total current assets Noncurrent assets: Capital assets:		6,084,284		183,077		1,163,236	 227,434
Machinery and equipment Vehicles Less accumulated depreciation				7,015,409 (5,310,172)		8,858,078 (7,731,459)	863,436
Total capital assets (net of							 962.426
accumulated depreciation) Total assets		6,084,284		1,705,237 1,888,314		1,126,619 2,289,855	863,436 1,090,870
Liabilities: Current liabilities:							
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds Capital lease payable Noncurrent liabilities:		25,327 5,838		64,753 22,651		127,305	194,620 11,502 524,247 73,705
Capital lease payable Claims payable		4,474,337					789,731
Total liabilities		4,505,502		87,404		127,305	 1,593,805
Net position (deficit): Net investment in capital assets				1,705,237		1,126,619	
Unrestricted		1,578,782		95,673		1,035,931	 (502,935)
Total net position (deficit)	\$	1,578,782	\$	1,800,910	\$	2,162,550	\$ (502,935)

	Fleet	Ce	ntralized	Totals			
Ma	Maintenance		ervices		2014		2013
\$	28,388	\$	29,209	\$	6,818,934	\$	8,428,319
					809,523		51,534
	300		182		87,653		5,822
							1,079
	28,688		29,391		7,716,110		8,486,754
					7,878,845		6,744,029
					8,858,078		9,978,892
					(13,041,631)		(12,953,522)
					3,695,292		3,769,399
	28,688		29,391		11,411,402		12,256,153
	90,281		20,744		523,030		221,308
	24,799		•		64,790		66,098
					524,247		260,036
					73,705		
					789,731		
					4,474,337		6,905,093
	115,080		20,744		6,449,840		7,452,535
		-					
					2,831,856		3,769,399
	(86,392)		8,647		2,129,706		1,034,219
\$	(86,392)	\$	8,647	\$	4,961,562	\$	4,803,618

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	M	Risk anagement	Information Technology		Vehicle Replacement			ildings and Grounds
Operating revenues:	Φ	5 452 592	Ф	1.060.212	Φ.		Ф	1 407 000
Charges for services Other income	\$	5,452,583	\$	1,060,312 248,465	\$	-	\$	1,486,009
Other income		1,171,308		248,403				8,393
Total operating revenues		6,623,891		1,308,777				1,494,402
Operating expenses:								
Personnel services		4,557,442		428,176				232,423
Contractual services				179,450				100,735
Depreciation				383,076		436,008		
Repairs and maintenance				147,407				417,348
Materials and supplies		4,033		341,157		719,339		864,526
Claims and judgments		15,075						
Total operating expenses		4,576,550		1,479,266		1,155,347		1,615,032
Operating income (loss)		2,047,341		(170,489)		(1,155,347)		(120,630)
Nonoperating revenues:								
Investment income								46
Total nonoperating revenues								46
Income (loss) before transfers and								
capital contributions		2,047,341		(170,489)		(1,155,347)		(120,584)
Transfers in						7,000		
Transfers out		(150,000)				,,000		(52,606)
Cash contributions						202,195		
Change in net position		1,897,341		(170,489)		(946,152)		(173,190)
Net position (deficit) at beginning of fiscal year		(318,559)		1,971,399		3,108,702		(329,745)
Net position (deficit) at end of fiscal year	\$	1,578,782	\$	1,800,910	\$	2,162,550	\$	(502,935)

	Fleet	Centralized		Totals					
M	aintenance		Services		2014	2013			
\$	1,706,552 3,362	\$	76,835 1,818	\$	9,782,291 1,433,346	\$	9,976,956 172,784		
	1,709,914		78,653		11,215,637		10,149,740		
	484,057 136,484		228,969		5,702,098 645,638 819,084		5,498,073 589,831 1,055,221		
	14,141 1,281,206		93,276		578,896 3,303,537 15,075		552,405 2,530,745 773,368		
	1,915,888		322,245		11,064,328		10,999,643		
	(205,974)		(243,592)		151,309		(849,903)		
					46		37,574		
					46		37,574		
	(205,974)		(243,592)		151,355 7,000		(812,329) 980,000		
					(202,606) 202,195		233,000		
	(205,974)		(243,592)		157,944		400,671		
	119,582		252,239		4,803,618		4,402,947		
\$	(86,392)	\$	8,647	\$	4,961,562	\$	4,803,618		

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Risk	Information	Vehicle
	Management	Technology	Replacement
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from user departments Cash payments to suppliers of goods and services Cash payments to employees for services	\$ 6,013,535 (2,434,366) (4,568,359)	\$ 1,306,657 (641,955) (423,060)	\$ - (592,034)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	(989,190)	241,642	(592,034)
Cash flows from non-capital and related financing activities: Cash received (paid) to/from other funds Due to/from other funds	(150,000)		7,000
Net cash provided by (used for) non-capital and related financing activities	(150,000)		7,000
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Cash contributions Cash received from disposal of capital assets Issuance of new debt, net Acquisition of capital assets		(271,380)	202,195 719,339 (329,500)
Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities		(271,380)	592,034
Cash flows from investing activities: Interest received on investments			
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(1,139,190)	(29,738)	7,000
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of fiscal year	6,556,363	210,666	1,156,236
Cash and cash equivalents at end of fiscal year	\$ 5,417,173	\$ 180,928	\$ 1,163,236

Buildings and	Fleet	Centralized	Totals				
Grounds	Maintenance	Services	2014	2013			
\$ 1,267,142 (1,247,250) (231,543)	\$ 1,709,788 (1,442,629) (480,444)	\$ 78,695 (312,867)	\$ 10,375,817 (6,671,101) (5,703,406)	\$ 10,158,868 (3,682,547) (5,490,088)			
(211,651)	(213,285)	(234,172)	(1,998,690)	986,233			
(52,606) 264,211			(195,606) 264,211	980,000 (85,512)			
211,605			68,605	894,488			
			202,195 719,339	233,000			
863,436 (863,436)			863,436 (1,464,316)	(340,422)			
			320,654	(107,422)			
46			46	40,945			
46			46	40,945			
	(213,285)	(234,172)	(1,609,385)	1,814,244			
	241,673	263,381	8,428,319	6,614,075			
\$ -	\$ 28,388	\$ 29,209	\$ 6,818,934	\$ 8,428,319			
				(C1:1)			

(Continued)

Internal Service Funds

Combining Statement of Cash Flows

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014 With Comparative Totals for Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2013

(Continued)

	Ma	Risk anagement		formation echnology		Vehicle placement
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash						
provided (used) by operating activities:						
Operating income (loss)	\$	2,047,341	\$	(170,489)	\$ (1,155,347)
Adjustments to reconcile operating						
income (loss) to net cash provided by (used for)						
operating activities:						
Depreciation				383,076		436,008
(Increase) decrease in deposits with other agencies		(530,855)				
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(79,501)		(2,120)		
(Increase) decrease in prepaid items		(77,501)		(2,120)		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		15,498		26,059		127,305
Increase (decrease) in accrued liabilities		(10,917)		5,116		127,500
Increase (decrease) in claims and judgments payable		(2,430,756)		0,110		
3 2 1 3		<u> </u>				
Net cash provided by (used for)						
operating activities	\$	(989,190)	\$	241,642	\$	(592,034)
			,			

Bu	ildings and		Fleet	C	entralized	Tot	als	
(Grounds	M	aintenance		Services	2014		2013
\$	(120,630)	\$	(205,974)	\$	(243,592)	\$ 151,309	\$	(849,903)
						819,084		1,055,221
	(227,134)					(757,989)		102
	(126)		(126)		42	(81,831)		9,026
					1,079	1,079		(3)
	135,359		(10,798)		8,299	301,722		(9,461)
	880		3,613			(1,308)		7,985
						(2,430,756)		773,266
\$	(211,651)	\$	(213,285)	\$	(234,172)	\$ (1,998,690)	\$	986,233

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

Fiduciary fund are used to account for the receipt and disbursements of various taxes, deposits, deductions, and property collected by the City, acting in the capacity of an agent for distribution to other governmental units or other organizations. Fiduciary fund financial statements include a statement of net assets and statement of changes in net assets.

Trust Funds are used to account for assets held by the City as trustee for the Redevelopment Agency Successor Agency.

<u>RDA Low and Moderate Housing Successor Agency Fund</u> – To account for revenue and expenses incurred previously incurred in the Low and Moderate Fund.

<u>RDA Debt Service Successor Agency Fund</u> – To account for debt service payment previously paid in the Redevelopment Agency Debt Service Fund.

<u>RDA Successor Agency Fund</u> – To account for revenue and expenses incurred in the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency.

The Agency funds are used to account for assets held by the City as an agent for other governmental units.

<u>Eastern Riverside County Interoperable Communications Authority ("ERICA") Fund</u> – To account for the development, implementation, and operations of the regional communications system joint powers authority known as ERICA.

<u>Assessment District Funds</u> – To account for the City's fiduciary capacity as custodian of the monies held on behalf of the various Assessment District Bonds for debt service.

<u>East Valley Reclamation Authority ("EVRA") Fund</u> — To account for the planning, implementation, and operations of the recycled water program including the tertiary or enhanced treatment of water.

<u>Waste Transfer Station Fund</u> – To account for the City's fiduciary capacity as custodian of the monies held on the operation of transfer station.

CITY OF INDIO PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2014

	S	A Low/Mod fuccessor Agency Fund	A Debt Service Successor Agency Fund	RDA Successor Agency Fund	Totals
Assets:					
Cash and investments Cash and investments with fiscal agents Interest receivable Accounts receivable, net Notes receivable Land held for resale	\$	263,229 332,364 103 46,717	\$ 4,966,288	\$ 4,775,507 1,052,699 26,611 537,654 37,926,065	\$ 5,038,736 6,351,351 103 26,611 584,371 37,926,065
Total assets	\$	642,413	\$ 4,966,288	\$ 44,318,536	\$ 49,927,237
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Unearned revenue Retention payable Interest payable Deposits payable Advances from City of Indio Long-term debt, due within one year Long-term debt, due in more than one year	\$	-	\$ 2,915	\$ 45,754 17,267 75,000 295,489 1,441,655 110,000 5,496,151 2,065,000 69,440,000	\$ 48,669 17,267 75,000 295,489 1,441,655 110,000 5,496,151 2,065,000 69,440,000
Total liabilities			 2,915	 78,986,316	78,989,231
Net Position:					
Unrestricted Total net position (deficit)	\$	642,413 642,413	\$ 4,963,373 4,963,373	\$ (34,667,780) (34,667,780)	\$ (29,061,994) (29,061,994)



CITY OF INDIO PRIVATE-PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	S	A Low/Mod uccessor Agency Fund	Debt Service Successor Agency Fund	RDA Successor Agency Fund	Totals
Additions:					
Investment revenue	\$	1,271	\$ 738	\$ 23,435	\$ 25,444
Taxes and assessments				6,074,392	6,074,392
Charges for services		2.5.12		607,903	607,903
Other revenue		2,543	5 002 054	428,965	431,508
Interfund transfer in			 5,903,074	 2,696,960	 8,600,034
Total additions		3,814	5,903,812	 9,831,655	 15,739,281
Deductions:					
Community development		2,009	3,124	3,321,750	3,326,883
Interest expenses		ŕ	3,928,561		3,928,561
Interfund transfer out		31	1,975,000	 6,625,003	 8,600,034
Total deductions		2,040	5,906,685	 9,946,753	15,855,478
Change in net position		1,774	 (2,873)	 (115,098)	 (116,197)
Net Position (deficit) - July 1, 2013		640,639	4,966,246	(32,640,688)	(27,033,803)
Prior period adjustments		0.0,025	.,,, 00,= .0	(1,911,994)	(1,911,994)
Net Position (deficit) - July 1, 2013, restated		640,639	 4,966,246	(34,552,682)	 (28,945,797)
Net Position (deficit) - June 30, 2014	\$	642,413	\$ 4,963,373	\$ (34,667,780)	\$ (29,061,994)

Agency Funds

Combining Statement of Assets and Liabilities June 30, 2014

With Comparative Totals for June 30, 2013

	ERICA		essment istricts	Rec	st Valley lamation uthority	,	Waste Transfer Station
Assets:							
Cash and investments	\$ 339,015	\$10	,033,049	\$	4,914	\$	90,662
Cash and investments with fiscal agents		7	,247,549				
Accounts receivable			5,712		5,000		31,502
Due from other governments			113,140				
Interest receivable	137		3,249				86
Total assets	\$ 339,152	\$17	,402,699	\$	9,914	\$	122,250
Liabilities:							
Accounts payable	\$ 118,988	\$	9,518	\$	-	\$	122,250
Due to members	220,164				9,914		
Due to bondholders		17	,192,324				
Deposits payable	 		200,857				
Total liabilities	\$ 339,152	\$17	,402,699	\$	9,914	\$	122,250

То	tals	
2014		2013
\$ 10,467,640	\$	10,268,436
7,247,549		7,529,264
42,214		69,071
113,140		236,944
 3,472		3,555
\$ 17,874,015	\$	18,107,270
\$ 250,756	\$	277,861
230,078		153,991
17,192,324		17,521,586
 200,857		153,832
\$ 17,874,015	\$	18,107,270

Agency Funds

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

	Balance at June 30, 2013			dditions	Ι	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2014		
ERICA		_							
<u>Assets</u>									
Cash and investments	\$	238,339	\$	100,676	\$	-	\$	339,015	
Due from other governments		44,056				(44,056)			
Interest receivable		103		34				137	
Total assets	\$	282,498	\$	100,710	\$	(44,056)	\$	339,152	
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Accounts payable	\$	128,507	\$	34,537	\$	(44,056)	\$	118,988	
Due to members		153,991		66,173				220,164	
Total liabilities	\$	282,498	\$	100,710	\$	(44,056)	\$	339,152	
ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS Assets									
Cash and investments	\$	9,949,907	\$	83,142	\$	-	\$	10,033,049	
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		7,529,264				(281,715)		7,247,549	
Accounts receivable		5,000		712				5,712	
Due from other governments		192,888				(79,748)		113,140	
Interest receivable		3,355				(106)		3,249	
Total assets	\$	17,680,414	\$	83,854	\$	(361,569)	\$	17,402,699	
<u>Liabilities</u>									
Accounts payable	\$	4,996	\$	4,522	\$	-	\$	9,518	
Due to bondholders		17,521,586		32,307		(361,569)		17,192,324	
Deposits payable		153,832		47,025				200,857	
Total liabilities	\$	17,680,414	\$	83,854	\$	(361,569)	\$	17,402,699	
EAST VALLEY RECLAMATION AUTHORITY Assets									
Cash and investments	\$	-	\$	4,914	\$	-	\$	4,914	
Accounts receivable				5,000				5,000	
Total assets	\$		\$	9,914	\$		\$	9,914	
<u>Liabilities</u>									
	\$			9,914				9,914	
Total liabilities	\$		\$	9,914	\$		\$	9,914	

Agency Funds

Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2014

<u>WASTE</u> TRANSFER STATION	Balance at June 30, 2013		Δ	Additions	ī	Deletions	Balance at June 30, 2014		
Assets		inc 30, 2013	1	aditions		ocictions	30	1110 30, 2014	
Cash and investments	\$	80,190	\$	10,472	\$	_	\$	90,662	
Interest receivable	Ψ	97	Ψ	10,172	Ψ	(11)	Ψ	86	
Accounts receivable		64,071				(32,569)		31,502	
recounts receivable		01,071				(32,30))		31,302	
Total assets	\$	144,358	\$	10,472	\$	(32,580)	\$	122,250	
<u>Liabilities</u>									
	\$	144 250	\$	10 472	C	(22.590)	¢	122.250	
Accounts payable	<u> </u>	144,358	<u> </u>	10,472	\$	(32,580)	\$	122,250	
Total liabilities	\$	144,358	\$	10,472	\$	(32,580)	\$	122,250	
		5.1							
TOTAL CALL CONTOURS DANGE		Balance at		1.11.1		S. 1		Balance at	
TOTALS - ALL AGENCY FUNDS	Jı	ine 30, 2013	A	dditions		Deletions	Jü	ine 30, 2014	
Assets	Φ	10.260.426	Φ	100.204	Φ		Φ	10.467.640	
Cash and investments	\$	10,268,436	\$	199,204	\$	(201.71.5)	\$	10,467,640	
Cash and investments with fiscal agent		7,529,264		5 710		(281,715)		7,247,549	
Accounts receivable		69,071		5,712		(32,569)		42,214	
Due from other governments		236,944				(123,804)		113,140	
Interest receivable		3,555		34		(117)		3,472	
Total assets	\$	18,107,270	\$	204,950	\$	(438,205)	\$	17,874,015	
Y to better o									
<u>Liabilities</u>	Ф	277.061	Ф	40.521	Ф	(7.6.62.6)	Φ	250.756	
Accounts payable	\$	277,861	\$	49,531	\$	(76,636)	\$	250,756	
Due to bondholders		17,521,586		32,307		(361,569)		17,192,324	
Due to members		153,991		76,087				230,078	
Deposits payable		153,832		47,025				200,857	
Total liabilities	\$	18,107,270	\$	204,950	\$	(438,205)	\$	17,874,015	







STATISTICAL SECTION TABLE OF CONTENTS

FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2014

Page Financial Trends 162-166 These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. Revenue Capacity 167-170 These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's ability to generate revenues. Property taxes, sales tax, state motor vehicle in lieu tax, intergovernmental revenue and charges for services are the City's most significant revenue sources. **Debt Capacity** 171-175 These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Demographic and Economic Information 176-178 These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment with which the City's financial activities take place. 179-183 **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.

CITY OF INDIO

Net Position by Component
Last Ten Fiscal Years
(accrual basis of accounting)
(amounts expressed in thousands)

				Fisca	ıl Year				
2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
\$223,825	\$278,101	\$326,774	\$379,737	\$416,262	\$435,697	\$372,187	\$431,924	\$432,106	\$ 425,528
53,566	79,377	72,743	36,977	22,249	22,533	82,334	23,734	25,716	26,842
19,814	23,690	11,164	27,035	17,375	(10,396)	(11,553)	(8,635)	(5,199)	(4,019)
Total governmental activities net assets \$297,205	\$381,168	\$410,681	\$443,749	\$455,886	\$447,834	\$442,968	\$447,023	\$452,623	\$ 448,351
\$136,406	\$140,536	\$158,649	\$159,962	\$159,716	\$159,188	\$153,658	\$146,605	\$143,311	\$ 136,334
9,452	11,314	11,192	10,426	8,860	9,622	11,165	10,409	9,225	18,628
Total business-type activities net assets \$145,858	\$151,850	\$169,841	\$170,388	\$168,576	\$168,810	\$164,823	\$157,014	\$152,536	\$ 154,962
\$360,231	\$418,637	\$485,423	\$539,699	\$575,978	\$594,885	\$525,845	\$578,529	\$575,417	\$ 561,862
53,566	79,377	72,743	36,977	22,249	22,533	82,334	23,734	25,716	26,842
29,266	35,004	22,356	37,461	26,235	(774)	(388)	1,774	4,026	14,609
\$443,063	\$533,018	\$580,522	\$614,137	\$624,462	\$616,644	\$607,791	\$604,037	\$605,159	\$ 603,313
	\$223,825 53,566 19,814 \$297,205 9,452 \$145,858 \$360,231 53,566 29,266 \$443,063	\$278 \$278 23 \$381 \$140 \$151 \$151 \$418 \$418 \$5533	\$278,101 \$3 79,377 23,690 \$381,168 \$4 11,314 \$151,850 \$1 \$418,637 \$4 79,377 35,004 \$533,018 \$5	\$278,101 \$326,774 79,377 72,743 23,690 11,164 \$381,168 \$410,681 \$11,314 11,192 \$151,850 \$169,841 \$79,377 72,743 35,004 22,356 \$533,018 \$580,522	2006 2007 2008 200 \$278,101 \$326,774 \$379,737 \$416,793 79,377 72,743 36,977 22,23,690 \$11,164 27,035 17,22,143 \$381,168 \$410,681 \$443,749 \$455,455 \$11,314 11,192 10,426 8,5168,423 \$151,850 \$169,841 \$170,388 \$168,75,75,737 \$418,637 \$485,423 \$539,699 \$575,75,737 \$5,377 72,743 36,977 22,356 \$533,018 \$580,522 \$614,137 \$624,423	\$278,101 \$326,774 \$379,737 \$416,262 \$435 79,377 72,743 36,977 22,249 22 23,690 11,164 27,035 17,375 (10 \$11,314 11,192 10,426 \$159,716 \$159 11,314 11,192 10,426 \$159,716 \$159 11,314 11,192 10,426 \$159,716 \$159 19,377 72,743 36,977 22,249 22 35,004 22,356 37,461 26,235 \$33,018 \$580,522 \$614,137 \$624,462 \$616	\$278,101 \$326,774 \$379,737 \$416,262 \$435,697 \$372 \$79,377 \$7,743 \$36,977 \$22,249 \$22,533 \$82 \$23,690 \$11,164 \$27,035 \$17,375 \$10,396 \$(11) \$140,536 \$158,649 \$159,962 \$159,716 \$159,188 \$153 \$11,314 \$11,192 \$10,426 \$8,860 \$9,622 \$11 \$11,314 \$11,192 \$10,426 \$8,860 \$9,622 \$11 \$11,314 \$11,192 \$10,426 \$8,860 \$9,622 \$11 \$151,850 \$169,841 \$170,388 \$168,576 \$168,810 \$164 \$533,004 \$22,356 \$37,461 \$26,235 \$(774) \$35,004 \$22,356 \$814,137 \$624,462 \$616,644 \$607	\$278,101 \$326,774 \$379,737 \$416,262 \$435,697 \$372,187 72,743 36,977 22,249 22,533 82,334 23,690 11,164 27,035 17,375 (10,396) (11,553) \$140,536 \$158,649 \$159,962 \$159,716 \$159,188 \$153,658 11,162 10,426 8,860 9,622 11,165 \$151,850 \$169,841 \$170,388 \$168,576 \$168,810 \$164,823 \$353,004 22,356 37,461 26,235 (774) \$624,462 \$616,644 \$607,791	\$278,101 \$326,774 \$379,737 \$416,262 \$435,697 \$372,187 \$431,924 79,377 72,743 36,977 22,249 22,533 82,334 23,734 23,690 11,164 27,035 17,375 (10,396) (11,553) (8,635) (8,635) (11,314 11,192 10,426 8,860 9,622 11,165 10,409 (11,164 27,038 \$168,576 \$168,810 \$11,164 27,038 \$168,576 \$168,810 \$11,165 10,409 (11,543) \$169,841 \$110,344 \$110,388 \$168,576 \$168,810 \$110,4823 \$110,409 (11,164 27,038 \$168,576 \$168,810 \$110,4823 \$157,014 \$170,377 \$170,377 \$22,249 22,533 82,334 \$23,344 \$23,734 \$150,377 \$10,426 \$168,576 \$168,810 \$110,4823 \$110,409 \$150,841 \$170,388 \$168,576 \$168,810 \$110,4823 \$110,409 \$170,377 \$170,446 \$100

Source: City of Indio

CITY OF INDIO Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fisc	al Year				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Expenses:										
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 6,722	\$ 8,532	\$ 8,947	\$ 5,831	\$ 4,825	\$ 5,190	\$ 6,774	\$ 6,965	\$ 7,005	\$ 6,535
Public safety	17,660	22,793	33,986	41,487	35,625	35,810	37,665	41,502	32,930	47,339
Public works	16,952	17,074	25,051	16,203	16,286	13,224	14,689	16,441	22,946	16,019
Community development	7,639	10,255	6,890	8,068	6,747	18,221	19,779	15,226	8,653	8,710
Human services	3,731	1,776	1,888	3,682	2,832	3,040	2,974	2,821	2,693	2,665
Interest expense and other charges	4,108	3,268	4,624	7,460	8,366	8,303	10,450	3,318	6,235	3,013
Total governmental activities expenses	56,812	63,698	81,386	82,731	74,681	83,788	92,331	86,273	80,462	84,281
Business-type activities:										
Water	9,379	11,346	16,453	21,552	22,689	21,518	21,710	24,125	22,562	23,563
Golf	783	718	793	890	1,077	852	899	904	851	942
Solid Waste					186	147	83			
Total business-type activities										
expenses	10,162	12,064	17,246	22,442	23,952	22,517	22,692	25,029	23,413	24,505
Total primary government expenses	66,974	75,762	98,632	105,173	98,633	106,305	115,023	111,302	103,875	108,786
Program revenues:										
Governmental activities:										
Charges for services:										
General government	453	1,636	87	485	561	902	1,037	3,698	11,086	10,520
Public safety	1,692	2,628	3,434	2,515	2,297	4,343	7,017	5,917	2,489	2,316
Public works	1,712	2,679	3,587	3,178	3,891	2,405	2,005	3,255	1,115	1,828
Community development	7,777	10,140	5,592	3,172	3,112	1,360	3,120	5,118	1,312	2,560
Human services	599	5	1	1,005	619	1,530	2,317	785	3,056	3,869
Operating contributions and grants	6,272	4,660	12,863	14,797	18,633	8,316	8,443	7,098	21,959	14,847
Capital contributions and grants	32,662	83,871	32,490	41,437	14,035	19,062	13,617	6,347	9,689	8,841
Total governmental activities										
program revenues	51,167	105,619	58,054	66,589	43,148	37,918	37,556	32,218	50,706	44,781
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water	6,233	8,182	10,442	12,278	14,377	15,235	15,578	16,207	15,971	18,198
Golf	673	615	621	1,035	952	847	840	755	687	689
Solid Waste	-	-	-	-	153	100	229	-	-	-
Capital contributions and grants	2,756	8,482	21,689	6,347	4,016	5,340	1,906		1,768	2,480
Total business-type activities										
program revenues	9,662	17,279	32,752	19,660	19,498	21,522	18,553	16,962	18,426	21,367
Total primary government activities										
program revenues	60,829	122,898	90,806	86,249	62,646	59,440	56,109	49,180	69,132	66,148
Net revenues (expenses):										
Governmental activities	(5,645)	41,921	(23,332)		(31,533)	(45,870)	(54,775)	(54,055)	(29,756)	(39,500)
Business-type activities	(500)	5,215	15,506	(2,782)	(4,454)	(995)	(4,139)	(8,067)	(4,987)	(3,138)
Total primary government net expense	(6,145)	47,136	(7,826)	(18,924)	(35,987)	(46,865)	(58,914)	(62,122)	(34,743)	(42,638)

General revenues and other changes in net position:

CITY OF INDIO Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

					Fisc	al Year				
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Governmental activities:										
Taxes:										
Property taxes	11,908	20,012	25,309	23,918	23,844	18,819	19,944	16,120	13,373	13,000
Sales tax	8,879	9,514	9,803	8,548	7,021	6,111	6,999	7,667	8,377	9,349
Transient occupancy taxes	1,220	1,331	1,818	2,070	1,941	1,845	1,945	2,547	2,820	3,078
Other taxes	5,186	6,073	7,054	7,869	7,049	6,602	11,707	14,485	11,521	11,747
Investment income	1,768	2,957	5,777	3,161	1,641	662	554	328	73	64
Motor vehicle in lieu, unrestricted	387	433	416	375	307	269	419	-	43	36
Other general revenues	2,220	2,352	2,668	3,268	3,773	2,785	4,518	5,373	3,468	5,076
Transfers					19	142	170	206	(15)	(6,245)
Total governmental activities	31,568	42,672	52,845	49,209	45,595	37,235	46,256	46,726	39,660	36,105
Business-type activities:										
Investment income	19	31	2,216	3,029	2,197	889	146	65	91	70
Transfers	-	-	-	-	(19)	(142)	(170)	(206)	15	6,245
Other general revenues	2	15	268	300	465	481	303	399	403	
Total business-type activities	21	46	2,484	3,329	2,643	1,228	279	258	509	6,315
Total primary government	31,589	42,718	55,329	52,538	48,238	38,463	46,535	46,984	40,169	42,420
Changes in net position										
Governmental activities	25,923	84,593	29,513	33,067	14,062	(8,635)	(8,519)	(7,329)	9,904	(3,395)
Business-type activities	(479)	5,261	17,990	547	(1,811)	233	(3,860)	(7,809)	(4,478)	3,177
Total primary government	\$ 25,444	\$89,854	\$47,503	\$ 33,614	\$ 12,251	\$ (8,402)	<u>\$(12,379)</u>	\$(15,138)	\$ 5,426	\$ (218)

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General fund:										
Reserved	\$ 2,670	\$ 9,633	\$ 11,948	\$ 11,203	\$ 12,852	\$ 7,757	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	16,187	20,722	22,930	10,266	3,232	(3,956)				
Total general fund	\$ 18,857	\$ 30,355	\$ 34,878	\$ 21,469	\$ 16,084	\$ 3,801	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>
All other governmental funds:										
Reserved	\$ 52,484	\$ 74,693	\$104,226	\$133,137	\$112,380	\$ 98,812	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved:	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Special revenue funds	8,090	7,649	6,134	6,599	4,787	1,994	-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds	30,355	37,729	17,972	12,043	5,342	(1,241)	-	-	-	-
		-								·
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 90,929	\$120,071	\$ 128,332	\$ 151,779	\$ 122,509	\$ 99,565	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
General fund:										
Nonspendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,640	\$ 3,793	\$ 3,989	\$ 3,536
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	730	1,140
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	16	21	784	6,922
Unassigned	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>					(1,725)	783	4,266	4,490
Total general fund	\$ -	<u>\$</u>	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,931	\$ 4,597	\$ 9,769	\$ 16,088
All other governmental funds:										
Nonpendable	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,496
Restricted	-	-	-	-	-	-	92,801	24,153	26,334	19,182
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,315	2,294	1,296	985
Unassigned:	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,190)	(1,423)	665	(424)
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital projects funds										
Total all other governmental funds	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 92,926	\$ 25,024	\$ 28,295	\$ 25,239

In fiscal year 2010-2011, the City implemented GASB 54 which changes the reporting requirements for fund balances in the financial statements.

CITY OF INDIO Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 26,910	\$ 33,922	\$ 40,159	\$ 42,998	\$ 39,059	\$ 35,182	\$ 37,526	\$ 35,537	\$ 32,562	\$ 34,073
Special assessments	777	1,444	2,412	2,940	3,539	3,697	3,782	3,950	3,866	3,792
Licenses and permits	5,932	7,871	4,340	2,630	2,260	1,680	1,691	1,381	2,027	3,384
Intergovernmental	9,655	11,620	19,710	23,168	27,640	18,218	20,053	14,047	18,740	14,818
Charges for services	6,460	9,573	11,070	11,141	10,926	5,801	6,835	9,034	8,335	9,482
Fines and forfeitures	780	815	1,072	1,002	1,122	1,205	913	1,199	1,215	887
Investment earnings	2,350	4,750	6,365	5,385	2,871	1,138	506	314	4,089	2,794
Developer fees	15,731	37,028	15,987	8,566	5,309	3,919	3,944	2,238	5,559	4,901
Contributions from property owners	10,921	35,964	8,380	2,485	3,894	2,931	1,447	1,384	2,471	2,401
Miscellaneous	1,010	4,738	4,596	2,175	1,991	-	-	-	-	-
Total revenues	80,526	147,725	114,091	102,490	98,611	73,771	76,697	69,084	78,864	76,532
Expenditures										
Current:										
General government	6,150	8,038	8,032	5,934	5,235	4,727	4,021	4,000	4,204	4,166
Public safety	17,714	21,594	27,272	33,534	33,104	33,599	30,958	32,875	32,603	35,080
Public works	20,859	66,092	85,887	66,646	68,722	30,642	14,604	14,840	21,300	14,174
Community development	7,306	10,963	10,100	9,483	17,041	18,155	18,349	12,304	7,731	7,382
Human services	3,697	1,722	1,827	1,643	2,301	2,537	1,692	1,716	1,545	1,461
Other	-	-	-	1,687	438	3,366	3,610	70	323	407
Debt service:										-
Principal retirement	1,505	1,158	1,068	8,019	890	3,489	3,733	4,065	1,815	1,849
Interest and fiscal charges	3,286	2,759	4,656	4,884	5,547	7,052	6,853	4,707	2,690	2,700
Other charges	1,690	2,367	2,646	8,922	5,082	8,419	4,112	1,511	381	
Total expenditures	62,207	114,693	141,488	140,752	138,360	111,986	87,932	76,088	72,592	67,219
Excess (deficiency) of										
revenues over (under)										
expenditures	18,319	33,032	(27,397)	(38,262)	(39,749)	(38,215)	(11,235)	(7,004)	6,272	9,313
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in	10,642	21,050	17,456	16,841	22,165	16,131	9,238	9,514	5,787	6,862
Transfers out	(10,642)	(20,441)	(17,464)	(16,841)	(22,146)	(15,989)	(9,068)	(9,308)	(6,782)	(12,912)
Lease purchase and loan proceeds	-	-	-	-	-	2,846	854	2,788	-	-
Issuance of bonds	28,615	7,000	43,000	74,767	7,000	-	-	-	24,500	-
Sale of real property	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,592	-	-	-
Original discount on bonds	-	-	-	(469)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to bond escrow agent	(2,335)	-	(2,811)	(25,999)	-	-	-	-	(21,335)	-
Total other financing			·							
sources (uses)	26,280	7,609	40,181	48,299	7,019	2,988	2,616	2,994	2,170	(6,050)
Extraordinary gain (loss) on dissolution		7,007	10,101	10,277	7,017	2,700	2,010	2,771	2,170	(0,030)
of redevelopemnt agency	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(61,226)	_	_
Net change in fund balances	\$ 44,599	\$ 40,641	\$ 12,784	\$ 10,037	\$ (32,730)	\$ (35,227)	\$ (8,619)	\$ (65,236)	\$ 8,442	\$ 3,263
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	-2.4%	-2.3%	10.0%	23.4%	16.9%	22.8%	20.2%	13.3%	7.2%	8.0%

Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property (amounts expressed in thousands) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year					Less:	Total Taxable	Total
Ended June 30	Residential Property	Commercial Property	Industrial Property	Other Property	x-Exempt Property	Assessed Value	Direct Tax Rate
2014	\$ 4,596,084	\$ 778,639	\$ 232,313	\$ 709,675	\$ 87,181	\$ 6,229,530	0.0998
2013	4,265,362	762,283	239,808	714,989	90,074	5,892,368	0.2513
2012	4,335,337	744,572	248,495	743,900	87,436	5,984,868	0.2568
2011	4,472,376	659,381	250,854	1,061,776	85,653	6,358,734	0.2541
2010	4,598,619	888,537	255,978	942,327	85,167	6,600,294	0.2544
2009	5,411,298	444,512	228,211	1,432,652	83,936	7,432,737	0.2453
2008	5,397,921	358,429	193,611	1,173,690	68,199	7,055,452	0.2460
2007	4,136,642	306,118	122,931	1,083,542	76,109	5,573,124	0.2479
2006	2,925,420	280,621	108,080	771,412	73,006	4,012,527	0.2532
2005	1,934,495	260,013	91,402	650,153	50,651	2,885,412	0.2623

NOTE:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a total maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only re-assessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

Source: HdL, Coren & Cone

CITY OF INDIO
Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
(rate per \$100 of assessed value)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
City of Indio	0.19501	0.19501	0.19501	0.19501	0.13251	0.13251	0.13251	0.13251	0.13251	0.13251
Redevelopment Agency	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	ı	ı
Total Direct Rate	0.26323	0.25394	0.25847	0.24644	0.24571	0.25437	0.25412	0.25684	0.25133	0.25133
Direct & Overlapping Tax Rates Basic Levy	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000	1.00000
Coachella Valley Unified School	0.03054	0.05956	0.05990	0.05708	0.05949	0.07247	0.09332	0.07487	0.07968	0.07968
Coachella Valley Water District	0.02080	0.02080	0.02080	0.04000	0.04000	0.0090.0	0.08000	0.08000	0.08000	0.08000
CVWD Imp Dist 53	0.00020	0.00020	1	0.00000	1	1	1			1
CVWD Imp Dist 55	0.02690	0.02340	0.01240	0.00840	0.00640	0.00600	0.00600			1
CVWD Imp Dist 58	0.02690	0.02520	0.01560	0.00230	1	1	1			1
Desert Community College	0.01994	0.01995	0.01995	0.01995	0.01995	0.01995	0.01995	0.01995	0.01995	0.01995
Desert Sands Unified School District	0.09581	0.07674	0.07613	0.07561	0.07990	0.08112	0.10036	0.11467	0.11156	0.11156
Total Direct & Overlapping Tax Rates	1.22109	1.22585	1.20478	1.20424	1.20574	1.23954	1.29963	1.28949	1.29119	1.29119

NOTE:

In 1978, California voters passed Proposition 13 which sets the property tax rate at 1.00% fixed amount. The 1.00% is shared by all taxing agencies which the subject property resides within. In addition to the 1.00% fixed amount, property owners are charged taxes as a percentage of assessed property values for the payment of certain other bonds.

Source: HdL, Coren & Cone

CITY OF INDIO Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	201	4	 2005	5
		Percent of		Percent of
		Total City		Total City
	Taxable	Taxable	Taxable	Taxable
T	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed	Assessed
Taxpayer	Value	Value	 Value	Value
Worldmark The Club	\$ 59,444,889	0.95%		
Jackson 42	47,039,038	0.76%		
JFK Memorial Hospital	40,651,370	0.65%	\$ 33,223,141	1.15%
Time Warner Entertainment	36,984,705	0.59%		
Trendwest Resorts Inc,	35,929,879	0.58%		
Polo Square Partners	34,777,033	0.56%		
ALJACKS	26,644,595	0.43%		
JDG Properties	25,389,289	0.41%		
Target Corporation	23,538,505	0.38%		
Smoketree Apartments	18,683,161	0.30%	19,433,930	0.67%
Hills Golf Club LLC			20,459,907	0.71%
Lennar Homes of California			16,617,766	0.58%
Paseo Group LP			16,277,884	0.56%
Pulte Home Corporation			15,895,972	0.55%
Desert 49 estates, Inc			15,772,412	0.55%
K W PCCP Del Mar			13,546,500	0.47%
Sayre Aprtment			13,452,250	0.47%
Ralphs Gricery			 13,406,272	0.46%
	\$349,082,464	5.60%	\$ 178,086,034	6.17%

The amounts shown above include assessed value data for both the City and the Redevelopment Agency.

Source: HdL, Coren & Cone

CITY OF INDIO Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Nine Fiscal Years

Fiscal	Taxes Levied	Collected w Fiscal Year		Collections in	Total Collection	ons to Date
Year Ended June 30	for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent of Levy	Subsequent Years	Amount	Percent of Levy
2014	5,251,198	6,043,843	115.09%	118,271 *	6,162,114	117.35%
2013 2012	4,949,402 16,782,104	6,712,961 14,597,944	* 135.63% 86.99%	131,576 * 274,460 *	6,844,537 14,872,404	138.29% 88.62%
2011 2010 2009	16,461,513 28,840,933 30,919,127	16,748,822 18,029,192 19,918,794	101.75% 62.51% 64.42%	222,745 * 10,811,741 11,000,333	16,971,567 28,840,933 30,919,127	103.10% 100.00% 100.00%
2009 2008 2007	28,730,955 22,935,574	20,775,644 18,193,653	72.31% 79.33%	7,955,311 4,741,921	28,730,955 22,935,574	100.00% 100.00% 100.00%
2006	16,945,837	13,123,867	77.45%	3,821,970	16,945,837	100.00%

The City of Indio has elected to show only nine years of data for this schedule.

Amounts presented include City property taxes and residual revenue for former Redevelopment Agency. Effective February 1, 2012, ABx1 26 dissolved the Redevelopment Agencies throughout the State of California which resulted in the reduction of amounts collected for the Fiscal Year ended June 2012 and subsequent years.

Sources: County of Riverside Auditor Controller's Office

HdL, Coren & Cone

City of Indio

^{*}The City participates in the County's "Teeter Plan" whereby the county pays current year delinquencies in November of the subsequent year but keeps subsequent collections and penalties.

NOTE:

^A Includes proceeds from redistribution of former Redevelopment and Low/Mod Housing funds relinquished to the State in 2012.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type (amounts expressed in thousands) Last Nine Fiscal Years CITY OF INDIO

			Governmental Activities	Activities			Business-type Activities					
Fiscal Year	Revenue	Tax	Certificates of	Lease		Total	Water	Total		Personal	Percentage	Debt
Ended	Refunding	Allocation	Refunding Allocation Participation	Revenue	Loans	Governmental	Revenue	Primary	Population	Income	of Personal	Per
June 30	Bonds (1) Bonds (1)	Bonds (1)	(1)	Bonds (1)	(1)	Activities	Bonds (1)	Government (1)	(2)	(3)	Income	Capita
2014	2,785	68,720	5,005	40,165	11,049	127,724	55,205	182,929	82,398	1,560,289	11.72%	2.22
2013	3,045	70,435	5,460	40,165	12,132	131,237	56,605	187,842	81,393	1,584,233	11.86%	2.31
2012	3,290	72,080	5,895	37,000	13,171	131,436	57,970	189,406	78,065	1,546,312	12.25%	2.43
2011	3,520	73,660	6,392	37,805	11,201	132,578	59,290	191,868	77,165	1,402,529	13.68%	2.49
2010	3,735	75,165	6,797	38,580	4,779	129,056	60,570	189,626	83,675	1,516,518	12.50%	2.27
2009	3,940	76,610	7,187	39,325	4,000	131,062	61,795	192,857	82,230	1,255,000	15.37%	2.35
2008	4,135	76,710	7,527	39,325	4,000	131,697	61,795	193,492	81,512	1,496,971	12.93%	2.37
2007	10,975	28,425	1	39,325	11,000	89,725	61,795	151,520	77,146	1,254,780	12.08%	1.96
2006	11,325	28,520	3,325	•	7,000	50,170	11,530	61,700	71,654	1,169,752	5.27%	0.86

The City of Indio has elected to show only nine years of data for this schedule.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Sources:

(1) City of Indio(2) State Department of Finance(3) Coachella Valley Economic Parnership

CITY OF INDIO
Ratio of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
(amounts expressed in thousands)
Last Nine Fiscal Years

	Debt	Per	Capita	2.16	2.24	2.35	2.40	2.21	2.30	2.32	1.82	0.76
	Percent of	Assessed	Value	2.94%	3.00%	3.07%	2.92%	2.80%	2.30%	2.69%	2.52%	1.36%
		Personal	Income (2)	1,560,289	1,584,233	1,546,312	1,402,529	1,516,518	1,255,000	1,496,971	1,254,780	1,169,752
		Population	(1)	82,398	81,393	78,065	77,165	83,675	82,230	81,512	77,146	71,654
			Total	177,924	182,382	183,511	185,476	184,847	188,857	189,492	140,520	54,700
onded Debt		Certificates of	Participation	11,049	12,132	13,171	11,201	6,797	7,187	7,527	ı	3,325
Outstanding General Bonded Debt	Lease	Revenue	Bonds	40,165	40,165	37,000	37,805	38,580	39,325	39,325	39,325	
Outstandir	Тах	Allocation	Bonds	68,720	70,435	72,080	73,660	75,165	76,610	76,710	28,425	28,520
	Revenue	Refunding Al	Bonds	2,785	3,045	3,290	3,520	3,735	3,940	4,135	10,975	11,325
I	Water	Revenue	Bond	55,205	56,605	57,970	59,290	60,570	61,795	61,795	61,795	11,530
	Fiscal Year	Ended	June 30	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	. 2007	2006

The City of Indio has elected to show only nine years of data for this schedule.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

OTE.

Assessed value has been used because the actual value of taxable property is not readily available in the State of Califonria.

Sources: City of Indio

(1) State Department of Finance

(2) Coachella Valley Economic Partnership

CITY OF INDIO Direct and Overlapping Debt June 30, 2014

2013-14 Assessed Valuation: \$6,233,926,209

OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT: Desert Community College District	Total Debt <u>6/30/14</u> \$316,283,162	% Applicable (1) 9.686%	City's Share of <u>Debt 6/30/14</u> \$ 30,635,187
Coachella Valley Unified School District	182,018,662	9.169	16,689,291
Desert Sands Unified School District	282,295,470	16.758	47,307,075
City of Indio Community Facilities District No. 2004-3	20,285,000	100.	20,285,000
City of Indio Community Facilities District No. 2005-1, I.A. No. 1 and 2	16,975,000	100.	16,975,000
City of Indio Community Facilities District No. 2006-1	8,875,000	100.	8,875,000
Desert Recreation and Park District 1915 Act Bonds	1,300,000	99.841	1,297,933
City of Indio 1915 Act Bonds	21,455,000	100.	21,455,000
Valley Sanitary District Assessment District No. 2004-VSD	7,060,000	100.	7,060,000
TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT			\$170,579,486
DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT: Riverside County General Fund Obligations Riverside County Pension Obligation Bonds Riverside County Board of Education Certificates of Participation Coachella Valley Unified School District Certificates of Participation Desert Sands Unified School District Certificates of Participation Desert Recreation and Park District Certificates of Participation TOTAL GROSS DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT Less: Riverside County supported obligations TOTAL NET DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GENERAL FUND DEBT	\$692,656,315 334,515,000 2,700,000 43,720,000 66,445,000 2,150,000	2.974% 2.974 2.974 9.169 16.758 15.305	\$20,599,599 9,948,476 80,298 4,008,687 11,134,853 <u>329,058</u> \$46,100,971 <u>276,087</u> \$46,377,058
OVERLAPPING TAX INCREMENT DEBT:	\$71,505,000	99.997-100. %	\$71,502,938
TOTAL GROSS OVERLAPPING DEBT CITY DIRECT DEBT			\$288,183,395 127,724,000
TOTAL DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT			\$415,907,395

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc. City of Indio

⁽¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

CITY OF INDIO
Legal Debt Margin Information
(amounts expressed in thousands)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2005	2006	2007	2008	Fiscal Year 2009	Year 2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Assessed valuation (1)	\$4,012,495	\$5,122,808	\$5,580,002	\$ 7,055,452	\$ 7,432,737	\$6,600,295	\$6,358,734	\$ 5,984,868	\$ 6,097,869	\$6,229,530
Debt limit percentage	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%	15%
Debt limit	601,874	768,421	837,000	1,058,318	1,114,911	990,044	953,810	897,730	914,680	934,430
Total net debt applicable to limit: General obligation bonds	•		1	1		1			1	
Legal debt margin	\$ 601,874	\$ 601,874 \$ 768,421	\$ 837,000	\$1,058,318	\$1,114,911	\$ 990,044	\$ 953,810	\$ 897,730	\$ 914,680	\$ 934,430
Total debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	%0.0	%0.0	0.0%

Section 43605 of the Government Code of the State of California limits the amount of indebtedness for public improvements to 15% of assessed valuation of all real and personal property of the City.

Sources: City of Indio
(1) HdL, Coren & Cone

CITY OF INDIO Pledged-Revenue Coverage (amounts expressed in thousands) Last Nine Fiscal Years

			Water Reven	ue Bonds		
Fiscal Year		Less	Net			
Ended	Water	Operating	Available	Debt Se	ervice	
June 30	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2014	4,194	62	4,132	1,400	2,732	1.00
2013	4,208	59	4,229	1,365	2,843	1.00
2012	4,179	16	4,163	1,320	2,843	1.00
2011	4,174	9	4,165	1,280	2,894	1.00
2010	3,795	12	3,783	1,225	2,575	1.00
2009	1,978	2	1,976	-	2,207	0.90
2008	2,949	6	2,943	-	2,943	1.00
2007	13,276	28	13,248	11,530	1,718	1.00
2006	890	21	869	270	556	1.05

		Gas	s Tax Certificate	of Participation		
Fiscal Year		Less	Net			
Ended		Operating	Available	Debt Se	ervice	
June 30	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2014	689	11	678	455	223	1.00
2013	676	4	676	435	241	1.00
2012	678	-	678	420	258	1.00
2011	679	-	679	405	274	1.00
2010	665	4	661	390	287	0.98
2009	29	-	29	340	335	0.04
2008	8	-	8	-	-	-
2007	-	-	-	-	-	-
2006	372	6	366	215	154	0.99

			2007 Lease Rev	enue Bonds		
Fiscal Year		Less	Net			
Ended		Operating	Available	Debt Se	ervice	
June 30	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2014	1,796	6	1,790	-	1,796	1.00
2013	23,024	-	23,024	21,335	1,689	1.00
2012	2,309	1	2,308	805	1,503	1.00
2011	2,306	1	2,305	775	1,531	1.00
2010	2,311	9	2,302	745	1,557	1.00
2009	685	1	684	-	1,570	0.44
2008	1,571	1	1,570	-	1,570	1.00
2007	3,819	6	3,813	3,325	488	1.00
2006	-	-	-	-	-	-

		RDA Tax Allo	ocation Bonds					
Fiscal Year								
Ended	Tax	Debt Service Principal Interest Coverage 1,715 3,747 1.0 1,645 3,826 1.0 1,580 3,902 1.6 1,495 3,975 1.6 1,445 2,656 2.4						
June 30	Increment	Principal	Interest	Coverage				
2014	5,647	1,715	3,747	1.03				
2013	5,471	1,645	3,826	1.00				
2012	9,017	1,580	3,902	1.64				
2011	8,978	1,495	3,975	1.64				
2010	9,847	1,445	2,656	2.40				
2009	10,607	100	586	15.46				
2008	11,252	18,955	1,770	0.54				
2007	9,733	95	1,783	5.18				
2006	7,181	95	1,787	3.82				

	R	DA Revenue R	efunding Bonds	S
Fiscal Year				
Ended	Tax	Debt S		
June 30	Increment	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2014	427	260	167	1.00
2013	427	245	182	1.00
2012	2,254	230	196	5.29
2011	2,245	215	209	5.29
2010	2,462	205	221	5.78
2009	2,652	195	232	6.21
2008	2,813	6,840	590	0.38
2007	2,437	350	615	2.53
2006	1,795	375	775	1.56

The City of Indio has elected to show only nine years of data for this schedule.

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements. Operating expenses do not include interest or depreciation expenses.

Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years CITY OF INDIO

Unemployment Rate (3)(4)	9.3%	12.1%	14.0%	15.5%	15.7%	15.9%	10.1%	6.2%	5.3%	5.2%
Per Capita Personal Income (2)	21,702	18,772	19,748	20,734	22,350	19,855	18,365	16,265	16,325	15,243
Median Household Income (2)	\$ 51,202 \$	46,822	41,082	52,001	53,824	47,708	56,039	43,001	41,791	39,021
Average Household Size (2)	3.13	3.48	3.23	3.22	3.12	3.18	3.16	3.45	2.97	Not Available
Median Age (2)	32.7	34.1	34.3	29.6	29.3	28.8	29.6	29.0	30.3	Not Available
Population (1)	82,398	81,393	78,065	77,165	83,675	82,230	81,512	77,146	71,654	66,118
Calendar Year	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009	2008	2007	2006	2005

Sources:

State Department of Finance
 U.S. Census Bureau
 Coachella Valley Economic Partnership
 Employment Developmet Department

CITY OF INDIO Principal Employers Current Year and Nine Years Ago

	20	014	20	005
		Percent of		Percent of
	Number of	Total	Number of	Total
Employer (1)	Employees	Employment	Employees	Employment
County of Riverside*	1,295	4.54%		
Fantasy Springs Casino*	1,100	3.86%		
Desert Sands Unified School District	1,057	3.71%		
John F. Kennedy Memorial Hospital**	518	1.82%		
City of Indio*	224	0.79%		
Cardenas Market	165	0.58%		
Target	150	0.53%		
Home Depot	133	0.47%		
Firsta Ford/Lincoln	133	0.47%		
Ralphs	130	0.46%		
Total Employment Listed	4,905	17.21%		Not Available
Total City Employment (2)	28,500		Not Available	

[&]quot;Total Employment" as used above represents the total employment of all employers located within City limits.

Sources: (1) City of Indio

MuniServices. LLC

Results based on direct correspondence with city's local businesses.

(2) State of California Employment Development Department website

^{*}Includes full and part time.

^{**}Includes FTEs only.

CITY OF INDIO Full-time and Part-time City Employees by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

Full-Time and Part-time Employees as of June $30\,$

<u>Function</u>	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	<u>2014</u>
General government	34	32	46	41	55	46	46	41	45	39
Police	97	121	127	136	139	123	104	113	107	99
Public works	43	41	50	53	54	36	27	29	24	26
Community development	21	39	30	29	28	23	26	18	15	16
Water	23	27	31	30	32	39	38	41	44	44
=	218	260	284	289	308	267	241	242	235	224

The City of Indio contracts with Riverside County for fire protection services.

CITY OF INDIO Operating Indicators by Function Last Nine Fiscal Years

	2006	2007	2008	Fiscal Year 2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Police:									
Arrests	5,311	2,462	2,909	3,012	2,713	2,416	2,163	2,062	219
Traffic citations issued	8,332	10,914	9,306	7,984	5,755	5,129	4,066	4,206	3,134
Parking citations issued	Unavailable	1,574	972	1,670	1,172	1,428	686	437	355
Fire:									
Number of emergency calls	9,896	10,384	9,948	6,058	9,817	7,918	8,138	8,442	8,564
Inspections	1,262	1,340	536	2,228	1,993	2,564	2,287	2,535	2,254
Public works:									
Street resurfacing (miles)	40.6	56.8	34.0	15.0	16.5	5.0	1.0	0.0	3.3
Water:									
New connections	2,196	823	964	489	261	330	0	258	488
Average daily consumption (millions of gallons)	22	21	20	19	18	18	18	18	20
Golf Course:									
Golf rounds played	20,980	24,402	29,533	33,753	25,680	23,762	20,576	19,753	18,908

The City of Indio has elected to show only eight years of data for this schedule.

CITY OF INDIO Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Eight Fiscal Years

			Fiscal Y	Year				
	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
Police:								
Stations	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Sub-stations	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Animal care centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Fire:								
Fire stations	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Public works:								
Paved streets (miles)	220	230	238	243	244	244	244	251
Streetlights	2,644	2,754	2,822	2,885	2,903	2,825	2,869	2,858
Traffic signals	64	68	75	83	85	87	89	92
Recreation:								
Parks	10	11	11	14	13	13	15	17
Senior centers	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Teen centers	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1
Water:								
Water mains (miles)	301	313	315	321	327	327	327	329
Maximum daily capacity (millions of gallons)	67	59	72	63	66	66	66	66
Golf Course:								
Municipal golf courses	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

The City of Indio has elected to show only seven years of data for this schedule.

Water Sold by Type of Customer Last Ten Fiscal Years (in hundred cubic feet) INDIO WATER AUTHORITY

2014		5,392,822	1,228,943	72,389	1,205,557	8,877,825	Tiered Rates
2013		5,392,718	1,138,652	61,707	1,067,837	8,727,884	1.16 T
		5,3	; <u> </u>		1,0	8,7	↔
2012		5,413,435	1,195,118	59,114	,229,869	9,063,055	1.16
		۰, ۲	, –,		T,	9,	↔
2011		5,308,272	1,164,122	56,401	,196,706	8,875,132	1.16
		5, -			<u> </u>	&	⊗
ear 2010		5,300,683	1,192,074	63,468	,085,119	8,801,278	1.16
Yea		5, -	, –,		1,	8,	↔
Fiscal Year 2009		5,498,690	1,383,664	69,675	,101,207	9,264,547	1.06
		ζ, -	. .		1,	6	↔
2008		5,837,410	1,581,580	90,848	955,825	9,717,837	0.88
		ري -	- ·		l	6	↔
2007		5,978,060	2,018,372	108,758	821,906	10,117,511	0.71
		ري -				10,	↔
2006		5,220,351	2,012,073	102,982	664,680	9,168,452	0.71
		δ, -					↔
2005		4,435,620	2,445,359	139,514	541,712	8,783,749	0.63
		4, -				×,	↔
	Type of Customer:	Single-Family Residential 4,435,620	Commercial/Institutional	Industrial	Landscape Irrigation	Total	Total commodity rate per 100 cubic feet

Note: During FY 2013-2014, IWA changed its rate structure to a customized water budget with a five tiered rate structure.

Source: Indio Water Authority

INDIO WATER AUTHORITY Water Rates Last Eight Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Monthly Base Rate (1)		Rate per 100 Cubic Feet
2014	\$ 15.55	Tier 1 Tier 2 Tier 3 Tier 4 Tier 5	\$ 0.77 1.16 1.55 2.32 3.09
2013	9.24		1.16
2012	9.24		1.16
2011	9.24		1.16
2010	9.24		1.16
2009	8.48		1.06
2008	7.01		0.88
2007	5.70		0.71

The City of Indio has elected to show only eight years of data for this schedule.

(1) Rates are based on a 3/4" x 1" meter size, which is the standard household meter size.

Note:

During FY 2013-2014, IWA changed its rate structure to a customized water budget with a five tiered rate s

Source: Indio Water Authority

INDIO WATER AUTHORITY Ten Largest Water Customers Last Ten Fiscal Years

2014	Percent of a Total Water ges Revenues	%00.0	740 0.47%	- 0.00%	- 0.00%	360 0.45%	322 0.56%	511 0.49%	- 0.00%	- 0.00%	- 0.00%	- 0.00%	137 0.48%	164 0.54%	0.00%	742 0.52%	854 0.49%	%28.0 690	0.00%	253 0.88%
	of Water		72,740			70,860	86,822	76,611					75,437	85,164		80,742	76,854	136,069		137,253
2013	Percent of Total Water Revenues	0.54%	0.51%	0.47%		0.46%	0.62%						0.48%	0.70%			0.47%	0.77%		0.89%
2	Water Charges	\$ 81,947	78,368	71,419		70,577	94,242						74,098	107,277			72,385	118,006		135,586
2	Percent of Total Water Revenues	0.56%	0.55%	0.57%			0.63%	0.56%						0.76%		0.54%	0.60%	0.83%		0.92%
2012	Water	\$ 82,672	82,550	84,531			93,581	83,952						113,278		80,478	89,015	124,103		136,612
	Percent of Total Water Revenues	0.55%	0.55%	0.54%			0.58%	0.56%				0.42%	0.49%	0.73%					%09.0	1.05%
2011	Pe Water Tol Charges R	80,656	81,198	79,682			85,169	82,661				61,261	71,210	106,551					680,88	152,944
	Percent of Total Water V Revenues Cl	0.55% \$	0.47%	0.57%		0.49%	0.62%	0.54%				0.44%	0.46%	0.70% 1					%99.0	1
2010						71,193 0.4														
Fiscal Year	r Water Charges	\$ 79,053	68,073	82,001		71,1	89,362	78,292				64,227	67,307	102,057					95,139	
Fisc 2009	Percent of Total Water Revenues	0.54%			0.62%		0.57%	0.46%	0.32%	0.58%			0.48%	0.71%	0.31%				0.60%	
20	Water Charges	\$ 75,515			86,367		79,743	63,925	44,387	82,028			67,200	100,025	43,863				83,861	
8	Percent of Total Water Revenues	0.54%			0.61%		0.57%	0.45%	0.31%	0.58%			0.48%	0.71%	0.31%				0.59%	
2008	Water T Charges	\$ 63,683			72,834		67,248	53,909	37,432	69,175			56,671	84,352	36,990				70,721	
	Percent of Total Water Revenues	0.59%			1.41%	0.43%	0.58%	0.42%		%09'0	0.34%		0.47%	0.52%					0.52%	
2007	Pe Water Tot Charges Re	\$ 58,385 (139,773	42,415 (57,539 (41,301 (59,828 (33,919 (46,907 (51,805 (51,324 (
	Percent of Total Water Revenues				1.70% 1	0.55%		%89'0		%96.0	0.55%	%09.0	0.75%	0.42%					0.49%	
2006	Perce Water Total Charges Reve	\$ 46,965 0.68%			117,983 1.7	37,830 0.5		47,443 0.6		66,824 0.9	38,326 0.5	41,635 0.6	51,715 0.7	29,035 0.4					33,723 0.4	
	1										38								33	
2005	Percent of Total Water Revenues	5 0.51%			3 1.94%	9 0.40%	0.44%	5 0.53%		90.70%		9 0.42%	7 0.53%	8 0.54%	2 0.39%					
	Water Charges	\$ 31,885	<i>ب</i> د		121,103	24,999	27,690	33,226		43,496		26,299	k 32,847	k 33,748	24,422					
	Account	Apartments	Mobile Home Park	Apartments	Casino	Apartments	RV Park	School	School	Apartments	Apartments		Mobile Home Park	Mobile Home Park	Government	Apartments		Apartments	Apartments	Time Share
	Water Customer	ACDW Properties Inc.	Arabian Gardens MHP	CV Housing	Cabazon Indian Reservation	Casa Monroe Apartments	Desert Air Homeowner's Assoc	DSUSD - Indio High	DSUSD - Middle School	Indio Housing Authority	Indio Housing Corporation	John F. Kennedy Memorial Hospital	Pueblo Del Sol	Rancho Casa Blanca	Riverside County-Juvenile Hall	Smoketree Apartments	Summerbreeze Homeowner's Assoc	Summerfield Apartments	Sunrise Point Apartments	The Club Worldmark

Source: Indio Water Authority

\$898,552 5.75%

\$726,913 5.19% \$796,704 5.50% \$889,421 6.07% \$970,772 6.52% \$903,905 5.91%

\$ 613,015 5.15%

<u>\$399,715</u> 6.40% <u>\$511,479</u> 7.38% <u>\$583,196</u> 5.88%



City of Indio Finance Department 100 Civic Center Mall, Indio, California 92202

(760) 391-4115